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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913

INSURANCE
SWADESHI IN INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

VOL. XXIV NO. 271

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1936

PRICE: ONE ANNA

Deputies Exchange Blows

SIX REBEL PLANES WRECKED

Exciting Air Battle Over Madrid

Govt. Forces Advance "Victory In A Week"

MOORS REPULSED IN BAYONET FIGHTING

LONDON, November 13. An exciting air battle occurred over Madrid in which 27 machines were involved and six insurgent bombers and fighters appeared, but flew out of range of the anti-aircraft guns, whereupon the towns people hastened to take refuge from the expected rain of bombs.

Encircled By Govt. Planes

Gradually they came out in the open again when they saw that fifteen Government planes had arrived on the scene and encircled the raiders.

A marvellous display of aerobatics from both the sides ensued. At last two unknown planes were put out of action, but these were shown to be those of insurgents, when all the Government machines reformed.

Attackers Beat Retreat

The attackers beat a retreat but were pursued and it was later announced that six Nationalist planes had been wrecked.

REBEL PLANE SHOT DOWN

Judging from the small amount of artillery fire on both the sides, during the past 12 hours, it appears that the insurgents' attack has been held up, or perhaps, their batteries destroyed by Government planes.

There was aerial battle over the Capital to-day in which at least one insurgent plane was shot down. The insurgents now appear to be concentrating their best troops on the Toledo Road from where the next thrust is expected.

In the meantime, despite the bombardment which the City has suffered, the morale of the people remains satisfactory. Well-equipped reinforcements have been arriving at the Capital from Catalonia. It was categorically denied to-day that Government troops have been using gas against the insurgents. Gen. Miaja, Chief of the Defence Junta, claims that the city could hold out for a year in case of necessity.

MOORS REPULSED

MADRID, Nov. 13. Bayonet fighting between the Government Militia and the Moors in the Carabanchel sector, due south of Madrid, in which the Moors were repulsed is reported in a communique issued by the Defence Council.—Reuter.

GAS WORKS ABLAZE

TALAVERA, Nov. 13. The gas works at Madrid are burning with a long blue flame during the past three days, while two big fires are raging in Toledo Gate and Rosales respectively.

It is stated at the headquarters that small groups of insurgents have succeeded in crossing the Manzanares river and violent fighting continues in the vicinity of Toledo Bridge.

Casa de Campo is now completely cleaned up.—Reuter.

"OUR POSITION FAVOURABLE"

PARIS, Nov. 13. A big counter-attack has been ordered by the Madrid Defence Junta.

A communique says:— "Our troops are advancing slowly, but are irresistible. They are carrying out the attack at the High

TWO NEW REPUBLICS

Treaty With Lebanon Ends French Mandates In Near East

BEIRUT, Nov. 13. With the signature of the Franco-Lebanon Treaty to-day and the signature of the Syrian Treaty on 1st December, both France's mandated territories in the Near East become independent republics.

The treaties follow the lines of the Anglo-Iraq Treaty.—Reuter.

HOLLAND TO JOIN CURRENCY PACT?

THE HAGUE, Nov. 13. The likelihood of Holland joining the Anglo-Franco-American monetary agreement is envisaged in circles in close touch with the Government.

No decision has yet been taken but it is understood the Cabinet is considering the question.—Reuter.

S. AUSTRALIA'S TALL SCORE

MELBOURNE, Nov. 13. In the second match, South Australia, who were the team sent in Victoria, who made 330 for four wickets. (Rise 7; Gregory 80 not out.)

High played chanceless innings and hit six fours.

Bradman, who was suffering from slight ptomaine poisoning, did not field for South Australia but hopes to bat to-morrow.—Reuter.

"RAJAJI" FOR CONGRESS "GADI"?

Speculation On Eve Of Wardha Meeting Of Leaders

BOMBAY, Nov. 13. Considerable significance is attached in responsible Congress circles in Bombay to the forthcoming visit next week of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel to Shegaon to meet Mahatma Gandhi.

The President of the Congress, the Chairman of the All-India Congress Parliamentary Committee and possibly Babu Rajendra Prasad also, are likely to be in Shegaon on the 16th November. It is understood that President Jawaharlal, Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Seth Jammalal Bajaj, Babu Rajendra Prasad, will confer with Gandhiji on matters relating to Faispur session of the Congress.

In view of the proximity of the date of the session of the Congress, it is surmised that the Shegaon parleys between Gandhiji and the veteran Congress leaders, will relate 'inter alia' to the choice of the President of the next Congress.

In this connection it is understood that the possibility of Mr. C. Rajagopalachari becoming the President of the next Congress session is not ruled out entirely, unless the Madras leader himself is adamant. It is also learnt that greatest persuasion is being brought to bear by Congress high-landers so that Mr. Rajagopalachari might accept the Congress gadi.—United Press.

EXAMPLE TO HINDU RULERS

Harijan Sangh Chief Welcomes Travancore Decision

CALCUTTA, Nov. 13. Mr. G. D. Birla, President of the All-India Harijan Sevak Sangh, interviewed on the Travancore Maharaja's proclamation said:— "I extremely rejoice to hear the news of the throwing open of all temples which I believe will have a far-reaching effect throughout India on the question of the removal of untouchability. His Highness by throwing open the temples in his State has rendered a tremendous service towards the purification of the Hindu religion. The Hindu community will be grateful to His Highness for giving this kindly lead. I hope that other Hindu rulers will also follow this example. I offer my sincerest congratulations to the enlightened ruler of Travancore and also the Dewan, who I know is very sympathetic towards the object which has been achieved."

It will be recalled that Mr. Birla toured Travancore in this connection some time ago and interviewed His Highness.

GLORIOUS EXAMPLE

Mr. D. P. Khaitan said: "The Proclamation could not but send a thrill of delight into the hearts of all genuine and right-minded Hindus. It is a glorious example to all other Hindu rulers. It is a landmark in the history of Hinduism. It is a landmark in the history of the Government of India which will follow the same to the lasting benefit of the people in their charge.—A.P.

Violent Scenes In French Chamber

Sitting Suspended

Debate Over Minister's Conduct: Great War Echo

PARIS, November 13.

The sitting of the Chamber was suspended following a violent scene during a debate concerning the military record of M. Salengro, Minister of Interior, who was recently vindicated by a Government Commission following press allegations of cowardice during the Great War.

About fifty deputies were involved in a scuffle in which blows were exchanged after M. Becquart had declared that M. Salengro was a revolutionary anti-militarist before the War.—Reuter.

BLACK EYES AND BRUISED SHINS

The disorder in the Chamber was among the worst of its kind ever witnessed. As M. Blum mounted the tribune, Rightists shouted: "The man who won the war is going to speak." As a consequence, the Leftists rushed to the Right benches and chambered over the seats and desks. Soon 50 deputies were seen struggling on the floor. Black eyes and bruised shins were common feature when after the uproar the session was resumed.—Reuter.

Nizam Prepares For Federation

Issues 'Firman' Expressing Satisfaction With Berar Agreement

HYDERABAD, (Deccan), Nov. 13.

With regard to the agreement between His Majesty's Government and the Government of Hyderabad, His Majesty the Nizam has issued the following Firman:— "In my 'Firman' before Lord Willingdon's departure from my Dominions in November, 1934, I expressed my satisfaction with the new arrangements to be made as a result of negotiations with British Government for the future administration, on the inauguration of the new Constitution in India, of my territories in Berar. In the same 'Firman' I stated my subjects would be anxiously awaiting detailed announcement of measures whereby, while my territories in Berar would be administered together with territories of His Majesty known as the Central Provinces, as if they were one province to be known by the name of the Central Provinces and Berar, my sovereignty over Berar would be marked in a practical manner and placed beyond all possibility of doubt.

PREPARING FOR FUTURE I had further mentioned that the manner in which the present agreement and the collateral letter have settled the long outstanding question as well as termination of agreement of 1903 are both to my entire satisfaction and I hope on this memorable occasion my beloved people of Hyderabad and Berar will share with me my satisfaction and pleasure.—A.P.

(THE TEXT OF AGREEMENT ON PAGE 7.)

Acid Throwing Incident

NOTHING TO DO WITH COMMUNAL TENSION

The acid throwing incident reported on Thursday is now definitely found to be not a case of communal tension, but behind it lies what is alleged to be a most sensational vendetta of jealousy and spite.

The Esplanade Police, who investigated this case, found that the alleged assailant Juma Magoo was only a tool in the hands of an unscrupulous man who had accepted an offer from the enemies of Ticket Inspector Odham, permanently to blind the Inspector by throwing acid into his eyes.

Superintendent Bull and Inspector Beart who struck on the trail of this sensational conspiracy promptly set to work and called in the CID to assist them in unravelling the plot and running to earth the alleged culprits who were accomplices and abettors in such a dastardly and cruel crime.

Further inquiries are in progress.

Marked Improvement In Situation City Returning To Normal

Except for a solitary incident in which a Hindu is alleged to have inflicted stab wounds upon a Muslim at the foot of the Tilak Bridge at Dadar, there was peace and harmony in the City on Friday.

The Military and Police hand-bust contrived the major share towards the restoration of confidence among the members of both communities. In almost all the principal Hindu localities Dapwadi was celebrated without the usual illuminations and fireworks which are the characteristic features of the festival.

The change for the better in the situation has been generally welcomed and it is now left to the public to realise that the precautions taken by the authorities afforded ample security for them to pursue their normal vocations.

The Police patrols were much in evidence during the evening and at night and those who ventured out on the streets were not molested or interfered with in any manner.

Earlier

GOVERNOR TOURS DISTURBED AREAS

BOMBAY, Friday. The Military detachments of the Durham Light Infantry patrolling the disturbed areas in the suburbs this morning had a salutary effect in the city.

consequence in any of the disturbed areas this morning.

The services of the District Armed Police requisitioned yesterday have been utilised to picket the danger zones, while the city police are maintaining a constant patrol through lanes and alleys in light cars and vans.

Their Excellencies, Lord and Lady Brabourne, paid a surprise visit to those parts of the city which were the centres of the recent disturbances.

They were much interested in and were well received by the Divali crowds, particularly in Kalbadvi Road and Sheikh Memon Street where business appeared to be brisk.

They spent an hour and a half on their tour, their route including Princess Street, Sheikh Memon Street, Kalbadvi Road, Shendy Bazar, Sandhurst Road, Duncan Road, Madhav Baug, Outram Road, Belair Road, Parsi Road, Lamington Road.

BAN ON WEAPONS EXTENDED

The Commissioner of Police Bombay has issued an order prohibiting for a further period of 14 days from November 15 the carrying of swords, spears, knives,

bludgeons, guns, lathis, sticks or other offensive weapons in any public place in the City. The order also prohibits the carrying, collecting or preparing stones or other missiles.

AVOID HISERY AND HAVOC

Sir S. C. Mitha's Fervent Appeal

BOMBAY, Friday.

At the Conference of the Muslims held on Thursday, Sir Suleman Cassum Mitha exhorted those present to look to the miseries and havoc created by the riots in the city in which many innocent people had been killed and urged the Muslim community to acquiesce the Governor with the considered religious opinion of the Ulama as expressed in the Fatwas and abide by his decision.

It was therefore decided to empower Sir Currimbhoy Ibrahim to send the 'Fatwas' to the Governor.

It is possible that the Governor will call a meeting of the Muslim and Hindu leaders again to consider the matter and endeavour to bring about a peaceful settlement.

A SOLITARY INSTANCE

The peaceful atmosphere which prevailed in the city in the morning was marred by an incident at Dadar in the afternoon when a Muslim was stabbed by a Hindu at the foot of Tilak Bridge. The injured man has been detained in the K. E. M. Hospital.

PATKHAM ARRESTED

The alleged assailant of Sakaram, at Banian Road yesterday was arrested this morning by Sub-Inspector Parab of Pydhonvi Police Station. The accused is a young sturdy Patkham, Sakharam succumbed to his injuries yesterday bringing the total to four killed in yesterday's rioting.

TABULATED ADLETS ONE Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words "Box No. The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No. The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

3. MATRIMONIAL.

A Gujarati Andichya Brahmin gentleman, (43), of high education, culture and family, devoted to education and social work, in Government service, (no encumbrances), desires correspondence, with a view to marriage, from a Brahmin girl, accomplished and of good education, culture and family, personally or through parents. Please write Box No. 7270, "Bombay Chronicle".

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted clerks, lawyers, doctors, graduates, overseers, teachers, typists, surveyors, draftsman and engineers, to consult Hastings, & Co., Fatehpur, Delhi. (7259).

Wanted Efficient Educated Muslim cutter outfitter for new tailoring shop. Call personally between 9-11 a.m. Yusufakir Company, 133, Nagdevi Street.

Wanted 15 Ticket Collectors, 10 Clerks for Railway. Apply with four annas stamps. Box 7252, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Lady Doctor L.C.P.S., for small State in Kathiawar, Pay Rs. 60 rising to Rs. 75 p.m. by periodical increments. Apply stating qualifications to Box No. 4284 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Graduates, trained or untrained Science Graduates with Physics, Chemistry for Higher Standards for Bombay Presidency. Apply Box. 7260, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted one Muslim Clerk to attend to cash counter in Restaurant. Pay Rs. 45 per month. Cash deposit Rs. 300. Apply Box No. 7262, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted for Piecegoods Dept. of Import Firm, a young Accounts Clerk, knowing local languages. Starting salary Rs. 80 per month. Those prepared to furnish satisfactory references and deposit Rs. One Thousand cash security, and able to join immediately, need only apply, giving full particulars of age, caste, etc., to Box 7259, "Bombay Chronicle".

12. TO BE LET.

A Godown To Let. A big godown, situated in Hathibag, Love Lane, Masagaoon, suitable to factories is to be let. Apply Manekchand Panachand Javery, 190 Javery Bazaar. (7254).

27. HOTELS

Dave Hindu Hotel, Mahabeshwar, Recently reputed at Matheeran, started on this higher level hill. Same expert management. Excellent situation. For Dfwall concession Rs. 2 per day. Inquire Dave Sweet Mart, Grant Road, Dadar. Phone. 4294.

44. MEDICAL.

Without Operation and Drugs.—Appendicitis, Epilepsy, Insanity, Eczema, Diabetes, Hysteria, Leucorrhoea. Perfectly cured. Free Prospectus in English, Urdu, Hindi or interview. Dr. R. R. Khetli, New Delhi. (7010).

70. ESTATES & PROPERTIES.

Magnificent sites of high prospective value, adjoining College Estate in Jogeshwari, salubrious and commanding splendid views, with small structures, wells, garden, building stone; about 16,000 and 4,000 square yards; Rs. 65,000. Please write to Box No. 7256, "Bombay Chronicle".

58. EDUCATIONAL.

For expert individual training in Shorthand, Typewriting, Book-keeping and Accountancy: Join Kalkadevi Shorthand Typewriting Institution. Established 1898 by Gopaladas Laldas, Princess Street Corner, Kalkadevi Road. (7215).

74 AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted for a progressive general insurance company chief agents for the fire, marine, motor departments with guarantee of substantial business and good premium income. Apply with full particulars to Box No. 7266, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—Agents & District Agents on high Commission. Sanguine Insurance Co., Ltd., 98/4, Clive Street, Calcutta. (7211).

Wanted for an Established Life Insurance Company, Chief Agents for Central India. Apply stating Terms and Experience. Box No. 7257, "Bombay Chronicle".

99. MACHINERY WANTED.

Wanted complete second-hand roller flour milling machinery in good working order. Capacity 1500—2000 maunds wheat 24 hours. Apply giving full particulars of machinery, maker's name, etc to Ram Singh Bajaj, Iron Merchant, Gulranwala, (Punjab). (7249).

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Christmas Coming. Win Opportunity. Advertise good in Crawford Market. Show cases on moderate rent. Apply Yusufakir Company, 133, Nagdevi Street, Bombay 3.

Tea with excellent flavour and of best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikhalwadi.

123. FURNITURE.

Gujarat Furniture Works means "Quality Furniture" in modern style, new show-room and workshop, New Charni Road, near Prarthana Samaj, Girgaon. Phone 25498. (7219).

155. MISCELLANEOUS WANTED.

Wanted clients to earn Rs. 24, and more, send annas Six in stamps to cover cost of prospectus and postage. To Rupee Insurance Company, Commissariat Building, Fort, Bombay. (7271).

MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Quick Sale: One Water Cooling Apparatus with Centrifugal Pump, Electric Motor and Starter. Original price Rs. 15,000; accept Rs. 2,500 or near offer: the lot at site Bombay. Apply P. O. Box 410, Bombay. (7222).

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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2nd Insertion		Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion		Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions		Rs. 3-8-0

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Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. CHIMANLAL TRIKAMLAL SHAH, BAI SAVITAGAWRI CHIMANLAL and BAI MANIBAI widow of Trikumal Giridharai Shah have contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property situate at Dadar and Matunga Estate of the Bombay Municipality. All persons having any interest or claim, of whatsoever kind or nature, in or to the said property or any part thereof are therefore hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned, Attorneys for the Purchaser, at their Office in Mercantile Bank Buildings, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof. In default the sale will be completed on the expiration of the said period, and all interests and claims, if any, in or to the said property of which no notice shall have been so received will be considered as relinquished and waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY. ALL that piece or parcel of leasehold land, admeasuring 778 square yards or thereabouts situate on and being Plot No. 758 of the City Improvement Trust, Dadar and Matunga Estate in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay, together with the message tenement building and structure standing thereon and bounded on the North-East by Plot No. 759 of the said Estate, on the South-East by a Road 26 feet in width called Naigaum Road, on the South-West by Plot No. 757 of the said Estate belonging to Pirobhai, widow of N. S. Mistri and another and on the North-East by Plot No. 761 of the said Estate and forming a portion of premises bearing New Survey No. 1183 part and Cadastral Survey No. 566/10 of Matunga Division and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under F Ward No. 5500 (18) and Street No. 67Q.

Dated this 14th day of November, 1936.
PAYNE & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
4304.

Public Notices.

UNITED ENGINEERING CORPN. REMOVAL NOTICE.

Due to business expansion and for the convenience of our Patrons, our Bombay Offices and Radio Show-rooms will move, on November 14th, into spacious premises in Datoobhoy Building, New Queen's Road, facing Charni Road Gardens. The latest models of RAP and LUMOPHON Radios, Components of Leading Makes, Public Speech Amplifiers, and many novelties like Sponge Rubber Floorings, Respirator Cushions, etc. will be on display for public inspection. We strive to offer here still better service and greater values to all our Patrons whose continued patronage is alone responsible for this progress. Our Calcutta address is 29, Dal-housie Square West.

4291.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1893 of 1935.

LALJEE KATCHRA and another Plaintiffs.

vs.

MAYASHANKAR SURJEE JOSHI and another Defendants.

PURSUANT to Decree Absolute for Sale, dated 10th July, 1936, the following immovable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on Wednesday 18th November, 1936, at 3 p.m. (S.T.).

ALL that piece or Knott land with the bungalow bearing the Notified Area Committee No. 4 a privy an outhouse and a well standing thereon, situate in the Knott Village of Eksar Turf, Malad near Borivil Railway Station on the B. & C. I. Railway in the Bombay Suburban District and containing by actual measurement 5112 square yards forming part of Old Survey No. 185 and are now described in the Record of Rights Register as bearing Survey Nos. 178, 250.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. MEHTA, LALJEE & CO., Attorneys for the Plaintiffs, above named at Nos. 2-4, Oak Lane Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 8th day of October, 1936.
(Sd.) G. R. KHAIRAJ,
Off. Commissioner. 4292.

AROUND-THE-WORLD

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For further particulars apply to:—
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Managing Director:—Sir SORABJI N. POCHKEHANA, Kt.

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B. M. BHARGAVA,
B.A., LL.B., J.P.
Secretary.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO DECLARE DIVIDENDS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Official Assignee of Bombay intends to declare dividends in the following estates as mentioned below:—

Serial No.	Insolvency No.	Name of the Insolvent.	Dividend intended to be declared.
1.	686 of 1931.	Kamalakar Prabhakar Soman, traded as Reliance Auto Stores.	First
2.	296 of 1932.	Jakin Manvel D'Souza.	"
3.	801 of 1933.	Titus Fredrick Josephs.	"
4.	326 of 1932.	Phillip Tauro and Louis Tauro.	First and Final.
5.	791 of 1933.	Rawool Ahmed Shaik.	"
6.	794 of 1933.	Mahadev Vishnu Pednekar.	"
7.	803 of 1933.	Vinayak Raghunath Nagarkar.	"
8.	1033 of 1927.	Jamnadas Dwarkadas.	Second.
9.	651 of 1930.	Ghanshyam Vithal Kulkarni.	"
10.	772 of 1930.	Remshanker Chandulal Dutt alias Chowdhari.	"
11.	175 of 1931.	Arthur Louis Kilcoyne.	"
12.	258 of 1931.	Vinayak Vishnu Abhyankar.	"
13.	468 of 1931.	Ranchhodas Narayanji Shett.	"
14.	33 of 1932.	Syed Mehedially Syed Ali Pasha.	"
15.	46 of 1932.	Gopal Ramaswami Iyengar alias Gopala Ranga Iyengar.	"
16.	49 of 1932.	Choharam Bulchand Chabiani.	"
17.	68 of 1932.	Kanmarth Kunhi Anant Nambar.	"
18.	69 of 1932.	Perdval Stanley Burke.	"
19.	70 of 1932.	Hormasji Pestonji Baghi.	"
20.	105 of 1932.	John Graham Clews.	"
21.	112 of 1932.	George Cecil Titus.	"
22.	170 of 1932.	Joseph Arthur Barrow.	"
23.	260 of 1932.	Kaikhurru Nuserwanji Katrak.	"
24.	306 of 1932.	Bhaskar Vishwasrao Kedar.	"
25.	309 of 1932.	John Phillip Fernandes.	"
26.	316 of 1932.	Framrose Cawasji Velati.	"
27.	161 of 1931.	Mahomed Hussein Ladhia Tharia.	Second and Final.
28.	168 of 1931.	Dossabhoj Rustomji Wadia alias Sethna.	"
29.	181 of 1931.	Joseph Walter Langford.	"
30.	172 of 1932.	James Osleb.	"
31.	234 of 1932.	Gangadas Nagindas Fadis.	"
32.	288 of 1932.	Krishnaji Laxman Rana.	"

Creditors who have not proved their claims are requested to do so in the Office of the undersigned within 14 days from the date hereof. If they fail to do so their claims will be excluded and the undersigned will proceed to declare a dividend in the respective Estates as stated above without regard to such claims.

All persons having claims against the Official Assignee in the above mentioned Estates in respect of costs, charges, expenses, rent lien or otherwise, are hereby requested to notify their claims to the undersigned forthwith, if they have not done so already. All such claims must be sent to the undersigned within 14 days from the date of this advertisement. On expiry of the said period, the assets in the above estates will be distributed and the claims received after that period will not be recognised.

Bombay, this 4th day of November, 1936.

Official Assignee's Office,
High Court, Bombay.

R. S. BILIMORIA,
Official Assignee of Bombay.
4279

Auction Sales

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE of furniture of C. Roberts Esquire and others, TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) at Hughes Road, Opp. Hyland Co., of complete Fiat furniture, H.M.V. Gramophone, Singer Machine, Remington & Corona portable type-writers, Organ (S. Rose & Co.), Milner & Paris safes, Chestfield sets, English Writing Bureau, Figurewood Wardrobes, Chandeliers, Cabinets, etc.

VORA & CO.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF TWO TREADLE MACHINES AND ONE CUTTING MACHINE.

By order of the Official Assignee of Bombay in the estate of Insolvent Harilal Vallabhdas, two treadle machines and one cutting machine belonging to Mr. Anupam N. Keri will be sold on MONDAY, 18th November, 1936 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at our rooms.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Govt. Auctioneers.

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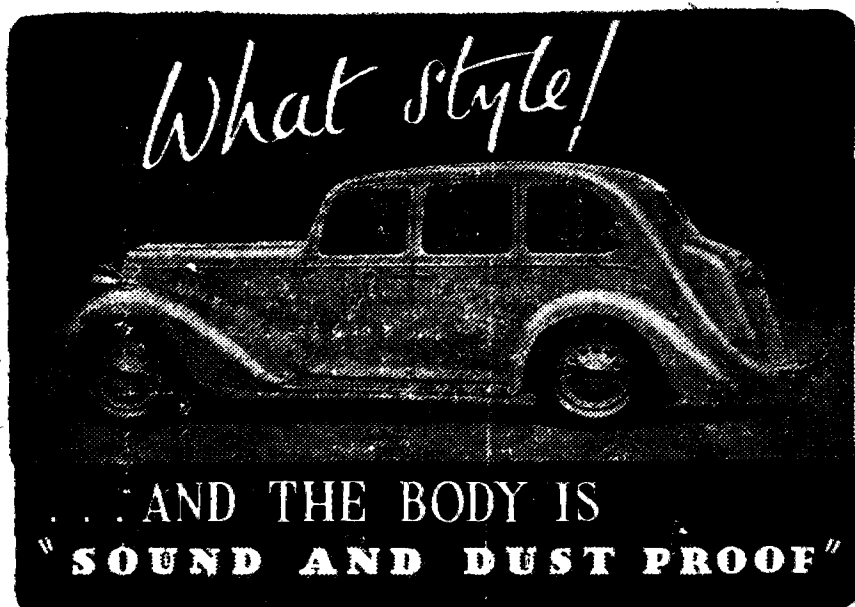
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OUR READERS' VIEWS

"No-hooting" Reduces Accidents

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It may seem incredible but it is a fact that in all these countries where a no-hooting regulation is in force, traffic accidents, instead of showing an increase, have surprisingly enough gone down. It is the case with the Italian and German cities where the hooting of motor horns is completely prohibited. It was not long before that Mr. H. K. Hales, that veteran motorist with nearly half-a-century of safe driving to his credit told a Bombay audience and challenged the Police Commissioner to disprove that a ban on hooting would result in the reduction of accidents and deaths by more than 45 to 50 per cent. granting latitude for a little bit of exaggeration on account of his passionate championship of the cause of "Silence Zones", one cannot help agreeing with Mr. Hales when he says that a ban on hooting will have wholesome effects on road users and will go a long way in reducing the number of accidents and fatalities that are witnessed almost every day on our roads. We can safely conclude that no-hooting will not lead to an increase in the number of accidents, per contra it will generate conditions which will ensure safe driving and rid our roads of the several invisible dangers that enshroud them.

Appalling has been the crop of accidents and fatalities recently reaped on Bombay roads and though motorists are not solely responsible for this lamentable state of affairs, a regulation preventing the use of motor horns will lead to greater caution on the part of motorists and no more will the figure of accusation of the public be directed against them for the "slaughter" on roads. Horns are after all of doubtful help for the safe piloting of cars through busy thoroughfares. Any motorist will know that it is his own self-reliance and presence of mind that have saved him from many a nasty hole in which he may have found himself.

Of late there has been much talk of imposing a speed limit on motorists as a step in the direction of reducing the crop of motor accidents. It is however easy to talk of curbing motoring rashness by the imposition of a speed limit but in practice it will be found very difficult to enforce such a prohibitive regulation. For one thing it is very easy for disobedient motorists to elude the arm of the law. And again too much of hullabaloo will be raised that such a measure will interfere with the normal activities of the public which according to exigencies may necessitate the driving at a speed greater than the one permissible by law.

If the curbing of motor speed is intended to pave the way for the reduction of accidents and fatalities on roads, the purpose may as well be served by the enforcement of a no-hooting regulation which will ultimately lead to greater carelessness on the part of motorists as well as the other road-users. In other words it will lead to

POINTS FROM LETTERS

Rajkot Municipality

In the course of a letter to the A. G. G. Western India States Agency, Bhagvanji Anupchand writes:—

For the Rajkot Civil Station Municipality, you are pleased to nominate about four members on the Municipality. The position of nominated members and members elected by the public is different as elected members have direct connection with the public. The nominated members have never pressed for the removal of any of the public grievances.

It is now time to introduce the system of elected members. If you introduce principle of election in Civil Station, all the States of Western India Agency will follow suit.

greater self-reliance which counts greater than anything else in times of crisis. Motor cars will then run at a moderate speed and pedestrians will become too shrewd to allow themselves to be run over by dashing in front of vehicles in motion giving no warning whatsoever. It will thus lead to a voluntary lessening of motor speed and the automatic reduction of accidents and fatalities on roads.

As an educative implement a no-hooting regulation will be of tremendous utility and what the Municipality and the Government have been unable to achieve all these years, will be greatly facilitated by it. The pedestrian will no more wait for a horn to be blown to retreat to a refuge; he will be always on the alert while he is on the road and at the slightest warning, which is often instinctive, he knows how to make himself scarce. He will no more cling to the crown of the road and be an unmitigated nuisance to other road-users. On the other hand he will vociferate for better and more attractive pavements and thus employing his proverbial obstinacy for a better and safer purpose. Ultimately his obstinacy will tell and the powers that be who profess to have the welfare of the public at heart will find themselves compelled to concede to the demands of pedestrians who counter-act by far the majority of road-users. Thus a no-hooting regulation will lead to the construction and upkeep of better pavements which are safety-valves to pedestrians in these days of mechanised transport and fast locomotion.

A no-hooting regulation is an instrument of self-education. There are several motorists who are ignorant of many of the regulations of traffic control. As there is at present no law to prevent hooting and a there is no restriction on speed, they find it easy to evade punishments for "traffic infringements" by dashing through busy thoroughfares at break-neck speed blowing their motor horns every now and then and vanishing all of a sudden into a by-lane. The police authorities are thus hard put to in detecting them and they thus manage to escape scot-free. Often the head-long speed of such reckless motorists ends in tragedy. A no-hooting regulation will pluck out their fangs and make them harmless. The fear that no longer they will be able to play hide and seek with the police and infringe traffic rules with impunity will force them to become conversant with all traffic rules and thus contribute to the maintenance of a fairly high standard of motor driving.

On the pedestrians also a no-hooting regulation will have healthy reactions. No more will he be blamed as a road hog for he will with astonishing rapidity adjust himself to the new situation and be thoroughly familiar with all those rules and regulations that govern road-users. He will realise his duty to the rest of the road-users. He will keep himself to pavements and will cross roads only at scheduled and sheltered places. He will thus contribute his own quota towards the realisation of a system of traffic condition which will prove to be a great blessing to humanity.

To sum up a no-hooting regulation will produce a combined effect; on all road-users and also on those responsible for the preservation of "traffic safety" in a City. It will ensure spontaneous co-operation among them all and even these critics who think that such a regulation is a dangerous innovation will come to recognise its merits and repent for their haste.

—Yours, etc.,

K. G. S.

"Vernacular"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."
Sir,—It was during the last session of the Legislative Assembly that Mr. Saigamurti questioned the Government regarding the use of the term 'vernacular', out the reply was in its usual tradition, evasive and far from convincing. The word 'vernacular' is now too much in vogue, just as the word 'natives' was applied unsparingly as referring to Indians, but this word 'natives' is not now used as referring to Indians. The word 'vernacular' also involves similar disparagement and hence should not be used. Government has unfortunately shelved the question. Will not our universities and other allied institutions follow the example of the Madras University and unhesitatingly discontinue the use of such words and this initiative measure will surely serve as an eye-opener to Government?—Yours, etc.

KANTILAL D. KORA.

Appeal To Congress

To The Editor of "The Chronicle" Sir,—It is undoubtedly a welcome warning which Mr. K. F. Nariman, the President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, has given against indiscriminate legal aid offered by communal relief committees to and for the recent riot suspects who are under the charge of the police. Such a communal move is always to be deprecated and especially at such a juncture at the present, when communal feeling is likely to get the upper hand. But at the same time, it is also the duty of not merely the Estate but of prominent citizens like Mr. Nariman as well as of the Indian National Congress of which B.P.C.C. is a provincial organisation for the City of Bombay, and whose head Mr. Nariman is, to see that as far as possible no innocent person suffers punishment. It is true that if Mr. Nariman had as President of the B.P.C.C. organised both a vigilance and a relief Committee, men and women would not have been waiting in this premier City of India to volunteer their services. Nor would there, we believe, have been a lack of legal aid on non-communal lines if Mr. Nariman had made an appeal for the same. Bombay public have not been lagging behind in their response through thick and thin to the call of the Congress and its organisation in this City—the B.P.C.C.

I may mention here some after effects of the riots. Just at present, the condition of the domestic servants in the City has become most unenviable. A number of them have left the city. And many of them are thankful that they were allowed to go so.

But during the last days there have been cases of arrests, detention, etc. of especially the domestic servant classes even in unaffected areas and consequently there has been regular exodus of this class from Bombay. In justice to this non-vocal class it is necessary that in no circumstances should there be any harassment. There are it is said, instances of some of the servants who had embarked for their native places being brought back from on board the steamers, without any charge against them and detained. If this is a fact, it is necessary that Mr. Nariman, and the B.P.C.C. should wake up to the situation.

Undoubtedly the Hindu and Muslim Committees which visited the suspects in custody the other day and issued a re-assuring statement to the panic-stricken public, deserve some credit for doing whatever they could even by their own communal ways. It may be that Mr. Nariman is not unaware of this condition of the domestic servant class in the riot-affected areas of Bombay to-day. It is imperative he investigates into the matter and even on behalf of the B.P.C.C. takes non-communal measures to reassure the public as well as the class of domestic servants. To avoid any unnecessary trouble it would also be better if the servants are given some kind of identity cards if necessary with their photographs, by the owners on their own initiative, which may help to save a lot of inconvenience. Similarly a number of hawkers and others who used to live on what little they could make on the house-to-house vending of minor articles have also left Bombay due to this panic. Who knows if what is reported in the case of the domestic servants is also at the root of their departure from the City?

The riots have been quelled undoubtedly. But if the effect of this is not to tell on any class of citizens and interfere with civic life, leaders like Mr. Nariman and organisations like those of the Congress in the City as well as the Civil Liberties Union will have to be vigilant and see that unnecessary suffering or inconvenience and later on bitterness do not come in the wake of the riots. And if Communalism is not

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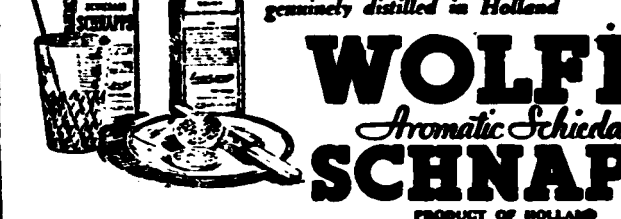


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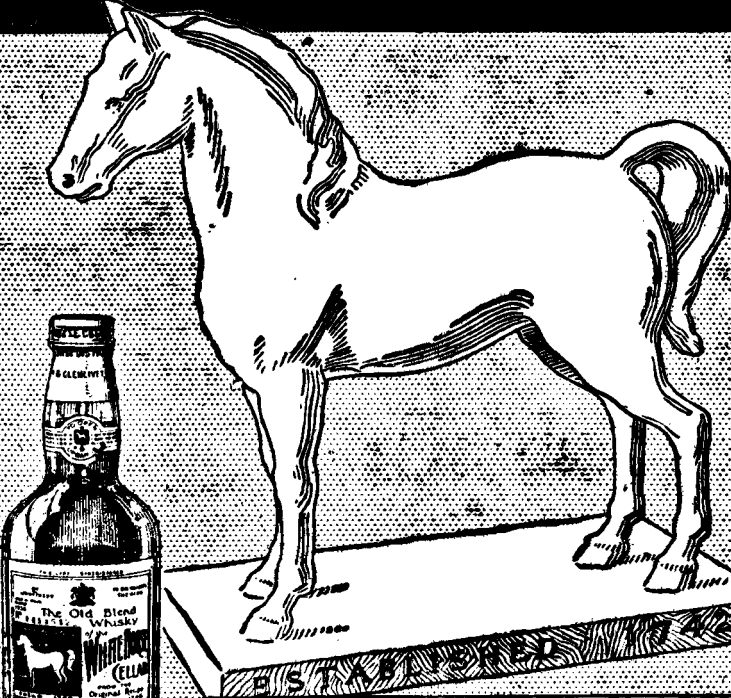
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(Time: P. M.)
7-30 Big Ben. 'Empire Magazine' No. 13, a weekly review of things at home, edited by Pascoe Thornton. 8-1 The Coventry Hippodrome Orchestra, conductor William Fethers, from the Hippodrome Theatre, Coventry. 8-30 To be announced. 9 The BBC Theatre Organ. 9-30 Peter York and his Orchestra in a programme of dance music. 10 The News and announcements. 10-20 The Hulbert Brothers.

Bombay Programmes
VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.
a.m.
11-0 "New Year's Greetings" By The VUB Indian Orchestra.
11-10 Light Classical Music. By Sangit Ratna Khan Sahen Abdul Karim Khan. Accompanied by Kapilswari, Harmonium, Sham-sudin Tabla; Bunne Khan, Sarangi.
p.m.
1-0 Available Market Rates. Jules Craen and His Quintet. Relayed from Taj Mahal Hotel.
4-30 Light Music By Sushila Varadajan with Sarangi, Harmonium and Tabla.
5-0 Talk: (Gujarati): "Mari Kash-mairni Safer" By Kapila Khand-walla.
5-15 Gujarati Songs. By Baburao N. Oza.
5-30 A Relay from the Regal Cinema.
6-30 Hari Katha (In Hindi) By Shivali Kathavachak.
7-15 Talk: (Hindi): "My Travels in Foreign Countries," by H.H. Khan.
7-30 Light Music By Shamla Masgaokar with Sarangi, Harmonium and Tabla.
8-30 Commercial News and News in Hindi.
9-0 Khemta and Shehara By Sar-ladevi.
9-30 Talk (English): "Sports." By Raddy.
9-45 The News in English.
10-0 Dance Night By The Merry Wabblers Dance Band.

Calcutta Programmes
VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s. 49.10 metres, 6,100 kc/s.
(Time: P. M.)
12-36 SB A "Regal" recorded programme by T. E. Bevan and Company, Ltd. Calcutta. Weather Bulletin for Ocean and Rivercraft.
1-36 Talk "Wives of Great Men" No. 1 by Kamal Bose. 2-6 Gramophone records. A play "Kangsha-badh" (Megaphone). 2-36 Talk "Women as Wage-Earners: In Art and Industry" by Bella Halder.
5-6 Broadcast for Rural Areas Talk "Along the Burdwan Road" No. 2 by Bijoy Krishna Chakravarty of Atl. Rup Katha the Story of Ma-dhumala Part 2 by Jessimuddin and party. 6-6 Thungr (Bengali) by Abhabaty. 6-21 Instrumental music by the Betar Orchestra conducted by Tarak Nath Dey. 6-31 "That's not it" a humorous sketch by Sudhir Chakravarty. 6-36 "Tridhara" a musical melody of Poetry and Philosophy written by Banikumar, produced by Sallaha Datta Gupta. 7-31 "Yes and No" a humorous sketch by Sudhir Chakravarty. 7-36 Jhumur and Bhailali by Harimaty. 7-46 Film Songs by Krishna Chandra Dey. 8-6 SB Talk on Health No. 4 "The Choice of Food" by Dr. Som Nath Saha. M.B. 8-21 SB Clarinet solo by N.N. Mazumdar. 8-41 SB Commercial News and Weather Report (In Bengali). 8-46 SB The News and announcements. 9-1 SB Commercial News and Weather Report (In English). 9-6 SB The News and announcements. 9-21 SB A Military Band Programme by the 1st Batin. Black Watch (R.H.R.) conducted by L. J. Malden, L.R.A.M., A.R.C.M. Interval Item Orliste: W. B. Iron-side Baritone.

Java Programmes
4-45 Light gram. music. 9-00 Gay music. 9-30 Opera music. 10-00 Weather report and Mirom Orchestra. 11-20 News. 11-30 Dance music. 12-00 Popular gram. music. 12-20 News. 16-00 Concert by Ni-rom Orchestra. 17-00 News. 17-20 Elck-wat-wils Popular. 18-10 Talk on literature. 18-30 Violin recital. 19-30 Dutch songs. 20-00 Dance music by Hawaiian Rhythms. 21-30 Music.

HARKISHENLAL PRAYS FOR MAINTENANCE
Application For Rs. 1,000 Per Month & Residence
LAHORE, Nov. 12.
Lala Harkishenlal's application before the High Court praying for maintenance allowance and control of the management of his estates was heard by Mr. Justice Monroe.
The Official Receiver of Lala Harkishenlal's property stated that the applicant had neither made full disclosure of his assets, nor did he co-operate with him. He further submitted that two iron chests, the keys of which were with Lala Harkishenlal, were found empty when he took possession of them, indicating that the applicant had removed all valuables from them. A third iron safe that he seized was found to contain silver. He, however, did not oppose the application.
Counsel for Lala Harkishenlal submitted that the applicant was going to be released from jail on November 15, was without a house to live in and without any money to meet his expenses. When discharged from jail, he had every right to live as a man. Hence he prayed for Rs. 1,000 per month and a house to live in, which could not be too much for Lala Harkishenlal to expect. He said it was a moral duty to support an

Delhi Programmes
VUD 340.13 metres, 822 kc/s.
a.m.
8-0 Indian Music (Recorded).
9-0 Talk (Hindustani): "Minding the Mind" No. 11 Sentiments By Mirza Mahmood Beg.
9-15 AIR Orchestra. Sindh Bhair-vin.
9-25 Sadiq Ali. Khayal Shudh Toddi. Khayal Ramkali.
9-45 Malang Khan. Bahaduri Toddi on Sitar.
9-55 Afzal Hussain of Nagina "Kangan mundariya mori" Khayal Multani. "Khol is kun-i-qafas se are sayyad mujhe kar de asad mujhe" Mustasad.
10-15 Nawab Jan Rampuri Khayal Bilawal.
p.m.
12-30 AIR Orchestra. Gear Sarang.

BROACH BHANGIS ON STRIKE AGAIN

Alleged Breach Of Award By Municipality

Mr. Inoual Yajnik, writes.
On the 11th November almost exactly seven months after their first strike—the heroic but unfortunate Bhangis of Broach have again downed their brooms.
On May 25th the Bhangis resumed work after a strike lasting for about one month-and-a-half when the Bhangis' demands were submitted to the arbitration of Sjt Amritlal Thakkar at the suggestion of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.
On June 17th Sjt. Thakkar issued his award recommending an all round increase of Rs. 1 in the sweepers' salary, and the grant of all the rights of leave, etc., generally granted all the permanent servants of the Municipality.
On July 15th a special meeting of the Municipality was held to consider the recommendations of Sjt. Thakkar when it was resolved to increase the Bhangis' salary by Rs. 1 but to refer the most important questions of their number and details of their work to a sub-committee of the Municipality.
On August 1st the Municipality resolved in the teeth of severe opposition and in direct contravention of Sjt. Thakkar's award to reduce the number of sweepers to 150 (instead of 185 mentioned by Sjt. Thakkar) though none of the beneficial clauses of the award was given effect to by the Municipality.
On September 1st the worst happened and 35 Bhangis were dismissed while some six assistant mukadams had been sacked before.
I wrote to Sjt. Thakkar in August and September drawing pointed attention to the serious injustice involved in the decisions and acts of the Municipality. Sjt. Thakkar replied in a very sympathetic tone. And though expressed his inability to make any public statement before communicating with Pandit Jawaharlal and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, he asserted categorically that he had neither recommended nor contemplated any such retrenchment and that neither before, during nor after the arbitration proceedings had the Municipal President even hinted at any slight reduction in the Bhangis' staff. He also protested against the use of any casual sentence in his award to support the case for retrenchment.
For two months and more the Broach sweepers have continued to agitate for the re-employment of their comrades and for expediting the grant of the increased salary. Sunday half-holiday, etc., in pursuance of the Municipal resolutions. But apparently all that their historic strike and their labours and sufferings which have galvanised their community all over the country, have brought them the dismissal of about 50 of their valiant comrades.
Unable To Bear It.
Unable to bear the stigma of such a defeat any longer the Bhangis have struck again. The day the sweepers again struck work (Nov. 11th) they, assembled in a mass meeting, demanded that the full cadre of 200 men sanctioned by Government be employed, that 6 assistant mukadams, victimised, after the last strike be reinstated and that four spics and enemies in their ranks be dismissed.
In addition, they desire, of course, all the benefits sought to be conferred by Sjt. Thakkar's award.
Justice and humanity are ranged on their side and their final success is assured.

Aurobindo Invited For Parliament Of Religions
CALCUTTA, Nov. 12.
The "United Press" reliably learns that the Ramkrishna Centenary Committee, which has been organising a session of the Parliament of Religions at Calcutta in February next year as a part of the Ramkrishna Centenary celebrations, have written to Sri Aurobindo at Pondicherry inviting him to preside over that session.
Sri Aurobindo's reply has not yet been received.—United Press.

Insolvent applicant.
"PLUNDERING THE BANK"
Mr. Justice Monroe: "It is a larger moral duty to pay creditors their money. His assets are Rs. 30 lakhs and his debts Rs. 2 crores. From the evidence it is clear that the applicant was plundering the People's Bank."
Counsel for Lala Harkishenlal submitted that if the applicant was allowed to live like a man some day might come when he would earn and pay off his creditors.
Hearing was adjourned for a week to enable the applicant to disclose his assets fully and clearly to the Official Receiver.—United Press.

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It is a delightful emollient, soothes a velvety softness and radiant clearness to the skin. It has a combined nutritive, protective and curative action on the skin that is unique. Try it today.

EMOLLIENT
NUTRITIVE
&
PERFUMED
with
ROSE
BLOSSOMS

E. S. PATANWALA,
Bombay, 3.

AFGHAN SNOW

When a cold

WON'T LET YOU SLEEP

Use

Mistol

and enjoy refreshing sleep

A MARVELLOUS BLOOD-TONIC!

The quickest, safest way to regain strength and vigour is to take HEPILEX—an ideal blood-tonic! HEPILEX embodies blood forming, calcium, iron, potassium and liver extract—it is widely prescribed in all cases of poverty of blood and kindred complaints e.g., brain lag, nerves, anaemia, sleeplessness and skin trouble. Take HEPILEX in milk, water, or fruit juice—its taste is delicious.

HEPILEX

STOCKISTS
LAX MIDAS DAHYABHAI & CO.
CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS, 6/PRINCE STREET, BOMBAY

BOMBAY STOCKISTS:—Bellam Bros., Prince Street; Sahib, Fort; Regular Pharmacy, Lamington Rd.; Puri & Co., Grant Road.

SANTACRUZ CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

New Managing Committee

(From Our Correspondent.)
Santa Cruz having qualified to send three delegates to the Sessions of the Indian National Congress, the following three representatives have been returned unopposed:

1. Sri. Purushottam Kanji, 2. Sri. Dattatraya M. Nagarkar, 3. Sri. Chaudhali Sarabhai Modi.

The following fourteen members have been returned unopposed as members of the Managing Committee for 1937.

NEW MANAGING COMMITTEE
1. Shree Purushottam Kanji, 2. Shree Dattatraya Nagarkar, 3. Shree Chaudhali Sarabhai Modi, 4. Shree Chhaganji Yogi, 5. Shree Ganeshji Patel, 6. Shree Mahiben Desai, 7. Shree Ratnanben Damania, 8. Shree Narandas Tulsi, 9. Shree Ravi Shankar Purushottam Bhatt, 10. Shree Chaudhali Ishwardas, 11. Shree Balvendra Rameshji Desai, 12. Shree Anantlal Chhaganji, 13. Shree K. A. Rao, 14. Shree H. Ganpat Rao.

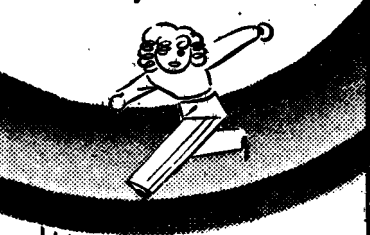
HELD OVER
—and Little wonder!
REGAL

Fully Air-Cooled
DAILY 3 SHOWS AT
4, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.



What!
SHIRLEY
AT HER BEST...
AND ALL THESE
STARS TOO?

You won't believe how
great this picture really
is until you see it!

SHIRLEY TEMPLE
COMPETITION

The above competition will take place at the Regal on Thursday, 19th November, at 5-45 p.m. All girls below the age of 10 and below 4 feet 2 inches in height are eligible to compete. Two prizes (a first and a second) will be given to the girls who most nearly resemble Shirley Temple. Competitors must wear the nearest possible copy of any of the dresses that Shirley wears in her latest picture "THE POOR LITTLE RICH GIRL". There will also be 6 other consolation prizes.

NO ENTRANCE FEE

City & Suburbs

LOCAL

ENGAGEMENTS

To-day.

Hindu: Ashwin Vadi 30, 1932
Muhurta: Shaban 20, 1335
Parsi: Khordeh 10, 1336
Highdays: 0-07; 11-44
Lowdays: 4-55; 17-47
Sunrise: 6h. 5m.
Sunset: 6h. 2m.
Divali, Public Holiday,
Banks closed.
S. S. Corfu with homeward mails
sail at 1 p.m.

Sunday, November 15.

Wednesday, November 18.

Military Tattoo in aid of the
services Association Co-operation 9 p.m.

ELECTION CAMPAIGN IN "G" WARD

A Special meeting of workers interested in the Provincial Legislative Assembly election will be held at 4-30 p.m. today (Saturday), at the Dadar Congress Office, (opp. B. B. and C. I. Ry. station, Dadar). At the same time Mr. B. G. Khair will perform the opening ceremony of the Congress Election Office for the Joint Constituency of "G" Ward and the Suburban Dist.

MAHARISHI NIRVAN DAY.

Maharishi Dayanand Saraswati Nirvan Day will be observed in Arya Samaj Mandir Girgaum (Arya Samaj Lane) today (Saturday), at 6 p.m. (S.T.) when Mr. Vijaybhaskarji, Syt. Ranchhodlalji, Pt. Pardubhai, Syt. Vallabhdas R. Mehta, Pt. Oggleji and others will deliver lectures on the life and mission of Maharishi Dayanand. Pt. Anandprasad will deliver a lecture and the Brahmacharinis of Arya Kanya Mahavidyalaya will sing songs.

STUDENTS' MUSIC CIRCLE

The J. H. Secretaries, Students' Music Circle write:
Owing to the riots in the city, and the curfew order our programme of Bai Menakabai (Belgaum) which was to take place at Jinnah Hall today (Saturday) is postponed. The same tickets will hold good for that day.

BAND AT THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND

The Es. Services Band (I.A.) will play under the Directorship of Mr. E. Strip, a programme of music at the Esplanade Bandstand, Bombay, today (Saturday), commencing from 5-45 p.m. to 7-45 p.m. (S.T.).

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

We have received a tear-off calendar for Samvat 1936 from Vadilal and Co., Bombay.

MR. KAJOLKAR'S TOUR.

Mr. N. S. Kajolkar, the Secretary of the Independent Nationalist Harijan Party toured Mandang Peth and Mahad Taluka from the 7th to 10th instant in connection with his Party's candidature.

He had also interviews with local leaders, viz., Seth Tuljaram Mehta, Dr. Dattatraya Mehta, Messrs. Purshotam P. Joshi, Pitambar, G. Mehta of Mahad, Yashwantrao Joshi, and Vishnu Raghunath Upadhe of Mandangad. His Party has been assured of support both from Harijans and Caste Hindus.

LAJPAT RAI ANNIVERSARY

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, there will be a public meeting at the Congress House on Tuesday, the 17th instant at 7 p.m. (S.T.) to celebrate the eighth death anniversary of our late revered leader Lala Lajpat Rai. Sri. K. P. Nariman, the President of the B. P. C. C. will preside.

ELECTRICAL SUPERVISORS AND WIREMEN'S EXAM.

The examination of Electrical Supervisors (Competency Certificate) and Wiremen (Wiremen's Certificate) will be held in Bombay, Poona, Ahmedabad and Karachi, simultaneously commencing from Monday, (January 25th, next) at 9-30 a.m.

Forms of application may be obtained from the office of the Secretary, Licensing Board, Electrical Department, P.W.D., Church Gate Street, Port, Bombay. Candidates should fill in the application form in accordance with the instructions given therein and forward it to the office of the Secretary, Licensing Board, Electrical Department, P.W.D., Bombay, so as to reach not later than January 4. Applications received on or after January 5 will not be accepted.

MATUBHAI K. SANSKRIT VIDYALAYA

Under the auspices of the above institution a public meeting will be held at Brahma Nivase today Saturday at 8-45 a.m. Mr. J. H. Trivedi, Principal of Bhatia High School will preside, when the Depotswari Mohotsava ceremony will be observed.

"JANMA BHUMI" SPECIAL SHOW

Bombay Students' Brotherhood and Bombay City Literary Association have arranged a special show of Bombay Talkies' film "Janma Bhumi" for students and social workers at 11 a.m. to-morrow Sunday at the Royal Opera House.

KSHATRIYA MARATHA HOUSING SOCIETY.

Under the auspices of the above named society the fifth Divali Gathering will be held at the Maratha Colony, Dabiger (B.S.D.) today Saturday, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) under the presidency of Miss Shantabai Daundkar.

BAND AT ESPLANADE

The Band of the Es. Service (I.A.) will play at the Esplanade Bandstand today Saturday commencing at 5-45 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS

OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Accused" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

CENTRAL—"Stage Struck" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

EMPIRE—"Laurie and Hardy" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

EXCELSIOR—"Melody" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, today and to-morrow at 4 p.m.

KRISHNA—"Amar Jyoti" Daily at 5-15 p.m. Matinee, today and to-morrow at 3-30 p.m.

MAJESTIC—"Indira M. A." Daily at 5-45 p.m. Matinee, today and to-morrow at 3 p.m.

OPELA HOUSE—"Janma Bhoomi" Daily at 2-30, 5-30, 8-30 p.m. and 10-30 a.m.

PATHE—"The Texas Rangers" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PLAZA—"Savkari Pash" Daily at 3, 7-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, today and to-morrow at 3-30 p.m.

REGAL—"Poor Little Rich Girl" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

WILLINGTON—"Shreekrishna-Jadu" Daily at 5-15 and 7-45 p.m. Matinee, today and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.

Matunga Khadi Sales Depot

The organiser of the Depot writes:
The increased sales of Khadi for Depavali at the Khadi Sales Depot, Matunga, has infused fresh spirits in its working and it fervently appeals to the public on the eve of the New Year day to help the poor villagers the producers of Khadi by buying it. To-morrow (the New Year Day), the public are cordially invited to attend the New Year Day functions between 4 and 7 p.m. at the Depot.

SHRI MANIK PRABHU SANSTHAN

A meeting of the followers, sympathisers and admirers of the Manik Prabhu Sansthan was held in the spacious hall at Hira Baug, C. P. Tank, Bombay on the 8th instant when Mr. S. A. Shete, Deputy Municipal Commissioner, was voted to the chair. Mr. K. N. Gunjikar traced the history of the Sansthan from the time of the advent of Shri Manik Prabhu at Maniknagar in 1842 till the close of the remarkable period of Shri Marudant Manik Prabhu in March 1906. He also emphasised the central idea of the teaching of this Peeth which was known for nearly a century as "Sakalmata" which imparts in its broadest and most practical sense the idea of "Universal Brotherhood" of man and is shown to be the direct and the most natural outcome of the lofty romantic thought of the Advaita Philosophy.

Several speakers addressed the meeting after this and at the end Mr. Shete summed up the wide aspect of this Vedanta doctrine as enunciated by this famous school and what direct bearing it could have in the present circumstances in the world and more particularly in India, where schism and strife seemed so prevalent. Two resolutions were passed in the meeting, one of which was the expression of homage and allegiance to the present holder of the Peeth of Shri Manik Prabhu Maharaj at Maniknagar in H.E.H. the Nizam's Dominions. The other resolution was an expression of appreciation and thanks to His Exalted Highness for his attitude of perfect benevolence and neutrality towards the Peeth and its administration.

Mr. P. B. Umbichy, Justice of the Peace, the well-known Marathi Philanthropist of Colombo died on Monday night at Colombo. As a mark of respect for the deceased all the Moplah merchants of Madras closed their business places for the day, says a Madras message.

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"HINDUSTHAN AND PRAJAMITRA"

Appropriate Divali Gift

The "Hindustan and Prajamitra" annual is more than an appropriate gift for Divali. For its pictures do not, as pictures in many of the Divali annuals do, add confusion to and not seldom, seek divorce from the weighty literature compiled under the stereotyped stock in trade. It recognises, as few very few of the Gujarati journals do, that art is as much and as effective, if not more, instrument of national reconstruction as literature or the ephemeral heroics of journalism. This recognition of the national value and importance of art is so rare that one would easily be tempted to console oneself with the academic recognition of a theory remote from life. But the "Hindustan and Prajamitra" saves one from that facile temptation and consolation. It offers, in actual practice, however, a most or imperfect, of the effective achievement of literature, journalism and are aligned to one unambiguous common national objective.

In the poems, not less than in the short stories, articles of general social, economic and political interest and in the annual review of national events cover "Hindustan and Prajamitra" has evidently sought the co-operation of writers who have more than their elderly obsolete wisdom or names to offer. Consequently, the articles are thoughtfully written, informative and indicative of something entirely different from the discredited creeds of an epoch that is no more. The space offered here stops me from detailing them, but it would be enough to suggest that the number of articles that deserve attention overwhelms the number of the very few indifferent articles. Similarly, the "Hindustan and Prajamitra" has sought the co-operation of the artists to make its Divali gift as irresistible as it could. The assistance of the artists has been sought by Syt. "Bakoolash" in the spirit of comradeship. The result is obvious. Almost every picture and even the general layout and printing bear the marks of distinction from the cover of Mr. Joseph Wirsching to the paintings and drawings by Syt. "Kalabadi", Chugtai, Ahivasi, Dhalu, Mistry, P. Roy, Khatri, Shal, Bhupen Gupta, Sampat, "Kalakant" and Sri. "Kalamkari". The number reveals, more or less, a representative range of art tendencies.

The "Jivana Sarthi" by Syt. Ahivasi, the "Toilet" by Syt. P. Roy, the drawing by Khatri, the story by "Blind Boy" by Syt. Sampat as well as the "Ghoonghatwali" by "Kalikant" are outstanding. It is however, Syt. Kalabadi's "Dawn" which is fresh, the artist's delicate and purposeful, and the most appropriate as the gift for Divali. K. H. V.

Workers' Loyalty

To Congress

(From A Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, Nov. 11.

It was announced in to-days vernacular papers that a mass meeting of workers was to be held at Fergusson Road this evening at 5-30 p.m. under the auspices of the All-India Trade Union Congress to declare its emphatic protest against the decision of the Congress Parliamentary Board as regards Mr. Nimbkar's rejection for a Congress ticket for the Assembly. Generally the workers were against such a move and thousands of handbills were distributed in Labour area over the signatures of some of prominent workers such as Mr. G. R. Taldeker and others declaring that the said meeting was not of the worker's but only of some handful of Communists. It was also stated in the handbill that Mr. Nimbkar had lost the workers' seat to Rao Bahadur Anasvale's Union.

The result of the distribution of handbills was instantaneous and no worker went to the meeting place nor any leader could attend the meeting.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

Of late I have had many complaints about ownerless dogs but to-day I publish a letter from a correspondent, who writes about the growing nuisance of stray donkeys.

Dear Suburban Man, he writes, I am a regular reader of your suburban letter, and I appreciate your complaints against the growing dog nuisance which, I must add, many of our Suburban Municipalities are dealing with seriously. Now I want you to bring to the notice of Vile Parle Municipality the growing nuisance of stray donkeys. These donkeys I understand, belong to the labour class Madras who use them for carrying mud, but when the owners find no work they let them stray. These donkeys enter private compounds and destroy the plants thus causing heavy losses to the owners. I suggest that the Municipality should do something about this.

A WARNING TO PARENTS.

Divali festival celebrations are in full swing. Singing, dancing and merry making have filled the air in practically every dwellings in the Suburbs. Fireworks of every type are being used and the scenes present a unique sight. One warning to parents of this festival is not to leave a tragedy behind. They must warn children not to play with fireworks near huts of dried palm

leaves, you really cannot be too sure. There might be an unexpected blaze. Every year I am told there is an accident or two in the Suburbs during this festival so it is best that parents warn their children and avert possible tragedies.

SUBURBAN TEACHERS' PLIGHT

I have many a time written on the low scale of salaries paid to Suburban Teachers in Primary Schools, but their plight still continues.

To-day a correspondent draws my attention to the recent action of the District School Board, Thana in this respect.

A well known fact says my correspondent is that Rs. 12 per month is the starting pay for these teachers. Many District and Taluka Conferences of teachers have passed resolutions requesting the School Board to consider their cases, but now, says my correspondent, a new move is being made to appoint 60 new teachers on the princely salary of Rs. 6 a month!

If what my correspondent says is a fact, is it not an absurd move? Must this profession which is the noblest of all professions be neglected in India? Can they expect a high quality of education to be imparted without a contented and competent teaching staff? I think it is high time that the Suburban Primary School Boards gave this problem its due consideration.

Killick Nixon & Co.

RETURNS OF TRAFFIC OF RYS. FOR AUGUST

The following is a statement showing the Audited Returns of Traffic of the various Railways under the Agency of Messrs. Killick, Nixon Ltd. for the month of August 1936:-

Tapti Valley Rly. for August 1936 Rs. 1,32,515; Increase + or decrease - when compared with Aug. 1935 Rs. -18,772; From 1/1/36 to 31/8/36 Rs. -17,71,983; Increase + or decrease - when compared with corresponding period of 1935/36 Rs. -68,168.

Ahmedabad Prantij Rly. for August 1936 Rs. 51,650; Increase + or decrease - when compared with Aug. 1935 Rs. 2,109; From 1/1/36 to 31/8/36 Rs. 7,20,733; Increase + or decrease - when compared with corresponding period of 1935/36 Rs. +57,919.

Guzarat Railway for August 1936 Rs. 31,688; Increase + or decrease - when compared with Aug. 1935 Rs. +8,829; From 1/1/36 to 31/8/36 Rs. 2,01,080; Increase + or decrease - when compared with corresponding period of 1935/36 Rs. -31,043.

Central Prov. Rlys. for August 1936 Rs. 20,285; Increase + or decrease - when compared with Aug. 1935 Rs. -10,235; From 1/1/36 to 31/8/36 Rs. 5,18,963; Increase + or decrease - when compared with corresponding period of 1935/36 Rs. -59,108.

Mandra Bhor Rlys. for August 1936 Rs. 17,845; Increase + or decrease - when compared with Aug. 1935 Rs. -691; From 1/1/36 to 31/8/36 Rs. 1,72,711; Increase + or decrease - when compared with corresponding period of 1935/36 Rs. +9,169.

Shikot Narwar Rly. for August 1936 Rs. 3,810; Increase + or decrease - when compared with Aug. 1935 Rs. +310; From 1/1/36 to 31/8/36 Rs. 4,04,262; Increase + or decrease - when compared with corresponding period of 1935/36 Rs. -10,157.

The engagement ceremony of Mr. Hatimbhai L. Darbar with Miss Sugra Valji of Jadan took place on Friday at the latter's residence.

(Continued from column 7.)

the entrance of Congress into the new legislatures is a blessing in disguise. One, however, finds it difficult to understand where exactly the disguise comes in. And art hopes that otherwise its entry into the legislatures is not a curse.

The obsession of the average European in India for "hitting-the-Congress-inside-or-outside-the-legislatures" is well illustrated in E. J. G.'s talk of outwitting the Congress, even before the Congress men have hardly entered the legislatures! But if E. J. G. would like to take a tip about Indian politics, one may say that there will be as much solidarity among the non-Congress coalitionists on the opposite side of the Congress, as he himself has confessed there was in the Legislative Council of the past fifteen years.

Reviewing fifteen years of activity in the Bombay Legislative Council, E. J. G. gives the following account in the October issue of the Bulletin of the European Association (Bombay Branch), which bears reproduction, for the plain speaking of the writer: "One of the greatest handicaps to the effective working of the Council has been the entire lack of any properly organised parties. Groups there were—too many of them—but no organised and disciplined parties. Consequently no one could ever claim with any security to be speaking for others, and also far more people than necessary made speeches on every subject which arose, simply because so many individuals wished to make known their views, even although in many cases they did not differ from the views expressed by the previous speaker. The amount of time wasted in the Council by unnecessary repetition was almost unbelievable.

"The position in the new legislature will be even worse, owing to the increase in the number of members, unless the party system does develop. In this respect the entrance of Congress into the legislature may be a blessing in disguise. Whatever else one may think or say about Congress, it cannot be denied that they are better organised than any other party in the country; and their presence may force the other groups to work together. There is

every indication that Congress will be easily the largest single party in the Assembly. If that is so, nothing but a coalition will be able to outvote them. There were indications of the formation of such a coalition during the last session but its composition was somewhat doubtful and the possibility of its members remaining together for long even more so. It will not be possible to do much until the elections have taken place and we can see exactly who are to compose the legislature. One thing is almost certain, namely, that we shall not see many of our old friends of this Council in the Assembly."

The Reason

The reason why these members talked too much also explains why they will not be seen again. Whenever there was an opportunity to praise the officials and their doings, these members never hesitated doing so. And that is also the reason why they will not enter the legislatures under the new reforms. They talked too much in glorification of the officials in season and out of season, with speeches for which those outside the legislatures little cared. For were not many of them persons who had stepped into

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1936

INFANTILE FRANKNESS

When Craik and Metcalfe lose their sense of proportion in dealing with the Red Shirts, it is small wonder that a comparatively minor official, Mr. Gidney, Home Member of the Frontier Government, should imitate them with zest. This is what he did in the debate over Khan Abdul Ghafoor Khan. The whole of India is familiar with the persistent efforts of officials to attribute violence to Red Shirts and their leaders. It is also known that these efforts have been as ridiculous and unsubstantiated as they have been persistent. Mr. Gidney, however, appears to be less disingenuous than his superior colleagues, perhaps owing to less experience of bureaucratic ways. He repeated in the Council the same old charges of violent, revolutionary and insurrectionary designs on the part of Khan Abdul Ghafoor Khan. But his principal grounds are rather attractive. They are, so far as we have been able to follow them, from a long summary of his speech, four in number.

His Charges

First, he cites the elections that had been boycotted by the Congress and "of those scenes of intimidation that took place in the Charsadda Maidan." Our blood, unfortunately, does not curdle; for the very simple reason that similar allegations were made in those days against Congress and Congressmen all over the country. But we have yet to know that the bureaucracy anywhere else has treated Congress leaders as Mr. Gidney and his Government have treated Khan Abdul Ghafoor. Secondly, Mr. Gidney accuses Khan Abdul Ghafoor and his party of making "continued references to independence." We sympathise with Mr. Gidney. He is a bureaucrat and he genuinely entertains fundamental hatred towards all references—and more so towards "continued references"—to independence. But since when has propaganda for independence been condemned as illegal or involving violence and insurrection? The other two grounds on which Mr. Gidney bases the official charges

against Khan Abdul Ghafoor Khan and Government's attitude towards him are most interesting. Khan Abdul Ghafoor proclaimed Mr. Gidney in all seriousness and solemnity, had not replied to "the invitation extended to him by the Chief Commissioner in 1931 to attend the Durbar where the announcement regarding the reforms had been made." It is such wonderful stuff of sense and intelligence of which our rulers are made. One does not know whether to sympathise with Frontier Province for Mr. Gidney or to laugh at his naivete.

Wonderful Indictment

But this grand accusation was intended to re-inforce, in fact conclusively prove, the fourth and final one: Khan Abdul Ghafoor "and his party would have no operation with Government as they declared the reforms to be inadequate" and recent Red Shirt speeches "show a consistent determination to rouse the people against the constitution and not prepare them to work it." Officialdom has been responsible for many amazing statements but Mr. Gidney beats his fellow bureaucrats. According to him not to work the constitution but to regard it as inadequate and therefore deserving of being wrecked are crimes calling for bans and exile orders. We wonder what Lord Zetland and Mr. R. A. Butler, Lord Lifford and Sir Henry Craik think of all this wonderfully infantile outspokenness. Incidentally, does Mr. Gidney, one wonders, realise that his denunciations and threats constitute not only a grave interference in "freedom of franchise" which he pretended to champion but also positive intimidation of which he affected such a deep horror? One more thing before we conclude. We are not at all surprised that the Frontier Council rejected Mr. Abdul Qayyum's motion. It is packed with officials and those non-officials who know that they will have to contend with, and lose to, the Red Shirts at the coming elections.

Travancore's Lead

The Maharaja of Travancore has at last done justice to the so-called Depressed Classes by granting them full entry to all Hindu temples controlled by the State. He has issued, on the occasion of his twenty-fifth birthday, a proclamation declaring that "subject to such rules and conditions as may be laid down and imposed by us for preserving their proper atmosphere and for maintaining their ritual and observances, there should henceforth be no restriction placed on any Hindu by birth on entering or worshipping at temples controlled by us and our Government." The reservations about maintaining the ritual and observances in the temples evidently refer to restrictions that will be placed even on the caste Hindus with regard to the actual worship or entry into the innermost sanctuary in a temple. But it is clear that, for all practical purposes, the proclamation throws open all the State temples to all Hindu communities on equal terms.

The proclamation thus redresses an age-long grievance of the Depressed Classes so far as the temples directly controlled by the State are concerned and settles in their favour an acute controversy that has been raging in the State for about a decade past. The reform will surely not stop there. It will affect most public trust temples in Kerala, notorious on the one hand for the extreme ortho-

doxy of the "high class" Hindus and, on the other, the extreme degradation of the "untouchables" and "unapproachables." Travancore is not the first State to throw open its temples to the Harijans. States like Baroda, Kolhapur and several others have preceded it in this respect. But the triumph of the temple-entry campaign in an orthodox-riden State like Travancore is, indeed, an important landmark in the history of the Harijan movement in India and it will undoubtedly have wide repercussions in the country.

Travancore's lead is due to a very large extent to the systematic Harijan campaign initiated by Mahatma Gandhi. It is also indicative of the rapid strides often unnoticed, the campaign is making. The Harijan workers, therefore, have reason to feel encouraged at their success and should redouble their efforts in removing untouchability. There is a tendency among some of them to be content with mere ameliorative work among Harijans. But that is a harmful tendency as the caste Hindus are most responsible for the degradation of the Harijans and need most to be educated to show more tolerance and justice to their own co-religionists. The acute and growing discontent among Harijans, of which the conversion idea is only one symptom, shows that this important work in the general campaign against untouchability can brook neither delay nor relaxation.

FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

Gleanings From The World Press

(By Our London Correspondent.)

Tinned food which heats itself automatically when the tin is opened and eggs which stay fresh when dipped in oil will shortly appear in Britain.

Long-distance air journeys have created a demand for food that can be eaten hot on the way without the use of a stove. This self-heating food is already in use on the Pan-American Airways. The food tin is encased in a second tin which has one compartment containing unslaked lime and another filled with water. To heat the food one turns the tin upside down and punches holes through the lime and water compartments so that the water runs into the lime. Chemical action does the rest. It takes about half an hour for the food to be heated.

The other device, for keeping eggs fresh in hot weather, consists of dipping them in a thin, white mineral oil, which seals the pores of the shell. In a test original freshness was retained by 6.3 per cent. of the eggs oiled at a temperature of 60 degrees Fahrenheit by 55 per cent. oiled at 80 degrees, but by only 2.5 per cent. un-oiled. A further development of the scheme was to give these oiled eggs a vacuum carbon dioxide treatment. In this process, the eggs are dipped in oil in an airtight chamber. Enough air is pumped out to create a partial vacuum. Some air also escapes from the eggs. When carbon dioxide is turned into the chamber the eggs draw enough oil into the pores of the shell to form a complete seal. Carbon dioxide has a stabilising effect on the white of the egg.

A Crude Propaganda
The anti-Communist Exhibition in Berlin is to be transferred to London. The exhibition is a crude piece of anti-Communist propaganda (with an anti-Semitic streak) and in no sense a serious attempt to give an objective presentation of the activities of the Communist International. It is not known in London whether the transfer has any connection with the arrival of Herr von Ribbentrop.

Farmers At Lunch
More than 200 Cornish farmers lunched at a Princetown hotel as the guests of the Royal Duchy of Cornwall Estate.

Their appetites were sharpened by a sense of virtuous satisfaction at having paid the rent: the affair, which is annual, is called the rent audit lunch. Appetites needed some such stimulant, for the menu was planned on lines calculated to incite local newspapers to say that "the tables groaned." For soup, pork, mutton, Christmas pudding, Cornish pasties, mince pies and jellies were the kind of thing.

Then the farmers with their wives, sang songs of the "Wild-combe Fair" type and, equipped with gifts of churchwarden pipes, went to a film show at the village hall.

"Foy's" Honour Feed Reformer
Dr. Hay in person, the reformer of eating habits, visiting England from America spoke at the Foy's literary (?) luncheon. In his honour the luncheon was Hay.

On what was described as the menu "for want of a better sarcasm" (as Humbert Wolfe remarked) were curious items such as Corn Bread Melba and Asparagus and Bacon. Women of all sizes flocked along—300 more than expected—and packed us all so much that one wished everyone would immediately go slimmer. Tragic for learners of this new code of life (don't call it a diet says Dr. Hay) is the separation for ever of those hitherto inseparable ingredients—beef and Yorkshire pudding, bread and cheese, fish and chops. It is, as politicians might, and do, say, "unthinkable."

Peers And Names
The peculiarity of British politicians, mystifying to the British public and bewildering to the foreigners, is the habit of changing names. Ben Disraeli became Earl of Beaconsfield, Fred Smith became Lord Birkenhead, etc.

A bad offender is Lord Swinton, protagonist in the Nuffield-Air Ministry dispute. Born Philip Lloyd-Greame, first attained Cabinet rank under that name (with the handle of Sir). He was left a large sum of money in 1924 on the condition that he changed his name to Cunliffe-Lister. So he duly became Sir Philip Cunliffe-Lister. The original Cunliffe-Lister was a wealthy Yorkshire inventor. He bought the Swinton Hall at Marsham and became

(Continued on Page 19, Col. 6.)

Indian Companies (Amendment) Act. Review Of Principal Features

By
JAGMOHANDAS
J. KAPADIA

For the first time in the history of Company legislation in this country an attempt has been made to place on the statute book provisions concerning the rights and obligations of managing agents which are at present governed by the terms of the managing agency agreement and/or Articles of Association. In doing this, the legislature has recognised an important principle, namely, that a managing agency contract is not merely a private affair affecting the parties thereto but is a matter of vital importance to the community whose interests the State has a duty to protect. This development is full of immense possibilities as providing great scope for further strengthening of the law from time to time.

Managing Agents

The principal changes made appear under a separate chapter headed "Managing Agents" and are contained in sections 87A to 87I. Besides these changes, certain other changes have also been made in the existing sections 91A to 91D which also affect Managing Agents directly and indirectly. These changes may be classified under the following heads:

- (1) Duration of Managing Agents' Appointment (Sec. 87A).
- (2) Conditions with regard to removal of Managing Agents, transfer and modification of agency rights, etc. (Sec. 87B).
- (3) Remuneration of Managing Agents (Sec. 87C).
- (4) Loans to and contracts with Managing Agents (Sec. 87D).
- (5) Financial dealings by way of loans and purchase of shares and debentures between companies under the same Managing Agent (Secs. 87E and 87F).
- (6) Restrictions on powers of managing agents (Secs. 87G and 87H).
- (7) Nomination of Directors by managing agents (Sec. 87I).
- (8) Disclosure of managing agents' interest in contracts (Sec. 87A).
- (9) Voting on contracts in which managing agents are interested (Sec. 91B).
- (10) Circulation of managing agents' contracts of appointment (Sec. 91C).
- (11) Contracts in which the com-

pany is an undisclosed principal (Sec. 91D).
I shall deal with the above heads serially.

Duration Of Appointment

By section 87A, it is provided that existing managing agency agreements should terminate on the expiry of twenty years from the commencement of the Amending Act. This is, however, conditional upon the company paying "all moneys payable to the managing agent for loans made to or remuneration due upto the date of termination. A further requirement is that the managing agent would be entitled to a charge by way of indemnity upon the assets of the company for all liabilities or obligations properly incurred by him, e.g., Bank guarantees. The charge will be subject to prior encumbrances. Power has been given to reappoint the managing agent and care has been taken to save those agency agreements which expire earlier than the period stipulated. In the Select Committee a provision was added with a view to keep intact the existing managing agent's right to recover compensation for termination of his appointment after twenty years but this was deleted by the Assembly.

With regard to new agencies coming into existence after the commencement of the Amending Act, they too, will lapse after a period of twenty years. It should, however, be noted that the provisions about payment and charge made in respect of existing agencies are not applicable to new agencies. The section does not apply to a private company other than a subsidiary of a public company.

The object of the above provisions is to put an end to perpetual or hereditary managing agency arrangements and give an opportunity to shareholders to remove managing agents in fit cases or revise the agency terms in the interest of economy.

In regard to existing agencies numerous amendments were tabled. The European group wanted deletion of all provisions with regard to these agencies. Failing this they wanted that existing managing agents should not be required to vacate office except by a special resolution. These amend-

ments were defeated. On the other hand the Congress Party wanted to strengthen the provisions by curtailing the period of existing agencies. It was proposed by Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant, an existing managing agent, that an existing managing agent should vacate office at any time after five years from the Amending Act coming into operation if the shareholders passed a resolution to that effect provided that thirty years had elapsed since the managing agent or his predecessor first occupied the office. In speaking on the amendment, Pandit Pant surveyed the whole field of the managing agency system with particular reference to the objections on the score of expropriation and sanctity of contracts raised by vested interests. He spoke "extempore" for over two hours. His speech was a magnificent performance and created a profound impression on all parts of the house.

Government, however, had made up their mind. They opposed the amendment and it was rejected.

Conditions Applicable To

Managing Agents

Section 87B deals with these conditions. They are as follows: (a) A managing agent would be liable to removal by a general resolution if convicted of a non-bailable offence in relation to the affairs of the company.

Although this appears to be an enabling provision the question how far it affects the general law governing the relations of master and servant would seem to deserve consideration. In this connection it may be pointed out that new Sec. 86C to which reference has already been made previously and which expressly applies to officers would also apply to managing agents as under its amended definition "officer" includes managing agent.

(b) The managing agent would automatically vacate office if he is adjudged insolvent.

(c) Transfer of office by managing agent would be void unless approved by the shareholders in general meeting. In the case of firms, a proviso has been inserted

(Continued on page 14 Col. 4)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

GOVT. AND MUSLIM OPINION

In reply to a question by the Communist M. P. Mr. Gallacher, Mr. Butler said that the British Government were fully aware of the Indian Muslim feeling over the Palestine question, of their demonstrations and protests and that "due account would continue to be taken by the Government of Muslim opinion in India on the subject of British policy in Palestine." This is adding insult to injury with a vengeance. For the "due account" that is being taken of Muslim opinion is to continue to base British policy upon a direct denial of the fundamental demands of Muslim opinion. This the Muslims now know only too well. And we sincerely hope they have also learnt the lessons of it. Incidentally, it is rather significant to note that Mr. Butler almost deliberately repelled in terms which avoided even a suggestion of the fact that Muslim opinion was supported by Indian opinion on the subject and that an All-India Palestine Day was celebrated under the aegis of the Congress. Mr. Butler also omitted to make any reference to the Palestine Conference that was held a few days ago in Delhi.

EXPENSE

Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary for India, professed to appreciate fully the view-point of Mr. Lawrence but pleaded that "in the stress of life which Government involves in India," the allowances proposed were the "minimum to enable the Government to carry out his duty in dignity." It is difficult to understand how dignified ceremonialism is calculated to relieve the stress of life in India. But as the proposed allowances were to be paid by the Indian tax-payer, the House was not at all critical about them. As almost anything said in support of Government is swallowed by the House, one Captain Cazalet ventured the remark that "the people of India liked to see their Governments properly conducted and were willing to make an appropriate contribution." If so, why not let the Indian legislatures vote to the Governor what they consider to be an appropriate contribution?

REVEALING DOCUMENT

Mr. Ranchhodlal Amritlal, the well-known Ahmedabad Congressman and a millowner, has made a formidable indictment against the Millowners' Association of Ahmedabad in his letter to Mahatma Gandhi. With the experience of both sides to the dispute that he undoubtedly possesses he has presented the case against the proposed wage-cut in a way which is unanswerable. Not only does he show the injustice of the millowners' proposal for reduction in wages but he also charges them with breach of the Delhi agreement and exploitation of the workers. He pertinently points out that the workers should

not be made to bear the main burden of the industry, and that millowners, too, some of whom have already got back the capital they had invested, should suffer a little reduction in their fat profits. What is most significant, however, is his categorical statement of the wasteful methods associated with the present textile management which if eradicated would avert the necessity of any wage-cut. The whole letter provides a welcome revelation of the true state of affairs and would no doubt guide Mahatma in his arbitration of the dispute.

WHY?

Many Congressmen, who suffered imprisonment for two years or more, have had their electoral disqualification removed all over India. The same, we dare say, is true of Bengal. But according to a United Press report, there are five Bengal leaders, four Muslims and one Hindu, who have been denied exemption. We are interested to know the unpardonable crime of which they have been guilty and which has brought them such decisive distinction. Is it really something worse than the fact that they are connected with organisations relating to mere peasants? And is it that the four Muslims represent a policy prejudicial to Knights and Nawabs?

ABIDE WITH ME.

Abide with me! The sun sinks in the west,
The still small voice of nature is hushed to rest.
Grey shadows lengthen over land and sea,
O Perfect Prince of Peace! Abide with me!
Dark looms the hour, and deeper still the gloam,
Another day has passed, my path draws nearer home.
The "Angels" rings clear, far-

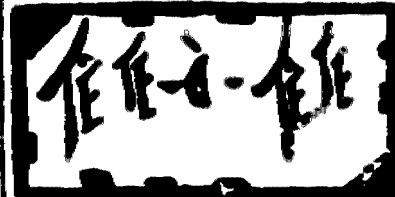
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WITHOUT COMMENT—

Sound schemes for extending medical aid to rural districts were approved by a conference of medical men held at Sholapur in the Bombay Presidency. In actual fact there is scarcely one of the recommendations which a Bombay Government with adequate finances would not be prepared to put into effect immediately.
—Times of India.

A RACING PARADOX

Punters cannot punt to-day because the Mahalaxmi course is flooded.

"When Craik and Metcalfe lose their sense of proportion,"
—Alier Kgo.

The resulting position is: "No change" or "As usual."

Incidentally, the Premier Colleague flush with pride of juvenile superiority wants to know if the correct expression should not be "when Craik and Metcalfe."

Mr. Baldwin has hinted the possibility of the Dominions being utilised for armament manufacture.

India, having yet to attain Dominion Status, will only be asked to supply—or raw material.

The British Premier thought that Mr. Churchill's estimate of the German air fleet was too high. Another atmosphere record?

A book called "The Record of The National Government" has been published by a British publisher.

Those who intend sending in the joke about blank white pages may save themselves the postage. The book is full of black letter press.

British M.P.'s are demanding sleeping accommodation in trains. Even while travelling, it appears, they insist on discharging their Parliamentary duties.

Major Ramon Franco, the rebel chief's brother, refused to disclose the reason of his visit to Rome. Since, of course, it is so obvious.

"Italy Stands Unmasked," declares a headline.
Why? Has Mussolini discarded the war-paint?

The Soviet delegate, speaking in the Non-Intervention Committee, alleged that the Italian delegate was piping a tune composed in Berlin.

We strongly repudiate this suggestion which is a grave insult to the great Italian composer—Benito Mussolini.

The Italian delegate at the same meeting declared that the Soviet creed was a creed of war.

This is taken in political circles to mean a gesture of good will hinting at a possible Pacifist-Soviet alliance. A sort, you know, of the olive branch which swings from the forest of 8 million Italian bayonets.

TO-DAY'S PRIZE BOWLERS

(Permeated By The Junior Colleague).

(1) Royal Western India Turf Club is a body of philanthropists whose life mission is to beautify Bombay.

(2) A punters' combine has cornered the local market in shirts.

An Admiral was examining naval cadets for promotion.

"Tell me," he asked one young hopeful, "what must an officer be before he can have a funeral with full naval honours?"

"Dead," was the prompt reply.

Sung its melody,
Shepherd of souls, do thou Abide with me!

The starlit sky illumines the dark of night,
Midst earthly toil and stress, my soul cries out to thee

O Lord of Life, come thou Abide with me!

When life's brief stay is o'er, the harbour lights will shine
My barque will steer towards the light Divine.

Crossing the bar, my soul will plead to thee
Oh Great Redeemer, let me Abide with Thee!

WALTER WATSON.

Nizam To Support Indian Federation?

Sequel To Recognition Of His Sovereignty Over Berar

TEXT OF AGREEMENT GAZETTED

The following are the salient features of the Agreement entered into by His Majesty's and the Nizam's Governments:—
His Majesty recognises the Nizam's sovereignty over Berar. The Nizam accedes to Federation of India.
The Central Provinces and Berar shall be administered together as if they were one province and His Majesty and all Federal, Central and Provincial Authorities shall exercise, in relation to Central Provinces and Berar, all such functions as may be vested in them by or under the Government of India Act, 1935.
The Governor of the Central Provinces and Berar will be appointed by His Majesty after consultation with the Nizam.
The Nizam's Flag shall be flown alongside the British Flag in Berar.
'Khutba' may be read in mosques in Berar in the Nizam's name. His Majesty will continue paying Rs. 25 lakhs annually to the Nizam as heretofore in respect of Berar.

Nizam's Agent For Berar

The Nizam may maintain an Agent in Berar for representing his views regarding matters of common interest to the Central Provinces and Berar and to Hyderabad, or which directly affect the interests of Hyderabad, but otherwise the Agent shall have no concern with any of internal affairs of the Central Provinces and Berar.
This is also provided that, if any amendment is made to the Government of India Act, 1935, which is inconsistent with this Agreement, the Nizam may be given six months' notice to terminate this agreement.

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 13. Following Extraordinary "Gazette of India" is published: His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to announce that His Imperial Majesty the King Emperor of India has been graciously pleased to command that H. E. H. the Nizam of Hyderabad and his successors shall henceforward hold the dynastic title of H. E. H. the Nizam of Hyderabad and Berar, in recognition of the Sovereignty of H. E. H. in the territory of Berar.
The sub-joined agreement, concluding between H. I. M. the King Emperor of India and H. E. H. the Nizam of Hyderabad on the 24th October, 1936, and the letter from His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General to H. E. H. the Nizam of Hyderabad, dated the 26th October, 1936, are published for general information.

Terms of Agreement
Now, therefore, it is hereby agreed as follows:—
Art. 1: His Majesty hereby recognises and reaffirms the sovereignty of H. E. H. over Berar.

SEX APPEAL

is very often nothing but a silky shave and here is its secret. Start by rubbing your beard well with a little

SUKESHA

(Trade Mark)

Oil. Then lather and shave as usual. You will get the smoothest shave of your life without any irritation. After shaving rub your beard with the same oil, to preserve the youthful freshness of your face.

KELVIN CHEMICAL CO., BOMBAY 4.

NOTICE.

At the request of Messrs. J. & E. Atkinson, of London, we have changed the name of our hair oil from

COCAMOND

to

SUKESHA

to avoid confusion with their COCOMOND Hair Oil.

KELVIN CHEMICAL CO., BOMBAY 4.

Indian

ment with reference to any matter which is of common interest to the Central Provinces and Berar and to Hyderabad, or which directly affects the interests of Hyderabad, but save as aforesaid the said Agent shall have no concern with any of the internal affairs of the Central Provinces and Berar.

Art. 12: The Governor of the Central Provinces and Berar will in the administration of Berar have due regard in discharging his special responsibility for the protection of the rights of any Indian State to the commercial and economic interests of the State of Hyderabad.

LEGISLATION FOR BERAR.
Art. 13: The Governor-General in declaring his assent in His Majesty's name to any bill of the Legislature of the Central Provinces and Berar, in applying to Berar, which has been reserved



Motiram Choudhary elected organiser of the Camp for volunteers for the Faizpur Congress Session which will be opened on 1st Nov.



Dhanji Nana Chowdhary, well-known Congress worker of Khandesh has been elected secretary for Faizpur Congress Session.

of H. E. H. the Nizam to this Agreement.

Art. 14: The Governor of the Central Provinces and Berar in declaring his assent in His Majesty's name to any bill of the Legislature of the Central Provinces and Berar applying to Berar, or in notifying His Majesty's assent to any such Bill preserved for the signature of His Majesty's pleasure, shall state that the assent to the Bill in its application to Berar has been given in virtue of the assent of H. E. H. the Nizam to this agreement.

Art. 15: Nothing in the present Agreement in any way affects or diminishes the "military guarantees" enjoyed by H. E. H. under any existing Treaty or Agreement, and nothing in the present Agreement shall be construed as imposing any obligation on H. E. H. not existing at the date hereof for the maintenance of the force known as the Hyderabad Contingent or its modern equivalent.

FRANCHISE QUALIFICATIONS.
Art. 16: The following provisions shall have effect in relation to elections to the Legislature of the Central Provinces and Berar and on the establishment of the Federation in relation to elections to Council of State.
(A) In so far as the qualification of a voter depends on the passing of an examination in Hyderabad shall in relation to constituencies in Berar have the same effect as the passing of an examination, which, for the time being, qualifies voters in the Central Provinces and Berar generally.

(B) In so far as the qualification of a voter depends on his or another's membership of any Regular Forces or any Police membership of the Regular Forces of H. E. H. and membership of the Hyderabad State Police shall, in relation to constituencies in Berar, be treated in the same way as membership of His Majesty's Regular Military Forces and membership of a British Indian Police force respectively.

Art. 17 Reference in this agreement to the Government of India Act 1935 shall be construed as references to that Act, as amended by or under any subsequent enactment, but if any amendment is so made which is inconsistent with any of the provisions of this Agreement, or amend any of the provisions of the Act, specified in the Schedule to this Agreement, not being an amendment which H. E. H. has agreed to accept as applicable to Berar, or an amendment which applies only as respects territories other than Berar, H. E. H. may, on giving notice in that behalf at any time within six months after the making of the amendment, determine this Agreement.

Art. 18: This Agreement shall have effect in substitution for the Agreement of the 5th November, 1902, shall not be varied or

amended save with the consent of both parties or subject to the provisions of the last preceding article, determined by either party so long as the rights secured to him are faithfully observed by the other and shall come into force on the date appointed as the commencement of part III of the Government of India Act, 1935; but nevertheless such steps may be taken before that date in Berar for the purpose of bringing the said Act into operation in and in relation to the Central Provinces and Berar, as may be

The Romance Of Words

Blue Stocking

There is no typical "modern girl" but would be insulted at being called a blue stocking. Yet, for about four hundred years there existed in one or other of the western European countries a fashionable set of young ladies, who formed cliques for the purpose of showing off their literary learning.

England got the craze from the French in 1780, when the badge of the blue-bird Club was worn by Mrs. Montague at her evening gatherings. The origin of the nickname, however, comes from Italy, where, in 1400, a number of Venetian society women distinguished themselves by wearing blue hose and going in for literature.

This intellectual type persisted for nearly two centuries. The last English blue stocking (in the real sense of the word) died in 1840.

authorised by or by any Order-in-Council under that Act.

NO FEDERAL JURISDICTION.
Art. 19: The provisions of Sec. 6 of the Government of India Act 1935 shall not apply to this Agreement nor shall the jurisdiction of the Federal Court extend to any dispute arising thereunder.

IRRESPECTIVE OF ACCESSION.
Art. 20: Nothing in this Agreement affects the rights of H. E. H. with respect to his territories other than Berar and it is hereby declared that this Agreement has effect whether or not H. E. H. is pleased to execute, and His Majesty is pleased to accept, any such Instrument of Accession to the Federation of India as is contemplated by the provisions of Part II of the Government of India Act 1935, in confirmation whereof H. E. H. the Marquess of Linlithgow, His Majesty's Viceroy and Governor-General of India has appended his signature on behalf of His Majesty and H. E. H. Nawab Sir Mir Usman Ali Khan Bahadur Fateh Jang, faithful ally of the British Government, the Nizam has appended his signature.



The Raja of Sarawak and his daughter snapped in Bombay yesterday on the arrival of the P. & O. Mail Boat. They are through passengers to Singapore.

Italy Stands Unmasked

Piping Tune Composed In Berlin, Says Soviet Delegate

LONDON, Nov. 13. The Non-Intervention Committee sat for 5 1/2 hours ending at 9-30 p.m.

A Communique issued at midnight states that the Committee has approved of the scheme for the establishment of a system of supervision in Spain, subject to certain drafting amendments and confirmation by respective Governments.

The Italian delegate, alleging the Soviet interference in Spain, declared that the Soviet creed was a creed of war. Italy accepted the challenge convinced that the future, not only of Spain, but all civilised Europe, was at stake.

The Soviet delegate retorted that the Italian delegate was piping a tune composed in Berlin. He added that division to-day was not between Communism and Fascism, but between countries which glorified in a war of aggression and countries which detested war and desired peace.

Italy stood unmasked before the world as an aggressor and arch-violator of treaties.

The Committee considered four complaints of alleged breaches of the Agreement by the Soviet submitted by Italy, but found the evidence insufficient to enable it to reach a definite conclusion that a breach of the Agreement had been committed.—Reuter.

HAMMOND CAPTURES 5 WICKETS FOR 39

New South Wales Dismissed For 273 Runs

SYDNEY, November 13. In the match between New South Wales and the M.C.C. New South Wales were all out for 273.

The M.C.C. had scored one for no wicket at the close of the play. NEW SOUTH WALES: (1st Innings.) McCabe c Fishlock, b Hammond 83; Robinson b Allen 91; Chipfield c Ames, b Hammond 14; McIlvray l.b.w., b Hammond 1; Hynes b Allen 3; Oldfield l.b.w. (N), b Hammond 1; White (not out) 3; O'Reilly c Fagg, b Hammond 1.

Total 273

BOWLING ANALYSIS:—Hammond 5 for 39.

M. C. C. INNINGS.
Fagg and Barnett at the close had scored one and nil respectively for M.C.C., both batting.—Reuter.

(Continued From Col. 7)

residences to be used free by the Governors. Mr. Butler said that the sums mentioned were maximum in most cases with the possible exception of sumptuary allowance. The order, in fact, consolidated the existing position and, in almost no case, was there any increase. The chief additional figures were those providing for new provinces of Sind and Orissa.

Mr. Pethick Lawrence wondered whether it was really necessary for Governors to have a considerable number of official residences which, he said, must add considerably to the cost involved. When the tendency in the world was to reduce ceremonial expenditure, it would not be a happy thing if the grant of a measure of self-government to India was accompanied by an additional burden on the backs of the people.

Britain Gets Ready For War!

Premier Confident Of Strategic Defensive Plans

LONDON, November 12.

The fact that British plans to be prepared against emergency extended to a scheme of food-rationing was mentioned by Premier Baldwin in the House of Commons on the conclusion of the Defence Debate. Mr. Churchill had charged the Government with inexcusable delay and had asserted that Germany retained preponderance of air strength.

Mr. Baldwin, replying, declined to divulge the state of British defensive strategy or plans to meet air attack, but said they were not being neglected. He said all Dominions were anxious about world politics and were discussing defences with the Home Government.

The Premier drew attention to the difficulty of making up for many years' accumulated deficiencies in the midst of distractions like the situation in the Mediterranean, the re-occupation of Rhineland and troubles in Palestine and Spain.

Nevertheless he declared rearmament was well launched and, on the whole, making good progress. All departments concerned were co-ordinating measures of the Committee of Imperial Defence, which covered an enormous range of business and catalogued all sections to be taken to transfer the nation's activities, perhaps overnight, from peace to war.

Aircraft Policy.
Government had adopted a wise and courageous aircraft policy. Plans were being pressed forward, but they did not feel justified in causing dislocation of trade and reduction of Britain's effective financial strength, which will follow an attempt to adopt them on a

British scale which some quarters had advocated. "We can always trust to the instincts of our people," said Mr. Baldwin. "They can achieve a unity which nothing can break. Should any difficulty supervene, he would not hesitate to ask Parliament for necessary powers to deal with the situation." In the meantime Mr. Baldwin said that Mr. Churchill's estimate of the German aircraft was too high.

Sir John Simon, replying to a question in the House of Commons, stated that information had reached him showing that the funds of both Fascist and Communist organisations had been supplemented from abroad. He declined to give a detailed statement.

No Outside Help.
Sir Oswald Mosley made a statement denying that the British Union of Fascists had received any money from foreign sources and asked Sir John Simon to produce evidence.—Reuter.

Why Should Governors Have Many Official Residences?

LONDON, November 12.

The House of Commons was busy with another weary debate yesterday.

The main subject of discussion was India and Burma Orders which, as Mr. Butler explained at the outset, contained no new principle, inasmuch as they were governed by the India Act.

An outstanding feature of the debate was the speech of Mr. Pethick Lawrence, who asked whether it was really necessary for Governors to have considerable number of official residences which must add to the cost involved. When in the world, he said, the tendency was to reduce ceremonial expenditure, it would not be a happy thing if the grant of a measure of Self-Government to India was accompanied by additional burden on the backs of the people.

No New Principle

In the House of Commons Mr. R. A. Butler moved that addresses be presented to His Majesty praying that India and Burma Orders should be made in the form of a draft order laid before the House. He explained that the Orders would be taken in groups.

They contained no new principle, inasmuch as they were governed by the Government of India Act, but they implemented, in some detail important decisions taken in the Act.

Dealing first with the Federal Court Order, which was necessitated by the fact that provincial autonomy would under the commencing order start in April, Mr. Butler said that necessity for the court would make itself felt little less under Provincial Autonomy than under the federation in being.

A small bench of judges must be available within a few months after April, Mr. Butler added that Government wished to proceed with the Order, so that they might go on with certain preliminaries in the establishment of a court necessitated by the Provincial Autonomy.

Referring to the section to establish a Supreme Court Mr. Butler pointed out that the ultimate decision was to leave this matter to the future Federal Legislature and added that there was no value in bringing into force that provision before the future federal legislature itself was set up. If there was no federal legislature, it was

clearly undesirable that the central legislature should be given opportunity to consider the question before Federation was established.

Repeating to Mr. Pethick Lawrence, who pointed out that it was not stated how many judges it was proposed to appoint and it was not quite clear whether judges were entirely new appointments, Sir Donald Somervell said that the intention, at the moment, was to appoint a Chief Justice and two judges which, it was thought, would be sufficient for the work likely to fall upon the court in the early days. It would have been difficult to put any definite limit in the Act as the work of the court could not be known in advance.

Governor's Allowances

Mr. Butler then moved Governor's Allowances and Privileges Orders, relating both to India and Burma. He explained the difference between the two orders. The Governor's salary in Burma was raised so that it would be equivalent to the salaries given to Governors of old presidencies of Madras, Bombay and Bengal. The Governor of separate Burma should receive salary worthy of his position.

Pointing out that the order dealt with such subjects as equipment of official motor cars and

(Continued in Col. 5)

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A LOOK ROUND THE WORLD.

TORY PEER WISHES TO REVIVE THE MILITIA
Lord Salisbury On The Lack Of Man-Power In British Forces

LONDON. (By Air Mail.)
A suggestion to revive the Militia in order to compensate for the comparative lack of man-power in regular British Forces is made by Lord Salisbury in the London "Times."
"Not only is the number of men serving in our Army very small, but it has no adequate reserves. Up to now there has been the Regular Reserve—the men, that is, who have recently passed through the ranks—and nothing more. How inadequate this provision is may be seen from the fact that when our military forces here are called upon in the slightest degree this Reserve must be immediately absorbed. Even for the purpose of restoring order in Palestine the Regular Reserve had actually, to a certain extent, to be laid under contribution."
Beyond this what else is there? The Territorial Force is of great importance for the defence of the country, but it is an express condition of Territorial enlistment that the men should only be used to serve in their own units. As a Reserve therefore, to make good the wastage of the Regular Army on active service, I presume they must be put on one side. This

course is not denied.
SUPPLEMENTARY RESERVE.
There are then no adequate reserves, and it was apparently the consciousness of this deficiency that led to the scheme of the Supplementary Reserve, which was launched just before Parliament rose. I am not sure that there has been any full explanation of the conditions of this little effort. The brief announcement of it in the House of Commons seemed to leave out a good many details, but at any rate we know that the number aimed at is only some 17,000 men; and that there appears to be no immediate probability that even this modest number can be obtained. Yet something must be done.
Before the War there existed another Reserve, a Reserve of about 70,000 men, which in that grim struggle abundantly justified its existence. It was the Militia. There were no limitations upon the service of the Militia in time of war. It is clear that somehow or other we must have an adequate Reserve for the Army. I put the question, "Why not revive the Militia?"

Military Activity On Greek Frontier

SOFIA. (By Air Mail.)
Great excitement has been caused here by latest reports of extensive activity of the Greek Government, all along the Bulgarian-Greek frontier where military fortifications are rising on all the strategic points. Roads of military importance, trenches and fortifications are being constructed in haste. All young people of fifteen and over that age living near the frontier have been compelled by the authorities to help in the work of road construction in order to speed up completion of the whole plan. Our special correspondent who visited the Singel mountain in Southern Bulgaria reports that it is possible to see the lights of military lorries going to and from the frontier with building materials and workmen.

French Fears

PARIS. (By Air Mail.)
Consequent upon the recent communist gatherings in Alsace-Lorraine, fears are expressed here in political circles regarding the possibility of a re-awakening of the Alsatian Autonomist movement and it is proposed to suppress immediately any disturbances to that effect, engineered by Nazi propaganda. It may be recalled that Alsace-Lorraine was under German domination for nearly half a century and when it eventually did return to France, it vehemently objected to French centralised administration, to compulsory teaching of French in schools and to the removal of the influence of the Church from educational institutions. A Home Rule movement was later started demanding complete independence from France. This was, however, suppressed with ruthlessness and the last vestige of it appeared to have died when the leaders of the Autonomist party were tried and sentenced at Strasbourg in 1928.—I.L.S.

Coronation Racket

LONDON. (By Air Mail.)
Urged by the scandal of exorbitant prices from Coronation seats manipulated by the various syndicates that have lately sprung up in the city, the Office of Works has decided to provide the greatest number of seats possible in stands to be erected along sections of the route such as public parks etc., under its control. Although full plans still await the approval of the Coronation Committee and it will be sometime before the entire arrangement can be announced, the number of seats will be far beyond the 70,000 provided last year for the Jubilee procession. According to unofficial estimates it may vary between 200,000 to 250,000.

CHINTAMANI NOT FOR U. P. ASSEMBLY

(From Our Correspondent.)
BENARES. Nov. 12.
It is understood that Mr. Chintamani, leader of the Liberal Party, does not wish seeking election to the new U. P. Legislative Assembly owing to the unsatisfactory state of his health. If his health improved and he was found quite fit, he would seek election probably from the Bawah Constituency.

Indian News From Here And There

"Members Urged To Exercise More Vigilance"

NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL PARTY PRESIDENT'S RESIGNATION AND ITS SEQUEL

(From Our Correspondent.)
ALLAHABAD. Nov. 13.
Raja Sir Rampal Singh had written the following trenchant letter to the press, regarding his resignation from the presidency of the National Agricultural Party. The Raja writes, "I am sorry to observe and feel much aggrieved that Raja Maheshwar Dayal Seth, Secretary of the National Agricultural Party of Oudh is shilly shallying with my resignation from the National Agricultural Party sent on Oct. 18. I sent him three letters and in spite of his repeated requests to withdraw my resignation, I emphatically refused to do that. Why has that the resignation not been placed before the Parliamentary Board of the Party meeting and another president elected in my place?"

"MAKE HAY WHILE SUN SHINES."
"There is a saying, 'make hay while the sun shines.'—Does it apply to him or to the party which he leads. I shall not touch on any of irregularities, which were committed in my time and for which there is more chance. Now I would only request subscribers to the party to exercise more vigilance over how allotment to finance candidates is going to be made."

"I write this letter not with any bitterness in my mind, but only for the sake of information to the members of the party to exercise as much control as may be possible without causing any friction."

Anniversary Of Guntur Dt. Hand-Pounded Rice Assn.

(From Our Correspondent.)
GUNTUR. (By Mail.)
The third anniversary of the Guntur District Hand-Pounded Rice Association was celebrated here in the Municipal Library under the Presidency of Mr. J. C. Kumarappa, Secretary of All-India Village Industries Association. After prayers Mr. G. Sitarama Sastry introduced Mr. Kumarappa to the audience as one who had sacrificed everything to the cause of the economic prosperity of the country.
OBJECTS OF ASSOCIATION.
In the course of his speech, Mr. Kumarappa said:—"The objects with which this association was started were two—to reform the diet of the people by introducing hand pounded unpolished rice in the menu, and to relieve unemployment."
But a regretful fact to notice is that the use of hand pounded unpolished rice is not spreading amongst the middle and poorer

classes who stand in most need of good food. The richer classes who patronise this association have a varied menu and in a large measure secure for the maintenance of their daily diet. Correctly construed, the object of this association will not be achieved until it reaches the poorest of the poor and caters to them. The rich are quite capable of taking care of themselves. If rice must be polished then parboiled rice is better as the process of boiling the paddy makes the grain absorb certain amount of nutritive elements, and hence polishing in the case of parboiled rice does not destroy all that is good. On the whole, it would seem that it is better to concentrate our efforts in our own locality than to spread out in a diffused way over a larger area.

In the first year the association started off well in paying the workers in kind; but owing to rise in prices they have resorted to paying in money. This is a regrettable step. Payment in kind is in itself a kind of subsidy to local industry, while payment in money is putting a premium on foreign trade. As long as there is no such thing as a free international market it is dangerous to allow other people to dabble in foreign trade. To-day foreign trade is a set of traps placed by powerful vested interests who are lying in wait to net in as much of the purchasing power as passes their way. Let us beware of waiting in the parlour of this spider. I do realise the difficulties that confront an isolated unit here and there trying to encourage barter but trolled by profit seeking financiers.

THAKKAR IN COCHIN STATE

Viceroy's Envoy In The South

(From Our Correspondent.)
ERNAKULAM. (By Mail.)
Mr. A. V. Thakkar (General Secretary of the All-India Harijan Sevak Sangh), accompanied by Mr. G. Ramachandran arrived here on the 2nd from Trivandrum, and left immediately for North Malabar. He returned yesterday from his North Malabar tour to Ernakulam where he was received by a large number of non-officials of the State.
At Ernakulam he visited many of the institutions of the Harijans. In the evening he presided over a meeting of the Araya (Fishermen) community, which was largely attended. Mr. P. K. Dower, one of the leading members of the

community in Kerala, welcomed Mr. Thakkar and referred to the humanitarian work of Sri. Thakkar, and said that he was a benefactor in the cause of the Harijan uplift.
"You have called me a benefactor of the Harijan movement, but I am not a benefactor nor a patron, but only a humble servant of the Harijans and instead of your expressing gratitude to me, I should express my gratitude to you for the opportunity given to me," observed Sri. Thakkar, in reply to the address presented to him by the Araya community of the State.

THIS ABSURDITY.
After thanking them for their welcome, Mr. Thakkar referred to the status of the Arayas in Malabar, and deplored the existence of rigid caste system, and said that it was a matter of surprise to him to know that persons who caught fish alone, were considered untouchables, while persons who actually ate them were not untouchables. It was absurd, he said, not from a religious point of view, or Ahimsa, but from an ordinary point of view.

EMULATE ASSAMER.
Speaking about the educational advancement of the Araya community, he said that he was sorry to hear that their boys and girls had not taken advantage of the opportunity afforded by the authorities, and advised them very strongly to educate their children, which alone would make them real citizens of the world. He asked them to curtail their expenditure and strive every nerve to solve the problem of illiteracy. In this connection, he mentioned the efforts of the Assam fishermen, to educate their children and exhorted the Malabar fishermen too, to follow the noble example of their Assam brethren. In conclusion, he advised the young men of the community, who had the advantage of education, to proceed to Madras and other places, to get themselves trained in fishing; for, he said that the possibilities were greater to solve the unemployment among them, if organised properly.

DEWAN INTERVIEWED.
Sri. Thakkar interviewed Sri R. K. Shanmukham Chettiar, the Dewan of Cochin, for nearly two hours at the Dewan's house, regarding the Harijan uplift work in Cochin. They discussed matters regarding Harijan uplift work, such as larger Government aid, and the question of undertaking Harijan work in the Colonies established by the Government was also fully discussed.
PROHIBITORY ORDER.
Notices under Section 125 C.P.C. have been served on 25 leading citizens of Trichoor, including Dr. A. R. Menon, Messrs. Ekshara Wariar and Iyyanil, all M.L.C.s of the Cochin Legislative Council, prohibiting them from participating in any meeting within the Town of Trichoor, for a period of 15 days from the 8th. The order was issued by the District Magistrate of Cochin State.

session of the Karnataka Unification Conference at Belgaum, with a view to focus public attention upon this problem, as also to pave the way for undertaking necessary and continuous agitation in this behalf until Government is compelled by force of circumstances to recognise their claims.

Dr. U. Ramrao, an ex-member of the Council of State of Delhi and the famous physician and public worker of Madras, has agreed to preside over the deliberations of the said Conference which will meet towards the close of November this year.
The organisers of the Conference desire to make it a live All-Karnataka and All-Parties affair. They would solicit the support and co-operation of persons of all shades of opinions and persuasions. They hope to enlist the support of even the linguistic minorities in Karnataka because the Karnataka Unification movement is pledged to safeguard their legitimate rights, according to recognised and well-established standards.

Fundamental Right.
Karnataka has been lagging far behind its sister provinces in India mainly on account of this great handicap. Her natural and other resources have remained untapped. Karnataka wants her fundamental right, an opportunity for self-expression. She has no desire to tread on other's due rights. She claims to be a Mistress—instead of, as at present, a stranger in her own house. It is, therefore, hoped that the organisers of this movement will receive full support from all quarters, including Government. They propose to carry on the movement until the goal is reached and Karnataka gets an autonomous province of its own.

ALIGARH STUDENTS DECRY COMMUNALISM

Move For A Separate Muslim Students' Federation Voted Down

(From Our Correspondent.)
ALIGARH. (By Mail.)
The students of Aligarh University have declared once for all that they will not be a party to any move which may create communal differences among the students, when a proposal to start an All-India Muslim Students' Federation was thrown out at a meeting of the Union by the overwhelming majority of students. The Hindu members of the Union abstained from voting, for it was considered to be a purely Muslim affair. Never before during the last few years had so many students attended any Union meeting for the students took the move very seriously and decided to uproot communalism once and for all from the Muslim students.

A letter from the Pro-Vice-Chancellor in consultation with the Vice-Chancellor declaring that the authorities should not be associated with the move was read for it seems that there was a misunderstanding that the Aligarh authorities had initiated this move.

Speeches were delivered condemning the reactionary move and appealing to the students to co-operate with students of other communities in the interests of their country. It was urged that Aligarh students should fight the Muslim communalists and co-operate with Hindus to remove the growing miseries of unemployment and starvation.

Great jubilation is left among the nationalist section of the Aligarh University. When the result was announced people shouted "down with communalism" and embraced one another. They are celebrating the victory as a great and happy occasion for they consider it to be the greatest victory of Nationalist and radical students. It is regarded as a factor which would strengthen the hands of nationalist Muslims.

(Continued from Col. 7.)
the students to form a brotherhood between themselves and voice their cause.

PROV. COMMITTEE FORMED.
A provincial local committee was formed having representatives from almost every institution. Mr. Sidh Gopal Chowdhary, District Organizer for Benares was made the Convener. This committee will organise the local branch of the A.I.S.P.—United Press.

DR. LOHIA ADVISES STUDENTS

"Keep In Contact With World Events"

BENARES. (By Mail.)
A meeting of the students of Benares was held at the Arya Samaj Bhawan, Benares, Mr. R. D. Singh presiding. Students from almost every institution attended. Mr. Krishna Swami, the joint secretary of All-India Students Federation expressed the urgent need of an All-India Students Organization. He also explained the aims and objects of the All-India Students Federation.

SAPRU RETORI CONDEMNED.
Mr. Rustom Satin speaking on the question of unemployment condemned the Sapru Report. He said that it was meant for nothing but to divert the energies of unemployed young men.

Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia of Allahabad in his speech said that students should keep themselves in contact with every happening in the world because, it will have its repercussions on the student world in India. Students in India should have common knowledge about the happenings in other parts of the world and must be proficient with internal affairs as well.

Prof. B. P. Sinha, Bar-at-Law expressed his desire to help any student movement because he felt that a powerful organization of students was not only an asset to the country but also will help (Continued in Col. 8.)

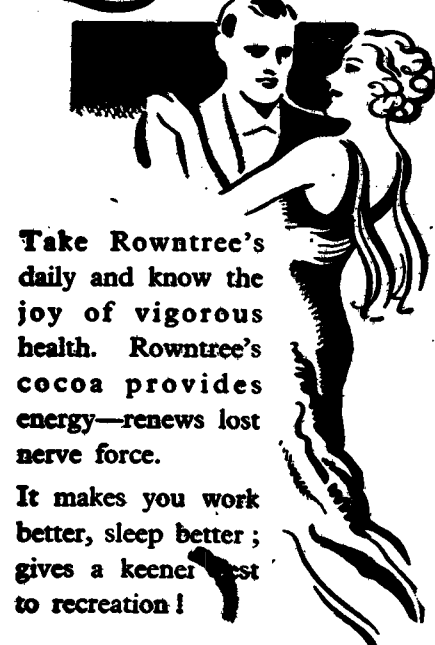


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CONSISTENT with its progressive policy, the *Kaiser-i-Hind* has for the last several years made every possible effort to supply its reading public with interesting material on almost all questions of public importance. The increasing demand on news-papers, which has resulted from the rapidly growing political and social consciousness of the people, makes it necessary for every journal worth speaking of to deal intelligently and independently with new problems and conditions that face the country to-day. It is this realisation on the part of the *Kaiser-i-Hind* that has made it an organ of considerable influence in the country. It may be re-called that the *Kaiser-i-Hind* was the only Anglo-vernacular journal in the whole of India, which at its own expense of hundreds of rupees sent out a special representative to London to the two Round Table Conferences. The deliberations of these conferences created a good deal of interest in the country and the *Kaiser-i-Hind* was quick enough to grasp the opportunity to satisfy the public interest.

OUR OBJECT.

For sometime past it has been brought to our notice that there is a large section of the public which is prevented from making use of the *Kaiser-i-Hind* because of the difficulty of the language. This particular section of the public is not able to read Gujarati. We have, therefore, after prolonged consideration decided to bring out an *All India Weekly Edition of the Kaiser-i-Hind* in English, side by side with our usual Anglo-vernacular issue. Our object is to meet the increasing demand all over the country for the *Kaiser-i-Hind*. This special weekly edition in English will contain matter of all-India interest. We have decided to engage Reuter's special service. The progressive nationalist policy of the journal by virtue of which it has become so influential in the country is too well-known to be discussed here. Independent of any political organisation or bureaucratic influence, the *Kaiser-i-Hind* has always championed the cause of the people. Non-communal and non-sectarian in dealing with every question of public importance it has secured the support of every community in the country.

SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC.

The *Kaiser-i-Hind*, as is well-known, is not merely a political Paper. It has other and more wider interests. The social and economic progress of the people is one of its chief concerns and it has never tired of pointing out that economically and socially the large masses of the different communities have identical interests. Legislation affecting public amenities or the industrial

and the agricultural interests of the people must be the same without difference of caste or community. And it is on this basis that this journal has always sought to bring about national consciousness and national unity. We are glad to say that our efforts in this direction have been considerably successful.

OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENTS.

The *All-India Weekly Edition of the Kaiser-i-Hind* will contain interesting information about the various parts of the country. For this we have engaged special correspondents and contributors in the important cities of the country. We will also publish a weekly letter from London by our special correspondent who occupies an influential position in the public life of England. There will be a special feature dealing with the development and progress in industry and commerce not only in India but also in other parts of the world.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

Among matters of general interest with which the *All-India Edition* will deal will be the progress and development of the feminine movement in this country and abroad. We have engaged for this purpose a highly qualified lady writer who has been for a long time taking an active part in problems concerning Indian women. Our literary page will contain reviews of interesting publications and will also deal with matters of general literary interest in India and abroad. There will be a special feature devoted to music and sports in general and another feature dealing with Art. There will be a Special Children's Corner which is bound to prove of great interest to our young readers. We have also decided to have a photographic competition every month.

TO BE PUBLISHED NEXT YEAR.

Our *All-India Weekly Edition of the Kaiser-i-Hind* will be published in the beginning of next year and is expected to receive a wide response from the public all over the country because of the rich reading material which we intend to supply to our readers. We hope that the public will appreciate our effort in the cause of national progress which we have decided to undertake at great expense. We are sanguine that like all our previous ventures this new publication will prove successful and bring new strength to the *Kaiser-i-Hind*.

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(Subscription to run from January, 1937).

Film Fare For The Divali



Shirley Temple retained at the Regal second week—"The Poor Little Rich Girl."

"OUR RELATIONS" WITH LAUREL AND HARDY IN DUAL ROLES

At The Empire

When Laurel and Hardy unknowingly have their sailor twin brothers come ashore to their quiet seaport town, the plot is set in their latest, Hal Roach-M-G-M feature comedy, "Our Relations," to create the most involved situations with ensuing Double Trouble and Double Laughs during the ten years this world-famous comedy team has highly entertained the world. The new picture starts today at the Empire Theatre. It is a Stan Laurel production.

Laurel and Hardy play dual roles for the first time in a feature. Naturally, they portray their twin brothers (where could doubles be found?) and it affords double the opportunities for their whimsical pantomime and fantastic action.

"Our Relations," based on W.W. Jacobs' short story, "The Money Box," is rated the fastest-moving and funniest vehicle ever starred by the renowned lean and fat funny men. Imagine, if you will, Laurel and Hardy enjoying a sedate existence with their wives, Daphne Pollard and Betty Healy, and friends in a seaport town. And then picture what happens when they change characters and clothes and become their twin brothers!

The two sailors are bad lads. They ran away from home, went to sea and were reported hanged for mutiny. So great is the families' disgrace that Laurel and Hardy withhold information—even from their wives—that they have twin brothers. And when the almost forgotten twins come ashore, entrusted with a valuable pearl ring by their ship captain (Sidney Toler), they meet two girls (Lona Andre and Iris Adrian) and the fun is on. Mistaken identity is made the basis for many hilarious funny scenes at sea and on land with some tragedy when gangsters



"Guilty Melody" at the Excelsior from this Saturday.

appear in quest of the pearl ring. "Our Relations" is something entirely different and more entertaining than any of the past Laurel and Hardy feature comedies. The excellent supporting cast features, besides those already mentioned, James Finlayson, Alan Hale, Arthur Housman, Ralf Harlowe and Noel Madison. The picture was directed by Harry Lachman.

(Continued from Col. 7.)

to keep peace and amity in his organization during the exacting work of rehearsal. No inconsiderable part of the fun in the production is contributed by Powell's "dumb" assistant dance director Frank McHugh.

One of the truly marvellous performances is given by Miss Madden, who makes her film bow in this picture. Not only does she prove to have a fine singing voice but she carries out her romantic role as the sweetheart of Powell with an ingenuousness that is truly a marvel for a player in her first film.

Shirley Temple Retained At Regal—Laurel And Hardy At Empire—"Stage Struck" At Capitol—"The Texas Rangers" At Pathe—"Guilty Melody" At Empire

SHIRLEY'S SONGS ARE THE NATION'S HITS

At The Regal

It is always an event when "Shirley Temple" comes to town, but according to reports it will be something in a way of celebration, an epoch, a new milestone in entertainment when the latest picture of her "The Poor Little Rich Girl" is continued for the 2nd week at the Regal. The reason being that the talented Temple Miss is giving the performance of her life in this new film supported by a veritable gallery of Hollywood's brightest stars, including Alice Faye, Gloria Stuart, Jack Haley and Michael Whalen. Add to the star and the cast a modern stirring romantic story and five bubbling new song hits by those ace composers Mack Gordon and Harry Revel. Shirley, of course, plays the title role. She is seen as the daughter of Michael Whalen, a wealthy young business man who is far too busy making money to devote much time to his own daughter. Shirley persuaded her daddy that she should be sent to boarding school where she can associate and play with other children of her age. Whalen agrees, but instead of attending to the task himself, delegates Sara Haden to accompany her to the school. Waiting for the train, Shirley wanders off. The busy sidewalks of New York lure her on to adventure. She is entranced by

"THE TEXAS RANGERS" At Pathe

"I never done nothin' to write a song about!" Back in 1874, this phrase was the traditional answer given by members of the first State peace organization in America, when asked about their exploits. The Texas Rangers were modest, and took their deeds of daring as part of the everyday task.

When King Vidor filmed his epic motion picture immortalizing them, "The Texas Rangers," shown from this evening at Pathe Theatre, he tried to capture some of the Ranger attitude. Not only a song, but a historic story as well, were written about the Rangers for the film; yet Vidor saw to it that the men themselves emerged on celluloid as characters in keeping with their own tradition.

In the period of Ranger history in which the story enacted by Fred MacMurray, Jack Oakie and Jean Parker took place, the band of men were familiarly known to pioneers of Texas as "Mr. Big Hats." The name grew out of the fact that only their hats distinguished them from other settlers. They had no official uniform.

They were dols. 40-a-month heroes, drawing an extra dol. 10 a month when on the trail and engaged in Indian wars. Their official equipment included a rifle and pistol, any clothing they chose to wear, blankets, rittas, and a saddlebag wallet holding salt, ammunition, tobacco and paroled corr. They hunted for their meat.

Leader of the band in the 1874 period in which Vidor's epic is set was Major John B. Jones, a Southern aristocratic type who spoke in a quiet voice, never smoke or drank and loved sponge cake. He seldom touched water, drinking coffee habitually because of the danger of pollution in unknown Texas streams.

Stationed in posts scattered about the State, the Rangers spent much of their time in the saddle, on the trail. Though a semi-military organization, they were loosely bound together and lacked much of the rigid discipline of later groups elsewhere.

Almost the entire aim, philosophy and nature of the Texas Rangers organization can be understood from their famous oath, taken by MacMurray and Oakie when they join in the picture. It pledged them to "drive out hostile Indians, stop feuds, destroy cattle and horse thieves and gangs of stage and train robbers, kill or capture murderers, and make Texas a reasonably safe place in which to live."

Interesting bits of Ranger lore were carefully observed by Vidor, who they were brought to light by the months of research which was undertaken for the picture. He learned, for example, that Rangers always crossed a river before camping, because of the possibility that a flood might come up in the night. They used their saddles and boots as pillows, used pallets of grass for beds, and slept with their heads to the north because of prevailing winds.

REPLICA OF PARIS COURT IN BRITISH FILM

At The Capitol

"Accused," the second production of Criterion Films Ltd., the British Company which made "The Amateur Gentleman" (Jr.) is a director will be presented at the Capitol Theatre on Saturday. Co-starring Douglas Fairbanks (Jr.) and Dolores Del Rio, "Accused," is a dramatic story of bohemian Paris, a mystery thriller in which a young wife is accused of the murder of a suspected rival in her husband's affections. The highlight of the picture is a scene in which the young wife is tried for her life. The courtroom in which this takes place is an authentic reproduction of the criminal court of the Palais de Justice in Paris. The set was built by Edward Carick, who obtained copies of the plans from the British Museum, and had more than one hundred pictures taken in the Palais de Justice in order to reproduce it exactly.

The identity of the real murderer is kept a close secret until the trial is almost over when, by an ingenious trick and at the risk of his life, counsel for the defence dramatically exposes the culprit. Besides Douglas Fairbanks (Jr.) and Dolores Del Rio, the cast includes Florence Desmond, Basil Sydney, Esme Percy, Cecil Humphries, and George Withers. Marcel Hellman was the producer and Thornton Freeland directed.

THE "GUILTY MELODY" At The Excelsior

It takes courage to attempt a dramatic plot with a famous operatic singer in the leading role, and yet Franco-London Films have done that very thing with great success in the A. B. F. D. release "Guilty Melody" now seen at the Excelsior. Gitta Alpar is the star, her marvellous voice holding the audience spellbound throughout her singing. She portrays a famous singer who becomes involved in a case of espionage, the male leads being taken by Nils Asther and John Loder as secret service agents of different powers.

In her role as opera singer, Gitta Alpar has ample opportunity for rendering excerpts from "Rigoletto," and in one scene, that of a Christmas Eve prison sequence, singing Gounod's famous "Ave Maria" with wonderful expression. It can be said that rarely before has such classic singing been joined with thrilling drama, the whole forming a most attractive entertainment. John Loder gives a good performance in a role entirely suited to him, whilst Nils Asther, minus his moustache, makes a suave and perfect villain.

The supporting cast is also worthy of attention, their portrayals being distinctive if only for their calm thoroughness. It is



Douglas Fairbanks (Jr.) with Dolores Del Rio in "Accused" at the Capitol this week.

MAMMOTH MUSICAL COMEDY AT THE CENTRAL

"Stage Struck"

Gay and sprightly with laughter and song, "Stage Struck," the latest of First National's mammoth musical comedy spectacles opens at the Central this week.

In story and characterization in sparkling dialogue, biting music and prodigious dance members, in lavishness of production and setting, this picture is a worthy addition to the First National's long list of musical comedy hits. In addition to its rollicking humour, it offers an interesting romance, with thrills and dynamic drama, and plenty of catchy music.

It is enacted by a cast of real stars, including Dick Powell, Joan Blondell, Warren William, Frank McHugh, Jeanne Madden, the Yacht Club Boys, a score of other principals and hundreds of extras.

There are three spectacular dance numbers with more than a hundred of Hollywood's most beautiful chorus girls in each and a specialty number set in a replica of the New York Aquarium where Powell and Miss Madden warble their love songs with the seals and fishes and other sea folk as eager listeners.

The songs sung by these two film players were written specially for the production by the famous lyrical team of E. Y. Harburg and Harold Arlen. Two other catchy airs are rendered by the Yacht Club Boys, who wrote their own music and lyrics. The famous quartet also stage some remarkable numbers with mad-cap antics.

Powell sings two popular airs, and his voice is better than ever. Nor has he ever had a better acting role than his present one in which he plays the part of a Broadway director trying to whip a chorus into shape for the premiere of a great musical.

Miss Blondell's part was made to order for her. She carries out the traces on her own profession with extreme unctious.

Warren William is excellent as the harassed theatrical producer who is driven almost insane trying

(Continued in column 2.)

Laurel And Hardy in "Our Relations" at the Empire this week.

rarely that such a high standard of all-round acting ability is found in a picture, and therefore all the more enjoyable when this does come to pass. The backgrounds are spectacular in some sequences without being unconvincing, whilst at all times the technical details are perfect.

Nicolas Brodsky composed the modern music for the production, including a song entitled "My Only Love is You" which promises to become highly popular. Richard Pottier was responsible for the direction with Paul Kahn as producer.

THE OTHER SIDE OF HOLLYWOOD

A Great Misnomer

In its popular conception as the home of the movie stars and the place where practically all American pictures are made, Hollywood is one of the world's greatest misnomers.

In the first place, Hollywood isn't a city at all. It's just a district of Los Angeles, and mail addresses to people in Hollywood clear through a postal sub-station.

More, than that, only two major studios are located in Hollywood proper and the only star who lives in the Hollywood district is Mae West. The other big studios are six to ten miles away and most of the stars live in Beverly Hills, which, by the way, is an incorporated city completely surrounded by the city of Los Angeles.

Paramount and RKO are the two big Hollywood Studios. They are all together on one big strip of land, separated only by a tall cement wall, bounded on one side by Melrose Avenue and on the other by Hollywood cemetery, of all things. A rock thrown from Paramount's Stage 10 could verily land near the hallowed monument of Rudolph Valentino.

MGM is in Culver City, some miles south of Hollywood. Warner Brothers and Universal are near Burbank, about seven miles to the north, while Twentieth Century-Fox is in Westwood, 10 miles southwest. United Artists is fairly near Hollywood's business district but it lies in a stretch of Los Angeles County land.

While Mae West is the one star who could walk to work if she chose, she actually is one of the film colony's leading motorists.

Her chauffeur pilots her the six blocks from her apartment to the studio each morning. On cloudy days Mae rides in her Cadillac limousine and on sunny days her Dusenberg roadster. Mae does not live in a house. She's on the 17th floor of a swanky apartment.

Two unique Hollywood motorists are Gladys Swarthout and Herbert Marshall. Miss Swarthout lives in a sprawling Beverly Hills house or Spanish design and her chauffeur-driven car is a Brewster.

(Continued on Page 19.)



"The Texas Rangers" with Fred MacMurray, Jack Oakie, Jean Parker at Pathe from to-night.



"Stage Struck" with Dick Powell, Joan Blondell at the Central this week.

DIABETES SUFFERERS!!!

Why suffer from the wasting and dire disease, when the well-known "DIABETES SPECIALIST" Dr. S. R. IYENGAR, who has cured hundreds of patients, completely and marvellously by his rare and invaluable specific and who has over 35 years of experience is near you? Consult him, personally, at once a day for "body, pulse and urine examination" after which only, medicine and its charges will be discussed with.

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BENGAL MESMERISM HOUSE, PANCHPOTA, BENGAL, (B.C.)

It's time for a "spot" of Beehive Brandy

Before the daily round
After that thankless task

Before the shoot
After the game

BEEHIVE BRANDY

Agents:—HERBERTSONS, LTD., BOMBAY and CALCUTTA.



Dr. J. Saynkiewicz, the Grand Mufti of the Muslim community in Poland, arrived in Bombay, by "Conte Rosso" on Thursday and was received at the mole by the Polish Consul and Sir Sulaiman C. Mitha, Mr. Huseinbhai A. Lalji and other Muslims.

Murat-Sauda In Share Bazar

Greetings Mix With Market Quotations On Diwali Day

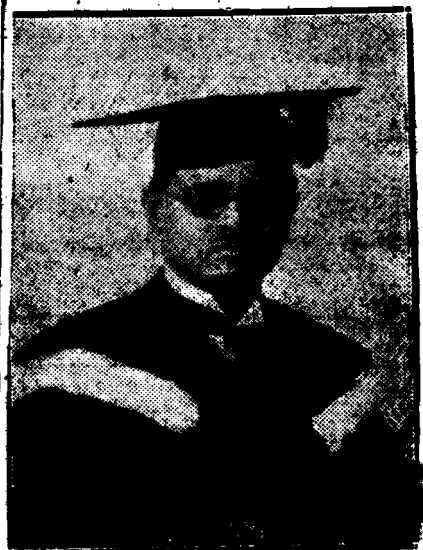
BOMBAY, Friday.
Where on the first day of the Diwali festival silence reigns in Dalal Street there was feverish activity this year.
The Share Bazar which, on the first day of the Festival, meets at 5-30 p.m. for the New Year greetings and making "saudas" (purchases) met at one p.m. to-day because of the riots and the Curfew Order in the city.

Long before eleven in the afternoon, share brokers and their clerks were on the premises, and Diwali greetings were often mixed with market quotations.
Offices of the Hindu brokers in the building were gaily decorated with bunting and the fumes of incense greeted the visitors.
The market transacted business for an hour and a half, and closed at 2-30 p.m.

MURDERER'S LAST NOBLE ACT

Leaves Rs. 15,000 Property To Charities

BELLARY, Nov. 13.
M. Cennama Gowder, who was sentenced to death by the Sessions Judge, Bellary, for shooting to death with a revolver Mr. R. Ramiah, Municipal Chairman, Adoni, was executed on Monday last.
The youth who faced his last moments with perfect composure has bequeathed all his property worth about Rs. 15,000 to charities.—United Press.



Mr. K. B. Nair, Professor, Veterinary College, Bombay, who had proceeded last year to Canada for higher studies in Veterinary Science, returned to Bombay this week by the Italian mail boat, after graduating from the University of Toronto. He also worked for a time in research institutions in England.

"PILLAR OF WATER" IN SEA

MADRAS, (By Mail.)
A strange phenomenon was noticed on the morning of Wednesday last in the sea opposite Queen Mary's college, Mysapore, when water at sea at some distance off shore was seen rising to a height of about 35 feet like a huge spring, and moving towards the coast at a terrific speed.
Fishermen living on the beach and others on the Marina wondered at the cause of such a strange sight. The pillar of water appeared to be drawn up by a whirlwind of immense velocity. When the wind swept over the coast it carried away the caps worn by fishermen and deposited them in the college compound. Fishing nets, left on the sands to dry were also carried away by the wind.—United Press.

Roof Collapses At Marine Lines Injuring Seven

BOMBAY, Friday.
Seven persons were injured when the roof of a shed in 1st Marine Lines collapsed this morning due to the heavy downpour of rain yesterday.
The injured persons were removed to the G. T. Hospital by the Esplanade Police for treatment.
It appears that the shed belongs to a Parsi who is a manufacturer of chutneys and pickles.
The workmen were sleeping on the verandah when the tiled roof suddenly collapsed and came down with a terrific crash injuring all the men sleeping underneath it.
None of the men were, however, seriously injured.
Inspector Beart of the Esplanade Police Station visited the scene and made inquiries.

STORM MOVES NORTHWARDS

Widespread Rain Likely To Continue In Central India

POONA, Nov. 13.
The cyclonic storm in the Arabian Sea recurred and is centred this morning about seventy miles south-west of Veraval. It is likely to move in some northerly direction.
Rainfall has been nearly general in West Central India, Konkan, South Hyderabad, Bombay Deccan; local in Chota Nagpur, east Central India, West Central Provinces, Gujarat, north Hyderabad, Mysore, south-east Madras and Madras Deccan.
A few falls have occurred in East Rajputana, and north Madras coast.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Sholapur three inches; Karwar two; Indore and Ratnagiri one and half; Jubbulpore, Parbhani, Nagapattam and Bellary one each.

FORECAST.
Rainfall will continue fairly widespread in west Central Provinces, Central India and in the Peninsula occur locally in Gujarat and east Rajputana and extend into Sind.

Thunderstorms will occur locally in United Provinces and at a few stations in Orissa, east Central Provinces, Chota Nagpur and Bihar.—A. P.

HEAVY DOWNPOUR AT SHOLAPUR

SHOLAPUR, Nov. 13.
There was a heavy downpour last night, measuring an inch and a half of rain and providing sufficient moisture for the withering crops.
Again at eight this morning a few showers fell and the sky is still overcast. More rain is expected.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.
Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 13-11-1938
Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .008 inches
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.1 degrees
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 75.1 degrees
Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 79.5 degrees 10.0 (below normal)
Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 76.0 degrees 3.0 (above normal)
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 86 per cent.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. 8
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 10 miles per hour
Total movement of wind in 24 hours 286 miles
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 33 miles per hour
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 7
Rainfall in 24 hours 0.31 inches
Total rainfall during the month 2.31 inches
Total rainfall during the year 56.43 inches
Weather remarks: Rain and squally.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 13-11-38
At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 79.3 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.07 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.87 inches
For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

KREMENTZ INTRODUCES —
A new self-adjustable watch band
Made of Krementz Kremaloy. A white metal, which will not tarnish or corrode. By far the most attractive... the most practical... the most enduring wrist watch bracelet ever offered. Fits the wrist perfectly. Beautifully finished. Insist on Krementz quality.

KREMENTZ
QUALITY JEWELLERY
EVERY PIECE STAMPED "KREMENTZ"

BHARAT

FIGURES RUN INTO CRORES

BUSINESS IN FORCE
Exceed 4 Crores 88 lacs
TOTAL ASSETS
Exceed 2 Crores 19 lacs
LIFE FUND
Exceed 1 Crore 74 lacs
CLAIMS PAID
Exceed 1 Crore 32 lacs

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BHARAT

Insurance Company Limited--LAHORE.

I'M WORRIED ABOUT MY WIFE'S NERVES! AND HER SYSTEM IS ALL OUT OF ORDER!

SHE NEEDS THE PRECIOUS NERVE-NOURISHING VITAMIN B IN QUAKER OATS

... JUST THE OTHER DAY

I HAD A CASE LIKE MRS. THIS YOUNG WOMAN SHED TEARS OF DESPAIR OVER HER CONDITION —

HER INTESTINES COMPLETELY LACKED TONE. APPETITE WAS POOR. SHE WAS A CLEAR CASE OF CHRONIC CONSTIPATION AND NERVOUS DEBILITY.

I ADVISED A GENEROUS QUANTITY OF QUAKER OATS DAILY. I CAREFULLY EXPLAINED WHY QUAKER OATS IS SO GOOD FOR US ALL. NOW ITS PRECIOUS NERVE NOURISHING VITAMIN B MUST BE TAKEN IN THE BODY EVERY DAY.

JUST THE OTHER EVENING I SAW HER AGAIN. SHE WAS RADIANT, WELL NOURISHED, SHOWED NO TRACES OF NERVOUS CONDITION. EVERY DAY I AM IMPRESSED MORE AND MORE WITH THE IMPORTANCE OF QUAKER OATS TO SOUND HEALTH.

THIS ADVICE MADE A NEW WOMAN OUT OF HER!

You can't have a healthy body without a daily supply of the PRECIOUS NERVE-NOURISHING VITAMIN STORED SO RICHLY BY NATURE IN QUAKER OATS

It takes well-nourished blood to fight off colds, sickness, and anemia. Blood that is nourished with generous supplies of food mineral-iron and copper.
That's why a daily diet of Quaker Oats is so good for us. It is one of Nature's richest sources of these

two blood-building minerals. This same appetizing food gives us also an abundant supply of nerve-nourishing Vitamin B. A food element we must eat every day to avoid nervousness, constipation and poor appetite. For the good of your health, eat Quaker Oats every day.

QUAKER OATS
Gives you the Vitality to keep you fit

EXPERTS SELECT QUAKER OATS FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY
With the whole world of food science to guide them, experts in charge of these tests select Quaker Oats over hundreds of other cereals.
Made from purest Domestic grain.
30% richer in nourishing building values.

WHEN YOUR HEART DOES THE WORK OF YOUR ARTERIES YOU ARE A VICTIM OF HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE

the fate of six out of ten people in daily life

The Heart is the Pumping Station of the Human Body. During life it never stops work. Every day of your existence it pulsates 100,800 times and pumps 8 tons of blood. Fourteen pounds of pressure are required for every contraction just so that the blood, by way of arteries and veins, reaches every part of the body. If an obstruction takes place in the arteries which impedes the normal flow of blood, the heart is forced to pump harder. But, of course, this strain on the heart cannot go on indefinitely and Heart Weakness and Heart Failure are the natural outcome.

How do the Arteries become obstructed?

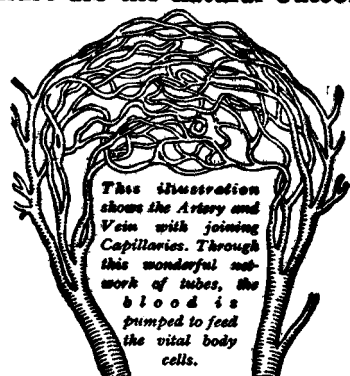
At about the age of 40, though often before, the conditions of modern life create a deposit of lime salts in the Arteries. They lose their ability to contract and expand and the whole circulatory task is thrown upon the heart. The vital work of nutrition is seriously interfered with as the organs of the body fail to receive a proper supply of blood and vitality. Thus you become a victim of High Blood Pressure, the fate of six out of ten people in daily life. The results are only too clearly seen in the sufferer. As an age when he should be enjoying the good things in life, he finds that neither work nor play holds any interest. His face is lined with care; his steps timid and uncertain.

Is there a Successful Treatment for High Blood Pressure?

Most certainly there is and it is not a drug. It is not a secret remedy. Indeed, nothing could be more natural to our bodies than the principal constituent of 'Phyllosan' Tablets—the only satisfactory treatment for High Blood Pressure. Scientific tests of the most critical kind have proved that 'Phyllosan' Tablets renew the blood-stream WITHIN 14 DAYS. When Blood Pressure is banished with 'Phyllosan' Tablets, the sufferer's health returns.

Abundant evidence is available to prove that a course of 'Phyllosan' Tablets will have a profoundly revitalizing and rejuvenating effect upon the entire human organism. 'Worn' out body cells are replaced; nerves are strengthened; the heart is fortified; the blood is revitalized and ALL THE PHYSICAL AND VITAL FORCES ARE INCREASED IRRESPECTIVE OF AGE.

What are 'Phyllosan' Tablets? We have already stated that nothing could be more natural to our bodies than 'Phyllosan' Tablets. The following facts will prove that statement. The principal constituent of 'Phyllosan' Tablets has been described by eminent scientists as "the most wonderful substance in our world." It is extracted from green vegetables and possesses the closest relationship to human blood pigments. Dr. Buerger, M.D., of Berne University, Switzerland, under whose personal supervision 'Phyllosan' Tablets are prepared, spent 15 years of research before



he succeeded in isolating this wonderful product without detriment to its vitalizing power. 'Phyllosan' Tablets in the Treatment of Anemia.

Women—especially young girls—are particularly prone to the distressing malady known as Anemia. This disorder is caused through impoverishment in the quantity and quality of the vital red blood cells. 'Phyllosan' Tablets quickly renew these cells and give to them their proper supply of revitalized blood. Given sufficient new cells in the blood and Anemia is impossible.

IMPORTANT.

'PHYLLOSAN' Tablets are perfectly harmless and can be taken by the youngest and most delicate persons with complete confidence. 'Phyllosan' Tablets contain neither drugs nor glands nor animal extracts and in their preparation, are untouched by hand throughout.

SOME WONDERFUL TRIBUTES
"Immediate Benefit after 1 Bottle.
"I have taken many medicines before but can honestly say that nothing I have ever taken has done me so much good in such a short time."—E.S.

Benefit in 3 days.
"I got a small bottle on Tuesday and by Friday following I could feel the benefit."—H.U.
Pain Vanishes after taking HALF a bottle.
"Before I had used half the bottle all pain and dizziness had left me."—W.L.
Thought She was Going to Die.
"I was so ill with Syncope of the Heart I never thought to live and now after only 6 days taking the tablets I feel well, young and strong."—E.B.

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Bottle of 10 oz. Rs. 2-12-0.

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Peep Into Old Bombay

SURPRISING METAMORPHOSIS IN A CENTURY!

Lack Of Street Lighting: European Malcontents: Plague Of Beggars And Burglars

A broadcast talk was given by Mr. R. P. Masani, social worker, reformer and antiquarian, on Tuesday night wherein he gave his picture of Bombay a hundred years ago. We give extracts from it below:—

A hundred years ago Bombay was an altogether different place from what we see to-day—unventilated, unpaved, undrained and unlighted. No water introduced from Vehar or Talas or Tansa, only a few public wells and tanks to serve the needs of the public. Good water was scarcer than gold wine. No gas, no electricity, not even oil 'bottles'; nor was there a municipality to make the lives of landlords miserable. The conservancy of the City was looked after by His Majesty's Justices for Bombay under the direct supervision of the Governor-in-Council.

The Justices resolved in the year 1833 to light the streets. Every street light is equivalent to one policeman, if not two; the Justices thought they could watch the streets better with lights than without, but the Chief Justice of the day thought otherwise.

In those days the Judges were a terror to all, the Governor of Bombay included. They believed they had a voice in all matters, be it street lighting or state policy. There were therefore, constant clashes of arms between the Governors and the Custodians of Justice.

In this case the Chief Justice of the day sent for the Superintendent of the Roads and warned him that the contemplated lighting of the roads was illegal.

LIGHTING STOPPED.

As, however, the Chairman of the Bench refused to take cognizance of such a warning, 't was held by the Judges that the application of local funds to the lighting of roads was contrary to the meaning and intent of the statute from which the Bench derived its powers for watching and repairing the streets.

The lighting was, therefore, stopped and darkness and desolation ruled the streets until the year 1842 when the oil 'bottles' were installed.

A hundred years ago, no railway or tramway cut through our streets, nor was a single bus or motor-car to knock you 'down' whilst leisurely winding your way through the middle of the road. High dignitaries like the Governor had a horse carriage. For fashionable people a 'bel' (bullock) 'gharry' was a luxury.

To drive a pair of swift bullocks from Bandra to Fort was the delight of the dandies of the day. For business locomotion the 'palkee' was in vogue. We are told that when rich European merchants went home, they scattered rupees from their palanquins on their way to the bunder-head. Alas for the White Nabobs! Rupees do not now grow on trees as they did before.

Until the end of the last century the 'palkee' was also the equipage of medical practitioners. As a little lad I used to see many a stout son of Aesculapius carried on the shoulders of sweating hamals through the streets of Bombay. Gone are those palkees and gone those doctors, solicitors and business men with their retinue of hamals.

Happily one of them is still in our midst, hale and hearty. I mean Dr. Sir Temulji Nariman, whose fast-trotting hamals often shouted to me to step aside whilst carrying him post-haste to his patients, with all the pomp of royalty.

It is a singular coincidence that the Parsi community is celebrating on the 28th day of this month the completion of fifty years of this veteran doctor's services as Honorary Physician and Secretary to the Parsi Lying-in Hospital.

TRAVEL IN PALANQUINS.

Before the advent of the railway in the middle of the last century people used to travel across in 'palkees' even to such distant places as Calcutta. There was a regular 'dak' service from Bombay to Calcutta under the control of the Postal Department and the District Collectors.

No wonder postage to Calcutta was 15 annas for under a tola. With a view to minimising the crushing burden of postage many British firms clubbed together, wrote on the thinnest paper and sent their letters under one cover.

A STREET GLIMPSE. After this excursion into the history of Old Bombay, let us have a glimpse of the streets. As the outset I would ask you to thank your stars that you were not ushered into the City during the first half of the last century when Bombay had acquired the reputation of being the Morgue of India.

Though clad in gold and washed by the silver sea, our island city

was then one foul cesspool and news discharging on the sand. To ride home to Malabar Hill along the sands of Back Bay was to encounter "sights and odours horrible to describe."

Squalid filth within doors and without, deficient arrangements for conservancy, imperfect drainage, lofty houses situated in narrow and crooked lanes without any means of ventilation. In a lane 9 feet wide the houses on each side were of two or three floors.

EUROPEAN MALCONTENTS. The Indian population was then blissfully ignorant of the rudiments of sanitation. Indeed the malcontents in those days, whether in respect of sanitary abominations or in respect of civic, economic or political atrocities, were Europeans, not Indians. In his 'Glimpses of Old Bombay,' James Douglas has given street notes culled from English newspapers of those days from which I would read out a few to you.

"Colaba Ferry is a cincture of reeking straw and filth skirting with pestilence the breach before the Fort. I could put up with the rocking up a passage boat, if it were possible, to avoid the devil of road pumping you over a rugged mass of rocks from one island to another."

Colaba was then connected with Bombay by a narrow pier which was covered with water at high tide. People returning home after dinner parties often found the curving waves beating over their homeward path and compelling them to return to the quarters of their hosts. The more impetuous sought to swim their horses acrossing dangerous pass and lives scheming under the shade.

DREAM PARTIALLY REALISED. That dream appears to have been partially realised. It's not fond lovers, you find ferocious loafers at the spot sitting and scheming under the shade.

"The Sanitary conditions of Bombay is a disgrace to all." "From Colaba Church to the Light House the stink might be cut with a knife."

The Indian population it seems, scarcely bothered about such nuisances, nor did they complain of dust or noise. It was only the roar of the tiger that sent a thrill of horror from end to end of the island.

Wild beasts and reptiles then played a small part in building the reputation of our City as the Morgue of India, as you will see from a few additional street notes, which I will read out to you.

PLAGUE OF BEGGARS AND BURGLARS.

Speaking of these scourges, I must not fail to mention the plague of beggars and burglars. During the day the streets were infested by all sorts of mendicants and at night they were overrun by gangs of thieves and armed burglars.

In 1827 a body of thirty dacoits came down Dadyseth road, Malabar Hill, and assaulted the Police. In the same year robbers actually entered the house of the Chief Justice who had publicly denounced their depredations.

Palkees and hackeries were stopped and their occupants looted by audacious villains, sword in hand. The bearers of the palanquins were often themselves a set of rogues and insolent blackmeters. Woe to the men who resented their exactions while being carried through sequestered portions of the city!

The streets were also rendered unsafe by hooligans who, on the slightest pretext, rushed into the streets with "lathis." Rioting was not then the monopoly of Hindus or Muslims. The now peaceful Parsi also joined merrily in that pastime. In 1832, when a European constable was engaged in killing dogs within the Fort, he was called upon by the Parsi residents to stop the slaughter as it was a Parsi holiday. The constable discreetly beat a hasty retreat. Nevertheless, the mob belaboured two other constables who happened to be there.

QUELLING OF DISTURBANCE. Within an hour the disturbance assumed alarming proportions. The Police Office and the Supreme Court were surrounded by a rabble composed of members of all communities and the aid of the military force had to be requisitioned next day to quell the disturbance.

Such were the streets and denizens of Old Bombay. Such the squalor, such the insecurity of life and property, such the ignorance and fanaticism of the people. May we not reason to feel grateful that there is a remarkable change for the better as regards sanitation and other amenities of civic life. But alas! ignorance and fanaticism still sway large sections of the people and we are still far, far away from the civic goal of neighbourliness and concord.

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	Ra.	Ra.	Ra.	Ra.	Ra.	%
1927	15,185	1,800	94,844	Nil	1,34,763	12%
1928	35,850	18,000	2,04,415	29,060	3,85,252	12%
1929	38,325	32,000	2,10,082	29,060	4,50,572	12%
1935	81,235	38,000	6,08,526	39,460	7,59,561	9%
30-9-1936	1,00,715	38,000	7,45,978	41,512	9,50,648	9%

Another noteworthy feature of its working is its investment in gilt-edged securities a sum more than its Reserve Fund and the working of the Bank has all along been characterised by strict economy consistent with efficiency.

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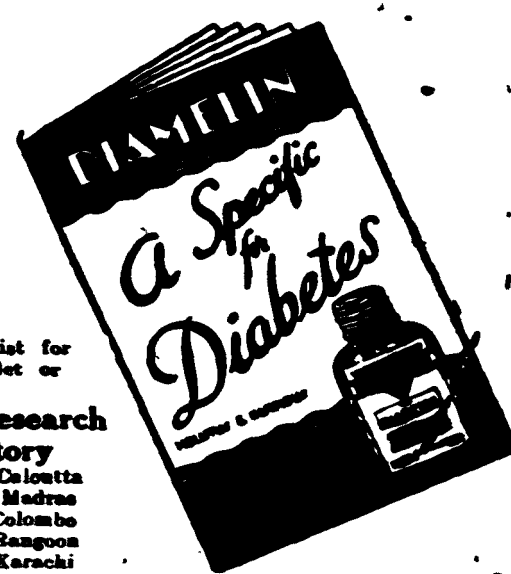
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INDIAN CONTINGENT FOR CORONATION

Representation For All Arms On Contingent For England

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 12.

Official information has been received that a combined military and police contingent from India will be sent to England on the occasion of the coronation of His Majesty King Emperor on Dec. 12, 1937.

The actual strength of the contingent has not finally been decided but it will be representative of all branches and classes of the Indian Army. Included in the contingent will be representatives of Royal Indian Army and Indian Airforce, Auxiliary Force (India) and Indian Territorial Force will also be represented in the contingent.

Indian States Forces are being asked whether they will provide a

personnel to accompany the contingent.

Heavy Raining Over Frontier

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 12.

There have been heavy rains over several parts of the North-West Frontier Province, particularly the tribal territory which has been beneficial to the operations for rabi crop.

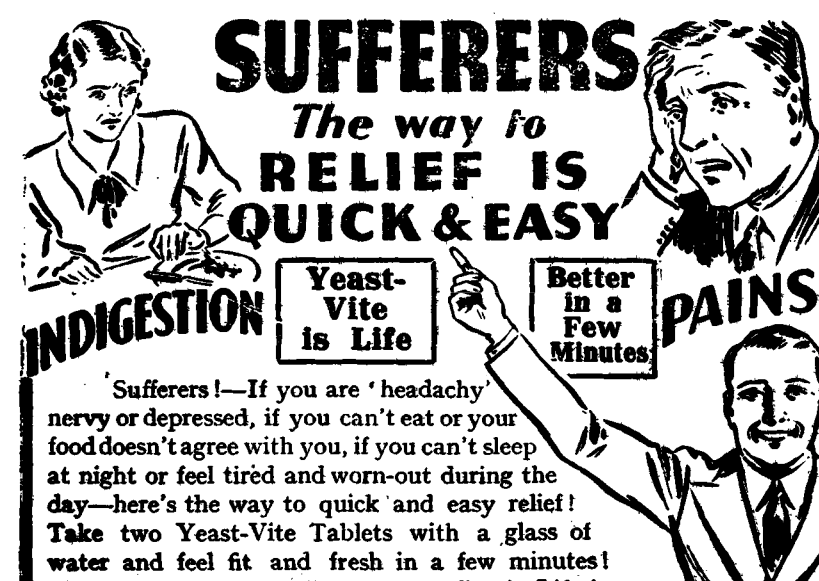


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REAL DANGER TO NATIONALISM

Mr. Joseph On Implications Of Patiala-Dholpur Controversy

BOMBAY, Nov. 12. "The Maharaja of Dholpur said the obvious thing: that the Federal scheme can work only by the Princes holding the balance against the forces of nationalism with the assistance of the rich folks and vested interests in British India. The Maharaja of Patiala has made it a controversial issue by professing to be shocked at the commonsense view of the situation," declared Mr. George Joseph, the Madras leader, who is now in Bombay, in an interview to the "United Press" on the Patiala-Dholpur controversy regarding the formation of an All-India Conservative Party with Princes and vested interests.

THAT DIVE RIGHT THEORY

Mr. Joseph continued: "The Maharaja of Patiala says, he will have nothing to do with conservative opinion in British India. His Highness invokes the divine right of kings. But it is clear as daylight that Federation, when and if it comes, will be sustained only by a working arrangement between the delegates of the Princes who will then take the place of the present official 'bloc' and all those who are not members of the Congress.

DANGER TO NATIONALISM

"It is one of the oft-repeated theses of President Jawaharlal Nehru that the Princes, Zemindars and big capitalists will constitute the real danger to Nationalism; and his thesis was one of warning, but fundamentally true nevertheless. The Maharaja of Dholpur put forward the truth of the case as the foundation of an intelligible programme. The Maharaja of Patiala has horrified the Maharaja by having failed in tact and discretion; but he has not missed the truth."—United Press.

OUTLAW ESCAPES WOUNDED

Govt. Offers Reward For Capture

LUCKNOW, Nov. 11. An encounter between the gang of Mewaram, a notorious outlaw of the United Provinces, and the police is reported to have taken place in the Gonda district last night resulting in injuries to persons of both parties.

Mewaram, who is alleged to be responsible for at least a dozen murders, received a bullet wound but managed to escape. One constable was badly wounded and a head constable who gave chase to Mewaram has not yet returned.

AS SUB-INSPECTOR Mewaram was, it is stated, moving in the district disguised as a Police Inspector when the police party challenged him. The gangster and his followers opened fire and the police replied. The entire police force of the Gonda city was rushed to the village Darbhikana where the encounter occurred.

In the meanwhile the Deputy Commissioner of Gonda has distributed 25 guns among the villagers to keep careful watch on Mewaram's gang. The Government reward for the capture of Mewaram is now raised from Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 5,000.—United Press.

STATE PRISONER TRANSFERRED

MADRAS, Nov. 12. Mr. Jibanal Chatterji, a Bengalee State prisoner under Regulation III of 1818, has been transferred to the Madras Penitentiary from Vellore Central Jail for X-ray examination and medical treatment.—United Press

GAMA TO TOUR SOUTH INDIA

MADRAS, Nov. 12. News has been received here that Gama, the foremost wrestler and world champion, will tour South India at the end of this month. Gama has just completed a successful tour in Afghanistan. In his tour in South India he will be accompanied by his brother Imam Bux five of his disciples and his secretary. It is understood while in Madras Gama will meet an American wrestler.—United Press.

BOILING OIL KILLS CHILDREN

HYDERABAD (Sind) Nov. 12. Two children were killed and five injured as a result of the spurning of boiling oil on the children in the market quarter. It is stated that a can of oil was upset with the above results.—United Press.

SOCIALIST PARTY FOR TAMIL NADU

BOMBAY, Nov. 12. It is understood that a Provincial Congress Socialist Party will soon be coming into existence in Tamil Nadu. Mr. M. R. Masani, General Secretary of the Congress Socialist Party, will in accordance with the decision of the Central Executive of the Party, be visiting Madras Presidency from November 26 to December 4.

Arrangements are being made to hold a meeting of the representatives of Congress Socialist groups in the Province on Sunday, the 29th November in Madras City, to bring into existence an organising committee for a Provincial Party.

Those interested should communicate immediately with the office of the All-India Party in Bombay.—United Press.

CRICKETERS' AUTOGRAPHS

Ban Proposed In Sydney

Sydney, at any rate, of the Australian cities is contemplating a ban or at any rate, some restriction on the importation of the autograph-hunters who are preparing to descend on the M. C. C. test team. Bart Oldfield, Stanley McCabe and Allan Kippax are among those who have raised their voices in support of the movement. "If people are genuinely interested in obtaining a player's photograph," said Oldfield, "I suggest that autograph books be kept to his hotel accompanied by a fee of three pence or six pence. This money should be devoted to the hospitals in the city in which the match is being played." McCabe heartily agrees, "Autograph hunters are a nuisance," he declared.

Kippax spoke feelingly. "While every player is pleased to oblige within reason," he said, "the stage is frequently reached when scraps of paper bits of cardboard, and even cigarette butts are handed to you, and it becomes more than a joke. Meanwhile Sydney stationers report booming sales in autograph books and fountain pens."

ENGLISH PLAYS FOR BERLIN SCHOOL-CHILDREN

To give Berlin school-children an opportunity to improve their knowledge of English John Galsworthy's famous sociological drama "The Silver Box" has been produced in English at a leading Berlin theatre. A German version of "Love's Labour Lost" has been one of the successes of the season in Berlin, and Oliver Goldsmith's "Good Natured Man" has been produced at the Comedy House.

One of the leading German film companies has just completed the filming of Oscar Wilde's "A Woman of No Importance". This is the third Wilde play to have been filmed recently in Germany, the others being "The Ideal Husband" and "Lady Windermere's Fan."

Prof. N. G. Ranga, General Secretary, Federation of South Indian Peasants and Agricultural Workers, informs that owing to many requests made for some postponement it has been decided to organise the Peasants' Marches throughout the Madras Presidency on Saturday the 28th November instead of on 25th.



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BIRTH CONTROL

Why Indian and European Judges, Magistrates, Doctors, Professors, High Court Advocates, etc. after 10 years use call "F. P. Pills," the best of all birth-control drugs, country made or foreign? Because they say, "it controls birth infallibly and at the same time keeps monthly flow normal and thus improves health in each and every case used." Read their opinions 4 months' pills Rs. 24 Dr. M. Bose, B.A., M.D.H., B.L., Saidpur (Rangpur), Bengal.

8-30 p. m.

after
record breaking
success during
past week.

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Shows at 5-45 p.m. on Week Days.
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Remuneration of managing agents is regulated by Section 87C. The section does not apply to remuneration of existing managing agents. It applies to all new appointments as well as reappointments made after the Amending Act comes into operation. The basis of remuneration is to be a sum based on a fixed percentage of the annual net profits with a provision for minimum payment in the case of absence or inadequacy of profits together with an office allowance to be defined in the agreement. Any stipulation for remuneration additional to or in any other form than the remuneration specified above, would not be binding on the company unless sanctioned by a special resolution. The effect of the provision is that managing agents appointed or re-

The expression 'net profits' has been defined. The most important amendment in this connection is that depreciation would have to be deducted in calculating the managing agents' commission. This is as it should be. Again bounties or subsidies received

The section does not apply to a private company other than a subsidiary company of a public company. It also does not apply to insurance companies in regard to which legislation is under consideration.

(To Be Continued).

It is stated that Mendes was ailing for the last three months. Inquest on the body has been postponed by the City Coroner.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood a Debate open to the public will be held at Mondai, 10th March, at 8 p.m. (S.T.) at the Blazer Messy Hall, French Bridge, Chowpatty, when Mr. Stanley Jepson, will propose that "War will establish Peace and Save Humanity". Mr. Joachim Alva will lead the opposition. Amongst the speakers will be:-Messrs Sebastian Pinto, V. B. Shanbag. S. Jafri, Frank Roacha-Fernandes, Mrs. J. M. Joshi, Shanti Karan, B. G. Kulkarni, Miss Alice Dastur and Miss Usha Mehta.

Sir John Beaumont, Chief Justice of Bombay, will preside.
All are invited.

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FORTY POUNDS OF FAT WENT LIKE MAGIC

Young Woman's Success In Reducing

RECOVERED HER FIGURE WITH KRUSCHEN

Seven months ago, this young woman received a nasty shock. She discovered that her weight was 13 st. 8 lbs.—and she was only twenty-five! Her discovery of a reducing treatment that worked like magic is best told in her own words:—

"I am twenty-five years old, and 5 ft. 6 ins. tall. Three years ago, I started to gain weight at an alarming rate. I did not realise how much weight I had actually gained (as I had become very shy of scales) until last August, when curiosity got the better of me, and looking round so that nobody should see me I got on a scale—and I nearly fainted. I weighed exactly 13 st. 8 lbs.

"I tried dieting—but what I lost one week I would gain the next (sometimes with interest). So I experimented with various remedies. Eventually I took Kruschen and at the same time modified my diet. This method worked like magic. I am now down to 10 st. 10 lbs., a loss of 40 lbs. in seven months." (Miss) J. W.

Kruschen combats the cause of fat by assisting the internal organs to perform their functions properly—to throw off each day those waste products and poisons which, if allowed to accumulate, will be converted by the body's chemistry into fatty tissue.

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Why Races Had To Be Postponed

Mahaluxmi Is Essentially Dry Weather Course

R. W. I. T. C. Has Converted What Was Eyesore Into One Of City's Show Places

Racegoers who had looked forward to the opening day of the Bombay Racing Season on November 14 will have to wait a while. Mahaluxmi was all set for the racing, but rain, unseasonal at this time of the year, has rendered it impossible to have the programme according to original schedule.

The Executives of the R.W.I.T.C. mindful of the harmful effects that one day's sport under the yielding conditions would have on the Season's racing, decided as announced in yesterday's "Chronicle" to postpone the opening day.

Dry-Weather Course

How many of the thousands of sportsmen, who go racing and witness sleek thoroughbreds and spirited Arabs pounding over Mahaluxmi's beautiful galloping stretch, realise what an enormous sum of money is spent on its upkeep, and that only the unremitted care and attention of experts and an army of labourers ensure the perfect conditions that prevail?

Mahaluxmi is essentially a first-class dry-weather course. For this we have the testimony of experienced jockeys who have ridden in many parts of the world.

Built as it is on reclaimed land that was once a swamp, the drainage is always poor; at high tide it is almost impossible as it is below sea-level. With a subsoil that is largely yellow "morum" which turns to clay when there is excessive moisture, special treatment is necessary for the preparation of this race-track.

How Course Is Prepared

Work on this begins during the monsoon when the racing is being carried on at Poona—the summer venue. The course is first dressed with sand and the grass growing through this layer is trimmed. A layer of tan is then superimposed, the grass again trimmed and, lastly, rice husks are added as a top layer and final dressing.

These operations are very necessary, for the addition of sand, tan and rice husks give the necessary porosity and prevent the ground from hardening and cracking. They also serve as an excellent drainage. The light roller complete the work, so that by the time November comes along the course wears its verdant green garb and has a levelness and springiness that are among its most admirable features.

The turf, having once grown, is carefully nurtured. Just prior to and throughout the racing season

over 150,000 gallons of water are used every 24 hours until the Thursday preceding a race-day and, sometimes it is even found necessary to give a light watering on Friday. This means a recurring expenditure for the Club and big revenue for the coffers of the Municipality.

Racegoers' Debt To R.W.I.T.C.

Racing provides the major attraction in Bombay for over four months of the year. Whether racing for profit or pleasure, the average racegoer is apt to forget the debt he owes to the R. W. I. T. C. which has converted what was once an evil smelling, miasmic, mosquito-infested swamp—a gigantic refuse dump—into one of the most delectable pleasure haunts of the city.

Year after year the Executives spend large sums of money effecting improvements and alterations, so that Bombay could be justly proud of its magnificent race-course—perhaps the finest—East of Suez.

Huge stands, equipped with every modern amenity, overlook the race-oval. They stand on 26 foot piles, demonstrating the yielding nature of the ground before the builders started operations.

A marvel of modern architecture, these solidly built reinforced concrete structures easily accommodate 16,000 people. Several thousands more view the racing from the lawns in front of the stands.

How many of the vast concourse of people, who can now watch a race in comfort and be thrilled by an electric finish, care to recall that it was the scene that now unfolds itself?

The R. W. I. T. C. have given Bombay more than first-class racing. With the resources at their command, they have helped to beautify Bombay, for they have converted what was an ugly eyesore into one of the city's show places.

TWO INJURED IN NIGHT COLLISION

BAREILLY, Nov. 12. A serious motor-tonga collision occurred last night at about 11.15 p.m. near the District Hospital. Mr. Dinesh Sanjay, chemist of the Wood Products Factory, who was driving the car received serious injuries, but Mr. Abhay Sircar, the other occupant of the car, escaped with slight injuries. Both the car and the tonga were damaged.—United Press.

A. I. Ophthalmological Conference in Lahore

MADRAS, (By Mail.) Dr. G. Zachariah, Honorary Secretary All-India Ophthalmological Society has issued the following to the Press:—

The fifth Conference of the All-India Ophthalmological Society will be held in Lahore on the 18th, 19th and 21st December 1936. The subject for a symposium will be diabetes in relation to the eye.

The Society has been in existence since 1929. The membership of the Society is open to all registered medical practitioners who specialise ophthalmology as a specialty or are interested in ophthalmology. The annual subscription is Rs. 10. Further particulars can be obtained from either of the Secretaries, Dr. G. Zachariah, Egmore, Madras, or Dr. B. N. Bhaduri, 10/5 A. Wellington Street, Calcutta.—A. P.

FIVE WICKETS FOR SIX RUNS

(From A Correspondent.)

LAHORE, November 10. In a one-day cricket-match played at Lahore, on last Sunday, between the Punjab Cricket Club and the Islamia College "B" team, Iqbal for the Punjab Club took five wickets for 6 runs and Ramzan took four wickets for 18 runs, thus helping the Punjab Club to win the match by 87 runs.

The scores were:—
Punjab Club (Ramzan 57) ... 157
Islamia College "B" ... 70

tournament play right in the heat and bustle of the cricket season is, I consider, a little out of the way. The authorities should have waited at least for the Quadrangular to pass off. I believe they are afraid the next season may turn out another fiasco did the last one. I am sure, however, so pessimistic as that. Granting that the number of available grounds for hockey is few, there is no reason why the tournament should be played out of its season. What is most important in it is that the number of entries should be restricted to manageable figures and the matches should be played off regularly. A game played out of its season it must be borne in mind, can never evoke any interest or enthusiasm among the players or spectators. Therefore, it is bound to fall in its purpose. The B.P.H.A. would be well advised to wait for the opening of their season till the conclusion of the Quadrangular Tournament.

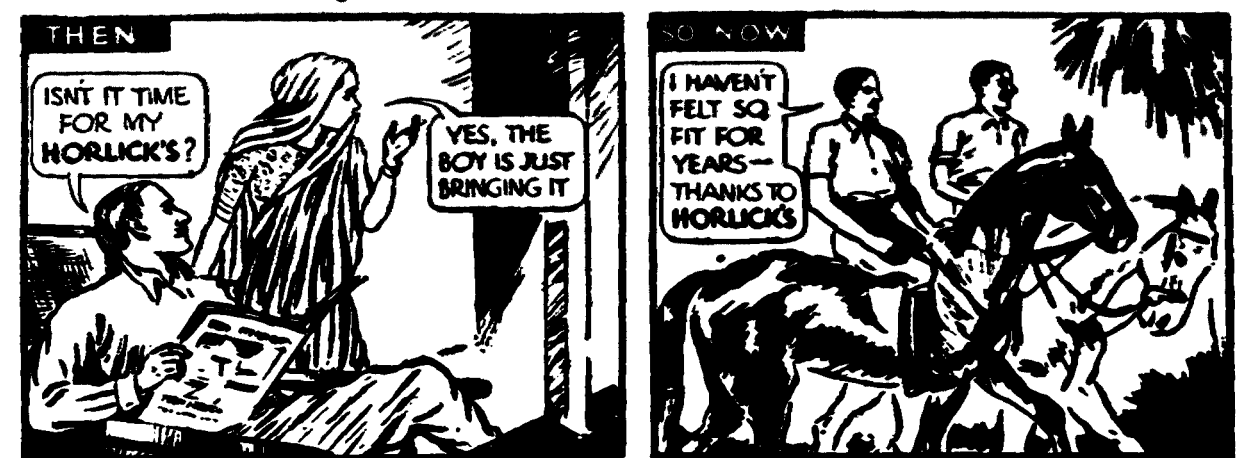
A WISE DECISION.

It is gratifying to learn that the B.P.H.A. will have their own ground opposite the Central Telegraph Office ready by the 1st proximo. An association without a ground of its own is like a bird without wings—especially when its affiliated clubs suffer from the same defect. It may now be hoped that the B.P.H.A. will make rapid strides in reaching the forefront of other provincial associations. In addition to their own ground the B.P.H.A. will have the use of the Parsee Gymkhana, the Reclamation, A.F. (I) and the Oval grounds for the League matches. They have done a very wise thing in admitting only one team in the first division and an equal number in the two sections of the second division. The number of matches being thus reduced to reasonable proportions there is every chance of the completion of the tournament next season.

FLIGHT OF THE NORTH.

The game in the northern part of the city is rather in a precarious state. The I.F.L. ground at Parel on which the Parel Sporting Club was running its tournaments has now been purchased and taken over by the St. Xavier's College. The ground will be newly laid out and there are other constructions to be made which will keep it in an unplayable condition for nearly six months. I understand Rev. Fr. Palacios hopes to make it into an ideal spot for sport in the city. Meanwhile, the Parel Sporting are trying hard for another ground for their use this season. It is likely the G. I. P. Railway Mechanics Institute at Parel may oblige them. Otherwise it looks as if their tournaments will remain suspended for the year—to the detriment of the game—in the north of the city.

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WORLD OF SPORT: HOME AND ABROAD

A Severe Blow To Amateur Lawn Tennis

(BY "LOOKER-ON.")

The supporters of the so-called amateurism, or "Shamateurism" as it is popularly called, have received another rude shock by the desertion of Fred Perry, the unrivalled king of the amateur world, from their kingdom. For a long time Perry has been struggling hard against the lure of professional tennis. But the calls of his country for the defence of the Davis Cup and the attraction of the world championship held him to his amateur status. Now that he has helped Great Britain to win and retain the International Championship for four years in succession and has won the Wimbledon title for three consecutive years Perry has every reason to be satisfied with the contribution he has made to his country's success and honour in the world of tennis.

THE FATE OF AMATEURS.

As is well-known tennis players of Perry's rank and reputation are lavishly entertained and even worshipped as long as they are on the stage. They go round the world like princes and are lionised in every national championship. But once they lose their foothold in the championship arena they are thrown out almost like a heap of refuse. Then it becomes a problem for them to make a decent living. Perry has realised this in time as much "Bill" Tilden and others did in their days. He is now aware that he has reached the zenith of his form and reputation. All that amateur tennis could give him he has fully attained and enjoyed. The days of decline and decay are now ahead of him. Unless he secures his future at this psychological moment, he will be doomed as many

others before him. He has, therefore, made the decision at which any wise man would have arrived.

END OF SNOBBERY.

It is said that his absence will be keenly felt at Wimbledon next year and also in the various other tournaments in which Perry has been participating for the last few years. It is also quite true that Great Britain will miss him very much indeed during the Davis Cup matches. In fact his absence will ruin her chances of retaining the Cup. However, that may be, it is certain that the snobbish Wimbledon-goers would refuse to recognise their old hero and his past services when he makes an appearance again at Wimbledon in the ranks of mere spectators just as they do to Tilden, Cochet and others. There is no doubt that Perry's desertion is a terrible loss to amateur tennis, while Great Britain's loss is irreparable at the present stage. All the same I am sure it will not open the eyes of the Tin-Gods of Lawn Tennis. The repairs of their everlasting song seems to be: Champions may come and Champions may go, But we hold the reins of power for ever.

Hockey

After the failure of their season last year, the B. P. H. A. have woken up early this season—so much so that they have not only closed their entry lists for the League and made up their divisions but have also actually decided to start their play on the 16th instant. This is smart work no doubt—as far as it goes of course—but it appears to me rather premature. To open the hockey season and commence



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Insurance Committee, who have just concluded their sitting in Delhi. (Left to right) Standing:—Messrs. K. K. Setalvad (Universal); K. S. R. Iyer (Jupiter) and S. E. Cardmaster (New India). Sitting:—Messrs. J. C. Setalvad (Vulcan), Hon. Secretary; Pt. Santanam (Lakshmi); R. J. Dutt, Chairman; H. E. Jones (Oriental) and K. C. Desai (Industrial and Prudential).

JAIN MUNI MISHRI LALJI Why He Is Fasting Since March 13 HIS LAST APPEAL

(BY NAGINDAS SHAH.)

The following are the circumstances and reasons which led the Jain Muni Mishri Lalji Maharaj to undertake a fast unto death, in Ferviz Manzil, at Matunga. (G. I. P., Bombay).

There are about 1,500 Sadhus and Sadhvis among the Jain Sthanakwasi Sampradaya, who are divided into 32 sections and sub-sections. To bring them into one fold a great Conference of Sadhus was held at Ajmere in 1933, wherein a very important resolution was passed unanimously to establish only one Gatchh (Sampradaya), as described in the Jain Shastras, asking all the Sadhus to leave their existing sections and sub-sections, get rid of their degrees if any, and come under one fold. The Conference was held to consider vital questions for improving the Jain Sadhus and the community as a whole at a huge cost of Rs. 25 lakhs, in which all the Jain leaders, and most of the leading Sadhus took part from all parts of India. The success of holding such a unique conference was due to the great enthusiasm and strenuous efforts exercised by Muni Mishri Lalji, who was then travelling in Punjab.

Nearly three years have passed, and nothing has been done to put the important resolutions into effect, including the above most important resolution for Unity among Sadhus, which has been put on the shelf on the plea of impossibility. Muni Mishri Lalji repeatedly reminded the conveners of the Conference to prepare a scheme for establishing the above kind of Gatchh, which they had resolved to do at Ajmere, but to no effect. He has also discussed this matter at length with several well-known learned Sadhus, including the members of the Muni Sammelan (Conference) Committee, and all those sadhus have showed their unwillingness to come under one fold if such a Gatchh is established. But the conveners of the Sadhu Conference would not do it, because a few of the sadhus do not like to give up their degrees conferred upon them by the conveners of

the Sadhu Conference.

PROPAGANDA

To accomplish his mission he made a long journey (by foot only) from Punjab to Bombay, preaching his mission on the way to Jain Sadhus and the leaders he met and came to Bombay in 1935. Before he arrived in Bombay some Jain leaders of Bombay started a propaganda against the Muni stating that he is not a Jain Sadhu and so on. Muni Mishri Lalji has been considered as one of the greatest reformers of the time among the Jain Sthanakwasi Sampradaya, and has introduced many reforms in Punjab by fast and offering satyagraha against orthodox Jains, in which he has succeeded all along.

After coming to Bombay he explained his mission to several Bombay Jain leaders and requested them to carry out the work which they had proposed to do in the great Muni Conference at Ajmer. Though the Bombay Jain public are in favour of his mission, the leaders did not pay attention to the proposals of the Muni. Being disappointed and seeing that the Bombay Jain leaders do not wish to undertake the task he started his first satyagraha by hunger-strike in October 1935. After fasting for 69 days some Jains through sympathy approached the Bombay Jain leaders, got his fast broken one way or other in December 1935.

Exactly after a fortnight a secret resolution was passed by not to allow him to stay in the Sthanak (resting place for Sadhus). This was made open when the Muni asked for staying in the Sthanak for propaganda work, and they refused admission to it. Naturally the Muni had no other recourse but to again offer satyagraha by going on hunger-strike. The Muni believes that his work cannot be undertaken by any other bodies unless the Conveners of the Ajmer Muni Conference agree to it, and that he did not like to see a split in the existing institutions, viz. the All-India Sthanakwasi Jain Conference, and the conveners of the Ajmer Muni

Conference, and refused to open rival bodies though many facilities were offered to him for doing so. He therefore made up his mind to die for the cause which he has been cherishing for the last twenty years, and began his memorable fasts unto death on the 13th March, 1936.

THE FAST BEGINS

First 23 days he passed without drinking a single drop of water, but on the 24th day of his fast he was induced to drink water by some enthusiastic Jains who undertook to make settlement with the Bombay Jain leaders to accomplish his task, which fell through owing to the strict terms offered to him. He observed silence till the 150th (One hundred and fiftieth) day of his fasts on which day a public meeting was held in Bombay at the Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall, under the presidentship of the Mayor of Bombay, Shriyut Jamnadas Madhownji Mehta, who took great pains to bring about the settlement. Secret efforts were made by the Conference leaders to stop this meeting asking the Mayor not to take part in it, but to no effect. A settlement committee was appointed consisting of Jains and non-Jains, and the local Jain leaders showed their unwillingness to co-operate with the members of this committee, saying that non-Jains have no right to interfere in their affairs. The negotiations failed and the Committee dissolved itself after wasting 45 days.

There was another public meeting of the Bombay Ladies which was held under the presidentship of Shrimati Ganga Ben Puri to sympathise with the Muni, and a deputation of this meeting went for a darshan of the Muni who requested him to continue drinking water and not to observe silence to which the Muni agreed.

Another public meeting was also held consisting only of Sthanakwasi Jains of Bombay at the Hirabaug Hall, in which a Committee was appointed to get the Muni break his fast and help him to carry out his mission. But the Muni asked the members of this Committee first to get the consent of those sadhus who have already sent telegraphic acceptances to come under one fold to the organisers of the Muni Conference, and asked them to establish the proposed Gatchh as per resolution of the Ajmer Muni Conference and approach other sadhus to come under it. And after getting the written consent from these sadhus he would rely on them and break his fast. But the members of this committee were unable to give such an undertaking, and hence they kept mum on the point.

HIS LAST APPEAL

Finding that now nobody is willing to undertake his task he has given up all hopes of fulfilling his mission during his life time, and abstained from taking water again, and has been observing complete silence from the 29th September 1936, i.e. on the 231st day of his fasts. He has also issued a final statement in the public press saying that he has fully explained his mission to the Jain public and nothing remains to be done by him, and therefore he will have to breathe his last peacefully for getting everlasting relief to his soul.

Lastly Muni Mishri Lalji Maharaj thanks heartily the general public, Jain Samaj, learned men and women, and also sadhus who sympathised in his cause and help him utmost to carry out his mission, but regrets his inability to satisfy them for the reasons now best known to them. He asks them to pray to God in the name of humanity that his work shall be done in future, which would bring everlasting happiness and peace to his departing soul.

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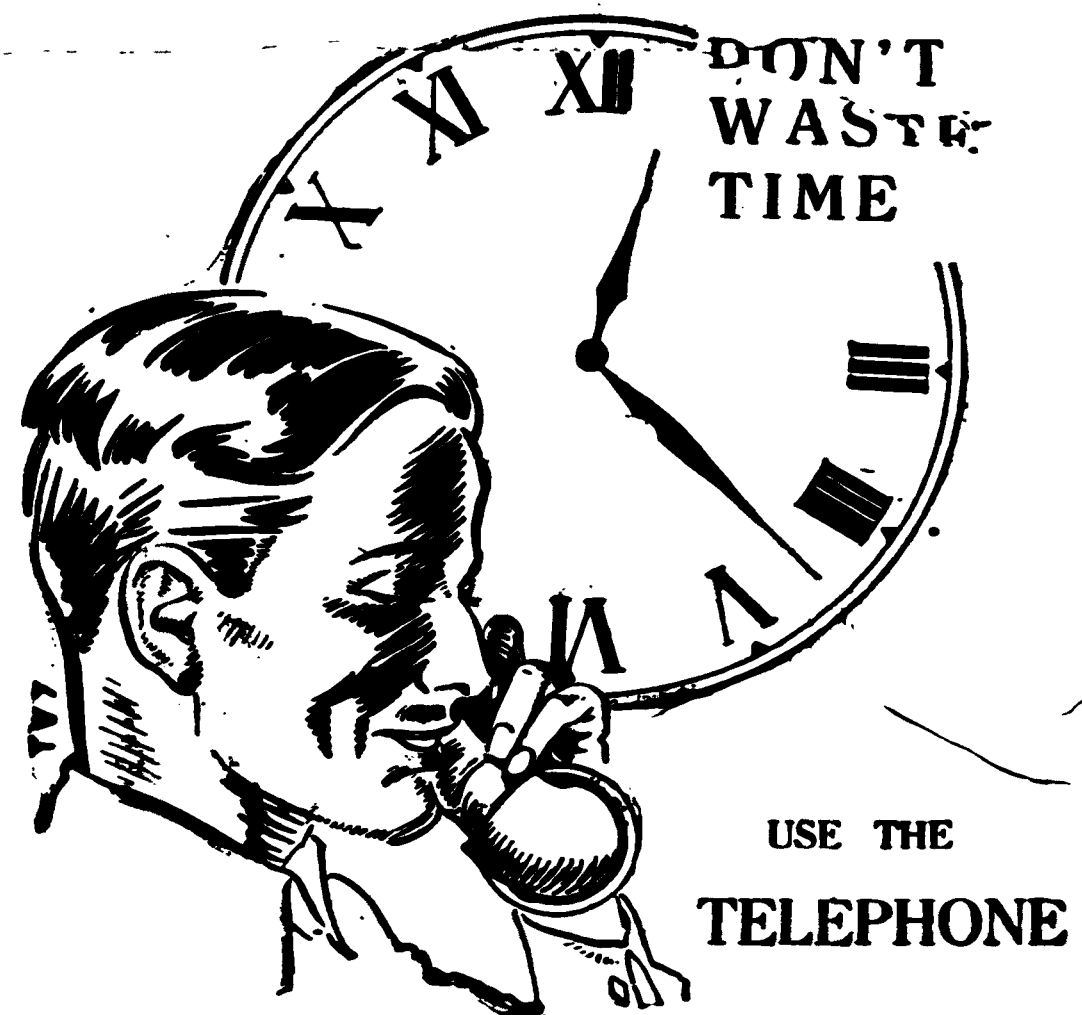
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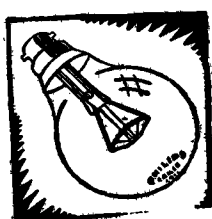


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WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS

(From Our Special Correspondent)

BOMBAY, Nov. 12. Owing to the incidence of settlements in the share and bullion markets, and comparatively large exports of gold, money was more usable during the week, and call funds were placed at as high as one per cent. Towards the close with the end of the settlement call rate was quoted at 1 per cent. There was practically no change in the return on this week's three months Treasury Bills, which were discounted at Rs. 0-10-11 per cent. as against Rs. 0-10-10 per cent. last week. Renewals of Rs. 2 crores were offset by maturities. Fixed deposit rates were a shade better, 3 months being placed at one per cent. and 6 months at 1 1/2 per cent.

RESERVE BANK. The Reserve Bank of India statement for the week ended November 6, 1936, shows a decline of Rs. 59.44 lakhs in the total Notes issued against a corresponding decrease of Rs. 59.35 lakhs in Rupee coin. Notes in circulation have increased by Rs. 254.97 lakhs to Rs. 173.60 crores, while those held in the Banking Department have decreased by Rs. 314.41 lakhs to Rs. 29.11 crores. Sterling securities were unchanged at Rs. 67.32 crores whereas Rupee securities slightly increased by Rs. .89 lakhs. Government deposits, which include Rs. 554.300 held in London on account of the High Commissioner, converted at 1s. 6d. to the rupee, declined by Rs. 108.07 lakhs to Rs. 8.22 crores, and Banks' deposits by Rs. 62.75 lakhs to Rs. 25.65 crores. Balances held abroad rose by Rs. 78.44 lakhs to Rs. 9.51 crores. Loans and Advances to the Government increased by Rs. one crore. Investments were down by Rs. 2.08 lakhs. Other Assets and other Liabilities recorded an increase of Rs. 2.12 lakhs and Rs. 14.84 lakhs respectively. The Bank rate is unchanged at 3 per cent.

IMPERIAL BANK. The Imperial Bank of India statement as on November 6, 1936, shows a fall of Rs. 2.67 crores to Rs. 14.06 crores in the total cash balance of the Bank. Security portfolio has increased by Rs. 1.42 crores to Rs. 52.66 crores. Loans and Bills Discounted are up by Rs. 15.86 lakhs and Rs. 32.29 lakhs respectively. Cash Credits are down by Rs. 30.83 lakhs. Deposits on all accounts show a recession of Rs. 83.89 lakhs. It is understood that the Imperial Bank of India advance rate is unchanged at 3 per cent.

GILT-EDGED. A firm tendency was manifest in the gilt-edged market with good investment demand for scrips, but the supply was limited. As pointed out before the present situation is almost entirely due to the present monetary situation all over the world, and, except for serious political disturbances, it is generally believed the present conditions are likely to continue. The quotation for 3 1/2 per cent. Rupee Paper moved narrowly between Rs. 100-15 and Rs. 100-12. The turnover in this scrip was largely of a bear covering character. Other scrips were quite steady. 2-3/4 per cent. 1948-52 new loan moved between Rs. 101-9 and Rs. 101-7; 3 per cent. 1941 loan between Rs. 105-4 and Rs. 105-2; 3 1/2 per cent. 1947-50 loan between Rs. 108-1 and Rs. 108 and 3 per cent. 1951-54 loan between Rs. 104-5 and Rs. 104-4. 4 per cent. 1943 bonds were placed at Rs. 112-2 and 4 per cent. 1940-70 loan at Rs. 116-1. 4 1/2 per cent. 1950-60 loan advanced from Rs. 120-6 to Rs. 120-10. 5 per cent. 1939-44 loan closed at Rs. 109-11; 5 per cent. 1940-43 loan at Rs. 111-15 and 5 1/2 per cent. 1938-40 loan at Rs. 107-12. 5 per cent. 1945-55 (tax fee) loan changed hands at Rs. 121-8.

A Reserve Bank of India Press Communiqué, dated November 10, 1936, on tenders for Treasury Bills states: "Tenders for Rs. 2 crores of three months' Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, November 10, 1936. Total amount offered was Rs. 2,40,00,000. Tenders at Rs. 98-13-6 were accepted in full, and those at Rs. 98-13-3 allotted approximately 58 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 2 crores, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 98-10-11 per cent. annum. "Tenders for Rs. 2 crores of

2 crores of three months' Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, November 17, 1936. Successful tenders should make payment on Friday, November 20, 1936. Other conditions are as usual. "During the week ended November 6, 1936, Treasury Bills for Rs. 2,00,00,000 were renewed in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India".

EXCHANGE. The sterling exchange market was flat throughout the week and the turnover was limited. Sellers of ready T.T. quoted 1s. 6-7/64d. and buyers 1s. 6-9/64d. and f o r w a r d deliveries from January to April 1937 were quoted at 1s. 6-1/8d., occasional business being transacted at this rate. The showing of merchandise export to Government this week were bills was small. Sterling tenders comparatively large amounting to £30,800,000 at 1s. 6-1/8d., of which approximately 3 per cent. were allotted.

The notable feature in London foreign exchange market was the increase in the discount on three months forward French francs, which rose from frs. 2.060 to 3.090 the spot remaining comparatively stable with occasional intervention by the Control. The London-Paris rate opened at frs. 105.46 and after an initial rise to frs. 105.51 gradually declined to frs. 105.09 but closed at frs. 105.15. The London-New York cross rate opened at dol. 4.88-7/16 and persistently declined to dol. 4.87-1/4 on Monday last, but advanced and closed at dol. 4.88-1/16. The belga and the guilders fluctuated between 28.904 and 28.82 and 9.06-1/4 respectively. The Italian lira after moving between 92.81 and 92.65 closed at 92.71.

A Reserve Bank of India Communiqué dated November 11, 1936, on tenders for sterling states: "On Wednesday, November 11, 1936, tenders to the amount of £30,800,000 at 1s. 6-1/8d. were received and allotted approximately 3 per cent. "£1,000,000 will be offered for tender on Wednesday, November 18, 1936. Successful tenders will have to take delivery of their allotments on Friday, November 20, 1936. "Sterling purchased by the Reserve Bank of India during the week ended November 6, 1936, was £1,000,000.

BALANCE OF TRADE. India's visible balance of trade in merchandise and treasure during the six months, April to September 1934, 1935 and 1936, is shown in the following table:—

		(In lakhs of Rupees)		
		Six months, April to September, 1934	1935	1936.
Exports of private merchandise	including re-	75.76	75.23	87.17
Imports of private merchandise		61.90	64.44	58.40
Balance of Trade in Merchandise		13.86	10.79	28.77
Net private exports of gold		22.87	19.47	16.58
Net private imports of currency notes	(-) of silver	1.54	+1.23	-6.77
Balance of Transaction in Treasure		21.49	20.86	9.92
Total Visible Balance of Trade		35.35	31.65	38.69
Purchases of sterling by the Reserve Bank of India		21.28	20.43	19.00
Transfers of Government Securities		2	56	8
Interest drafts on India in respect of Government of	India Securities	11	16	14
Balance of Remittances of Funds Adverse to India		21.48	21.15	19.22
Net Balance of Trade in favour of India		13.87	10.50	19.47

GOLD.

The volume of business in gold was very limited during the week, and prices fluctuated in sympathy with the movements in the sterling dollar cross rate. The quotation for ready opened at Rs. 35-3-3 and steadily advanced to Rs. 35-5-9 in midweek on firm dollar. Towards the close as sterling appreciated in terms of the dollar, the price of gold in the local market declined to Rs. 35-4-3. In London the price of gold advanced from 142s. 3d. to 142s. 8 1/2d. on Monday last, but closed lower at 142s. 5 1/2d. Last week's shipment per s.s. "Mooltan" was valued at Rs. 99.09 lakhs, making a total of Rs. 22.86 crores for the current year and Rs. 287.41 crores since September 1931. Stocks on hand are estimated at about one lakh of tolas while the daily arrivals average about 10,000 tolas. The offtake averaged about 3,000 tolas a day. The price of spot sovereigns improved from Rs. 22-5-6 to Rs. 22-6-3. The highest and lowest rates in the local market, were

Rs. 35-5-9 and Rs. 35-4 for ready and Rs. 35-6 and Rs. 35-4-3 for December 1, and January 1, settlements. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 44,837.

SILVER. Silver was the centre of attraction during the week and the market witnessed wide fluctuation in prices. A wave of optimism prevailed in the market following President Roosevelt's re-election, and Indian and Chinese speculators pushed up the rate to as high as 22-15/16d. on Tuesday in London, the highest rate reached since the 19th December 1935. On Monday buyers had to be rationed in London at 21-7/8d., but the rise of 1-1/16d. on Tuesday was sufficiently attractive for American trade to sell. At the higher rate buyers were satisfied, and on profit-taking, the local market after advancing to as high as Rs. 56-2 for ready, declined to Rs. 53-4, but improved again to Rs. 54-12, closing at Rs. 55-10. The highest and lowest rates in London were 22-15/16d. and 20-9/16d. for spot and two months forward, and the rise of 1-1/16d. in a day was recorded for the first time since 30th of December 1935. In the local market the price of Rs. 56-2 for ready was the highest touched after a lapse of about 10 months. Stocks on hand are estimated at about 19,000 bars, while the offtake averages about 60 bars a day. Silver is en route to Bombay. Total imports during the week amounted to about 5,943 bars from London and Australia and Rs. 7,871 in coin. The highest and lowest rates here were Rs. 56-2 and Rs. 50-15 for ready Rs. 56-3 and Rs. 51 for December 3, settlement, and Rs. 56-6 and Rs. 51-3 for January 2, settlement. The Shanghai dollar moved between 1s. 2-9/16d. and 1s. 2-7/16d.

SHARES.

It was a short working week owing to monthly settlement of accounts, there being just two days trading on the Stock Exchange. There were two or three small brokers, who were unable to meet their commitments at the last settlement, but the amounts involved were negligible and did not affect the market. The tone remained quite steady, but the turnover was rather restricted owing to the incidence of the approach Diwali holidays. The Hydro-electric group was more prominent than any other section. Tata Hydros advanced from Rs. 186-14 to Rs. 194-6; Tata Powers from Rs. 1582-8 to Rs. 1,595 and Andhra Valleys after improving from Rs. 1,690 to Rs. 1,701-4, closed a shade lower on profit-taking at Rs. 1,698-12. Cement shares were inclined to be steady with a fair improvement in quotations, particularly in Bundis and Funtaba. The former advanced from Rs. 37-4 to Rs. 38-4 and the latter from Rs. 26-4 to Rs. 27-14. Steel shares were almost unchanged: Ordys moved between Rs. 206-4 and Rs. 207-8 and Deids. between Rs. 836-4 and Rs. 827-8. Tata 2nd Pref. was firmer at Rs. 175 at the close. Bombay Burmahs improved slightly from Rs. 539-8 to Rs. 545 and Belapur from Rs. 215-12 to Rs. 214-6. Scindia Steams advanced to Rs. 30 on bear covering but closed at Rs. 19-8 on profit-taking. Bank shares were maintained: Imperial fully paid closed at Rs. 1,583-12 and Contributories at Rs.

Q: "What precautions are best against Coughs of the Elderly?"

ANGIER'S is the answer



Those who have the care of the aged and feeble can confidently rely on Angier's Emulsion to afford adequate protection against all weakening effects. Angier's is both healing and strengthening. Because it is very palatable, and restores tone to the organs of digestion, without entailing any extra work upon the system; it can be assimilated even by the very delicate who will, in consequence, derive the utmost benefits from its soothing, building and invigorating properties.

Angier's is unequalled for bronchitis, and for coughs and chronic catarrhal affections generally,

whether of lungs, stomach, or intestines. It improves appetite and nutrition, and what is of great importance, promotes normal and regular action of the bowels.

There is no better tonic for the aged, and none that has such a general soothing effect.

Of all Coughs and Colds in the home, Angier's Emulsion is the most reliable. It is in bottles accessible to all classes and religions.

PEACEFUL SLEEP FOR SKIN SUFFERERS

Thousands brought to the verge of nervous breakdown by sleepless nights have been saved by the unrivalled healing power of Cuticura treatment.

Wash the affected part night and morning with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Dry gently and apply Cuticura Ointment. This daily treatment relieves itching and allays inflammation at once. The soothing, healing, antiseptic Cuticura penetrates to the depths of the eruption. It destroys the lurking germs which keep the disease active, it heals the festering sores and steadily establishes a healthy condition of the skin which leads to complete recovery.

Not only does it arrest the maddening itch instantly, but it eradicates the most stubborn Eczema, Pruritus, Psoriasis and other torturing skin diseases. Over fifty years use has proved the curative power of Cuticura up to the hilt.

Cuticura OINTMENT AND SOAP

Sold by all Chemists & Bazaars.

CUTICURA TALCUM specially medicated with balsamic essential oils. Absorbs perspiration, soothes and cools hot inflamed skin, relieves prickly heat.

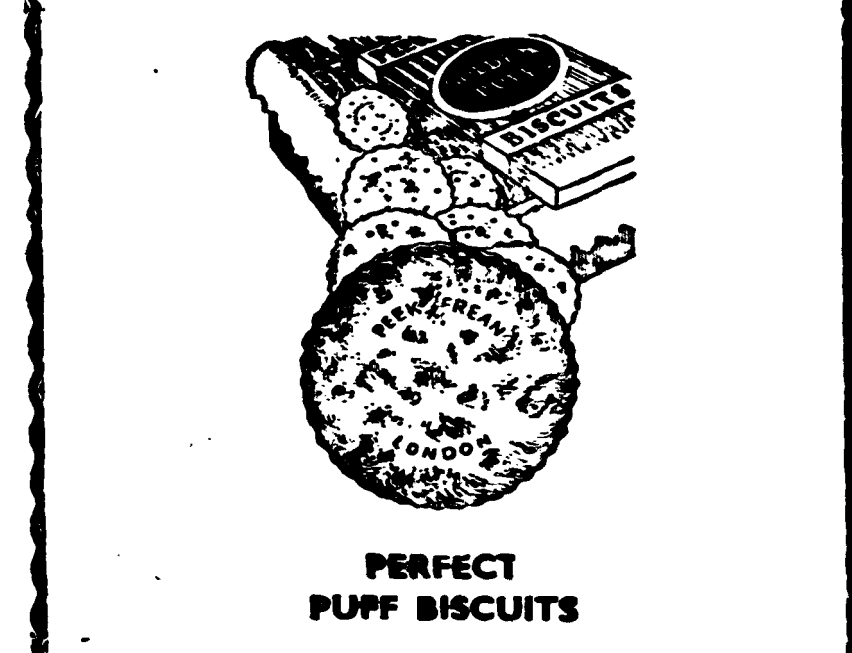


PERFECT PUFF BISCUITS

What a fine example of English biscuit baking is Peek Frean's Golden Puff! It's so light and flaky that it almost melts in your mouth! Golden Puff Biscuits are packed in air-tight tins to keep them perfectly light and fresh.

PEEK FREAN GOLDEN PUFF BISCUITS

Agents:—HERBERTSONS, LTD.,
Bombay and Calcutta.



Large Hedge Selling In New York Technical Position Improving

Cotton Goods Active And Steady

BOMBAY, Nov. 13. On Thursday the New York cotton futures market was easy on increased selling pressure. Prices opened at a decline of 3 points and closed at a loss of 11 points. The action of the market was disappointing but recent long liquidation is believed to be strengthening the technical position of the market.

The Liverpool market opened very steady at a rise of 3 points with March 6.55 but under increased selling prices declined 6 points from the opening level and the market closed easy with March 6.49.

The undertone of the market was easy but fairly active sales of cotton goods gave hope of steady increase of cotton consumption.

PRIVATE CABLES. Messrs. Chaitin Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received today the following cable information from our foreign friends:

New York: Market's action disappointing. However expect consumption will be larger than production. Therefore look for a higher range of prices until mostly cotton goods market—yarn market—active and steady.

New York: Co-operatives and Spot houses hedging distant. Fixations mostly December.

New York: Large hedge selling May and July. Scattered liquidation. Considerable fixing December. Technical position strengthened by long liquidation.

NEW YORK COTTON

	New York, Nov. 12	New York, Nov. 13
December	11.05-04	11.05-04
January	11.14-14	11.14-14
March	11.24-11	11.24-11
May	11.32-13	11.32-13
July	11.41-16	11.41-16
October	11.10-07	11.10-07
Middling Spot	12.10-04	12.10-04

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

	New York, Nov. 12	New York, Nov. 13
December	11.00-10	11.00-10
January	11.50-10	11.50-10
March	11.52-10	11.52-10
Middling Spot	12.12-09	12.12-09

NEW YORK

	New York, Nov. 12	New York, Nov. 13
11:00 A.M. RANGES	11.68 to 11.67	11.68 to 11.67
December	11.68 to 11.67	11.68 to 11.67
January	11.67 to 11.67	11.67 to 11.67
March	11.61 to 11.61	11.61 to 11.61
NOON CALL	11.65	11.65
December	11.65	11.65
March	11.59	11.59

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

	New York, Nov. 12	New York, Nov. 13
Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports	70,000 bales	70,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	1,000 bales	1,000 bales
Day's exports to the Continent	1,000 bales	1,000 bales

LIVERPOOL COTTON

	Liverpool, Nov. 12	Liverpool, Nov. 13
November	6.55-05	6.55-05
December	6.55-04	6.55-04
January	6.55-03	6.55-03
February	6.55-03	6.55-03
March	6.49-03	6.49-03
April	6.47-03	6.47-03
May	6.42-03	6.42-03
June	6.42-03	6.42-03
July	6.40-02	6.40-02
August	6.35-01	6.35-01
September	6.18-02	6.18-02
Middling Spot	6.72-06	6.72-06
Today's 10:12 a.m. quotations.	6.36	6.36
October	6.36	6.36
January	6.33	6.33

EGYPTIAN COTTON

	Liverpool, Nov. 12	Liverpool, Nov. 13
F G F SAKELLARIDIS	11.64	11.64
November	10.73	10.73
January	10.73	10.73
March	10.47	10.47
May	10.30	10.30
July	10.19	10.19
September	10.19	10.19
F G F Spot	11.66	11.66

INDIAN COTTON

	Liverpool, Nov. 12	Liverpool, Nov. 13
BOACH—		
Fully Good (good staple)	5.39	5.39
Fine (good staple)	5.54	5.54
Superfine (good staple)	5.69	5.69
OMRA—		
Fine (No. 1 staple)	5.10	5.10
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	5.55	5.55
Choice (No. 1 staple)	5.70	5.70
BENGAL—		
Good	4.19	4.19
Bully Good	4.29	4.29
Fine	4.41	4.41

LONDON SEEDS

	Liverpool, Nov. 12	Liverpool, Nov. 13
Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f.	411-24	411-24
Nov paid	411-24	411-24
Nov Dec paid	413-74	413-74
Nov Dec buyers	413-13-9	413-13-9
Shipped Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f.	412-15-0	412-15-0
Nov Dec buyers	412-11-3	412-11-3
Nov Dec sellers	412-11-3	412-11-3

LINSEED OIL

	Liverpool, Nov. 12	Liverpool, Nov. 13
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt	25 1/2	25 1/2
Nov paid	25 1/2	25 1/2

BOMBAY COTTON

Following a decline of 11 points in New York cotton futures market, the local market opened quiet at Rs. 215 3/4 for Broach A/M delivery. There was scattered buying which improved prices by two annas but later there was scattered selling. The tone of the market was quiet.

Liverpool market was due to open at a decline of 3 points and it opened as expected. In the local market there was scattered business and Broach A/M was quoted Rs. 215 3/4. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:

Broach A-M	215 12 0
Omara D-J	196 0 0
Omara March	194 4 0
Bengal D-J	157 8 0
Bengal March	157 12 0

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Nov. 13. Messrs. Battilana and Karim have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:

	Dollars
Electric Bond Common	40
Electric Bond 5 per cent Pfd	40
Northern Pacific Railway	27
United Light and Power A	6
Erie R R	56
Westinghouse Airbrake	45
American Car and Foundry	32
National Dairy	26
Bethlehem Steel	71
Sun Life of Canada	69
Republic Steel	24
Baltimore and Ohio	22
General Motors	74 1/2
Packard	13
Great Northern	13
Amer Pow and Lt 5 per cent Pfd	64
Hiram Walker	48
Distillers	26
Int Tel and Tel	13
Matheson Alkali	43
Penn R R	43
Chesapeake and Ohio	75
Elec P and Lt 7 per cent Pfd	80
Southern Pacific	52 1/2
Anacosta Copper Mining	52 1/2
U S Steel	75 1/2
Western Union	92

Pennsylvania Railroad declared one dollar dividend.

Brokers loans down 8 Million Dollars. Considerable switch into Chain Store Shares and "Amusement Industry" shares.

Linseed & Wheat

Linseed. The local market was fairly steady with a moderate business. Fluctuations were narrow.

Linseed May	Rs. 7 3/4
Wharf January	Rs. 3 1/8
Wharf May	Rs. 3 0/0

Wheat. The local market was fairly steady with a moderate business. Fluctuations were narrow.

Wheat May	Rs. 7 3/4
Wharf January	Rs. 3 1/8
Wharf May	Rs. 3 0/0

NEW YORK COFFEE

	New York, Nov. 12	New York, Nov. 13
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	8 1/2	8 1/2

LONDON SILVER

	Liverpool, Nov. 12	Liverpool, Nov. 13
Spot	20 15/16	20 15/16
Forward	20 13/16	20 13/16

LONDON GOLD

	Liverpool, Nov. 12	Liverpool, Nov. 13
Gold Bars Fine per oz	27-2 1/2	27-2 1/2

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN

	Liverpool, Nov. 12	Liverpool, Nov. 13
Total bullion	249,600,000	249,600,000
Public deposit	14,900,000	14,900,000
(a) Other deposits	138,600,000	138,600,000
Government securities	60,000,000	60,000,000
(b) Other securities	28,900,000	28,900,000
Notes and Coins	63,000,000	63,000,000
Notes in circulation	446,600,000	446,600,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	46.73 p.c.	46.73 p.c.
(a) Other deposits include	90,700,000	90,700,000
Bankers	46,800,000	46,800,000
(b) Other securities include	8,600,000	8,600,000
Advances	8,600,000	8,600,000

BURST OF ACTIVITY IN CALCUTTA SHARES

Calcutta, Nov. 6. Messrs. Bhagwanlal Nanavati and Co. have issued the following report:

After a long interval of holidays the market has opened with a burst of activity in all the sections. Engineering group rose the list being more popular and the prices in most cases have jumped by leaps and bounds; next to this comes the coal section where prices have registered a good rise and even the most neglected scrips have come to light. Jute section was in no way backward but here most of the activity was overshadowed by greater attention to the above two sections.

The reaction of President Roosevelt in the U.S.A. election, rise in prices and upward tendency of commodities in general, and last but not the least—the day to day increasing war like preparations in the European countries due to lack of confidence in their neighbours, forcing them to apportion heavy sums for defence programmes, seem to be the whole answer in short, for all this buoyant feeling in speculative markets not only in India but over the whole world. We think this feeling will continue and further higher levels will be seen in almost all the sections and especially in case of the Engineering Group.

JUTE. Jute shares which were very quiet and dull on less dividend rumours and quieter commodity markets a few weeks before found more support on almost satisfactory dividend reports and better markets for hessian and raw jute. The price of hessian has improved by about annas eight and that of raw jute by about rupees three during the interval. The dividend of Howrah which was expected to come out to be 1/4 and it had a very refreshing effect on the public mind. The price of these shares has jumped by about Rs. 5 the lowest being 49 1/4 during the holiday and the highest about the close touched Rs. 54 1/4. Similarly there was a rise of about 20 to 25 points in most of other higher denominations. Anglo-India have improved to 400 rupees from 350 c.d. Kamrathly to 350 from 352, Kanaknath to 420 from 355, Gopur to 608 from 560, Fort Gloster to 495 from 455, Fort William to 288 from 250, Belvedere to 355 from 325, Delta to 346 from 320, Budge Budge to 272 from 252, Chetlat to 172 from 162, Orient to 171 from 155, Union to 465 from 355.

MISCELLANEOUS. The volume of business in this section was enormous and may be pointed to measure the recovery in general trade and industrial resources of the country. The scheme of the amalgamation of Bengal Iron and Steel Company with the Indian Iron and Steel Company has been approved. Both these issues were almost the whole and sole attention of the market and especially when dealing in the shares of Indian Iron and Steel Company commenced. These shares opened at 20 and became most popular so much so that they registered a rise of Rs. 3/8 within 3 days. Bengal iron and steel shares advanced from 192 to 224 1/2, Nazim at 8 1/4, Lidi at 3/4. The remarkable rise was noticeable in South Kanaknath which jumped from 4/6 to 6/4 and Munde from 6/12 to 7/6. Tether have almost equally jumped from 1/6 to 3/2, West Jhanuria were done at 10/8.

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GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Nov. 13. The local silver market was weak again to-day on increased selling. Prices opened at Rs. 52/6 and declined to Rs. 51/14. The market was steady at level with a moderate turnover. Gold was fairly steady.

	Rs. a. p.
Ready	52 6 3
Karat	52 6 3
Magar	52 6 3
SILVER—	
Ready	51 14 6
Karat	51 15 0
Magar	52 1 6

ERRATIC FLUCTUATIONS IN WHEAT

Decline in Export Demand

(From our special correspondent.)

HAPUR, Nov. 13. The tone of the wheat market during the week under review remained very uncertain and erratically fluctuating. During the early days there was a continued decline and prices in Karachi fell from 22/6 to 22/4 last week to 23/4 a decline of about 14 annas per candy. A similar decline of about 9/16 per maund was visible in the other districts. This general fall in wheat prices is a continuation of a trend that overtook the market last week and was accentuated by the earlier foreign cables, large November liquidations and the falling away of the export demand, in consequence of the rise in freight rates; lower London quotations and the imported export parity. But towards the close there was a slight improvement in prices. A firm Liverpool cables in response to the strength of N. American advices and dealer's first hand shippers, and a general belief that the market had declined sufficiently to attract foreign buyers, improved the market and a further decline in prices was averted.

OVERSEA ADVICES. Karachi remained very fluctuating and prices varied from day to day in response to the overseas cables. There was an early fall as a result of the weakness of the foreign market. The falling of the export demand, but towards the close a rise of about 4 annas per candy was recorded on higher American and small export cables. Demand which on the whole continues to be quiet. Prices are very near export parity again. Trading was on a very moderate scale and the petty jobbers and small operators. The October notices during the whole of that month amounted to 1,10,000 bags only. Arrivals during the week ending Oct. 31 were 1,50,000 tons while exports were 1,20,000 tons. The balance of 30,000 tons went to overseas centres. The export figures for the preceding week had amounted to 21,000 tons. This shortage has already been accounted for by the decline of the rise in freight rates.

In representation made to Sir Guthrie Russell Chief Commissioner of the Railways, the Indian and European wheat and flour organizations of Karachi have urged the continuance of the 25 per cent rebate on wheat exported to centres west of Aden. The deputations stated that this export rebate is a concession which has been granted to the wheat and flour trade in return for the production of the rebate and continuance of the rebate would result in parity between Indian and foreign wheat. With the new crop of 1937 the chances of an increase are all very bright. The deputations also suggested extending it to exports of wheat flour.

ARRIVALS

The arrivals in Karachi from the upcountry remained larger, averaging 20,000 bags per day. Such supplies are unusual at this time of the year when the season is over and the demand is over 50 per cent of the crop is shipped or consumed. This is mainly due to favourable railway freight rates and the chances of foreign exports which are badly needed. Sowing of Rabi crop in progress in several provinces. During the week ending Nov. 4 some fairly wide spread falls of rains occurred in the North Madras coast, Bihar, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, Central Provinces and east central India. Nearly general rains also fell in Chota Nagpur on the 29th, October and in South Hyderabad on Oct. 31. Towards the end of the week low pressure waves were passing eastwards across south of the Peninsula and under its influence the north east monsoon was active over the south west of the Bay. Widespread and local heavy rains fell south Madras during the period. Local or few falls occurred elsewhere during the week.

Imports and exports figures for the three main British Indian ports according to the Indian trade journal for the period from April 1 to Oct. 31 and for the corresponding period of 1935 are—

	1935	1934
Calcutta	126,410	133,515
Bombay	102,211	98,539
Karachi	32,454	20,739

Exports to foreign countries in tons—

	1935	1934
Calcutta	620	875
Bombay	9,240	5,150
Karachi	3,415	4,843

The overseas markets during this period remained distinctly weak which was attributed to less active trade demand and favourable southern hemisphere crop reports. The official wheat and flour crop forecast during the week estimates the output at 12,500,000 bushels compared with 11,500,000 to 12,000,000 bushels harvested last year and 12,500,000 bushels harvested in 1934. The present crop is the smallest for the last years or so. There is a distinct improvement in

RAW COTTON

SITUATION

Bombay, Nov. 12. Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co. have issued the following report:

In the American market the event of importance this week was the publication on Monday of the Bureau estimate of the crop and the Ginning report. The former gave the unexpectedly large figure of 12,500,000 bales which brought about a moderate decline in prices. The reason given for the increase in the crop is the late frost which allowed the maturing of bolls in the northern portion of the cotton belt. The yield per acre is now estimated at 199.7 lbs as compared with 185.3 lbs a month ago. The Ginning report dated the end of October came to the large total of 5,250,000 bales. So much of the crop has now been ginned that any variation in subsequent crop estimates must be small. The New York market is now slightly below the price shortly after the publication of the August estimate which was approximately the same as the one issued on Monday. The Office of American cotton continues heavy and this season promises to exceed this year's production. With such a large proportion of the crop already marketed there should now be a steady diminution in hedge selling. This should tend to steady markets but we do not look for much advance at present.

Trading in the local market has been interfered with considerably by the recurrence of the communal trouble. This is preventing the usual Diwali sales of cloth by local Mills, sales of which most are much in need. The outlook consequently is anything but bright. Exporters also have been less active and the local market would have declined more but for the recent unreasonable rains which have fallen in most of the Omara districts. It is too early yet to estimate the effect of this unusual weather in Khandesh and Berar districts. A considerable portion of the crop had been picked before the rain fell and it is possible crop estimates there may have to be increased slightly but later pickings will be of black leaf which unfortunately will in most cases be mixed with the earlier picked cotton. In districts like Central India where the crop matures at a slightly later date we fear damage must have been done both to quantity and quality. The rain in Gujarat and Kathiawar have probably been beneficial. The crop movement in all these districts will be delayed. Should the present weather conditions continue lack of sunshine may cause shedding. In the South very good rain has fallen in all districts and the prospect of a bumper crop is very bright. Considerable alterations will have to be made to crop estimates in most districts and some little time must elapse before we shall be in a position to say whether the present will be a gain or loss to the total crop.

MAHOORAT BUSINESS IN SEEDS

"The Forward market of the Seed Traders' Association will remain open on Sunday, 18th November, 1935, from 12.5 to 3 p.m. (S.T.) for Mahoorat So-das."

TEXTILE MILLS

BOMBAY, Nov. 13.

	Ma	Sp
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 8)	285 0	285 0
500 Bombay Cotton M	10 0	10 0
250 Eday Dyeing	742 0	742 0
100 Century	145 0	145 0
100 Central India (Rs. 4)	238 0	238 0
100 Colaba (nil)	145 0	145 0
100 Cooria	80 0	80 0
250 Davis	80 0	80 0
250 Dawn	300 0	300 0
100 Finlay (Rs. 2-8)	112 0	112 0
100 Gokak (Rs. 2-8)	206 0	206 0
100 Hindustani (Rs. 75)	1605 0	1605 0
100 Indore (nil)	72 0	72 0
100 Khatana (Rs. 2)	232 0	232 0
100 Kohinor (Rs. 8)	232 0	232 0
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	546 0	546 0
100 Madhavji	872 0	872 0
250 Madras United	30 0	30 0
1000 Morari (nil)	572 0	572 0
250 Model	45 0	45 0
50 Mysore (Rs. 3)	90 0	90 0
250 New Great (nil)	142 0	142 0
100 Oomanshani (nil)	86 0	86 0
100 Pambhaji (Rs. 10)	265 0	265 0
25 Sassoon Silk (Rs. 20)	180 0	180 0
1000 Sholapur (Rs. 20)	68 0	68 0
100 Swadeshi (Rs. 4)	188 0	188 0
100 Swan (nil)	92 0	92 0
25 Tata (nil)	8 0	8 0
50 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1230 0	1230 0
1000 Western	737 0	737 0

AID TO HANDLOOM WEAVERS

MADRAS, Nov. 12. The Government of Madras has sanctioned an advance of Rs. 30,000 to the Madras Handloom Weavers Provincial Co-operative Society, to be utilised towards share capital.

This amount was sanctioned out of the sum of Rs. 1 lakh sanctioned at the disposal of the local Government by the Government of India for improving the handloom industry of South India.

UNITED PRESS

The Australian and Argentine crop conditions but in Argentine the surplus stock at hand is reported to be very small and most of it is likely to be consumed at home, in Brazil and other neighbouring countries. The statistics position at the end of Sept. is reported to be as follows.

	M. Tons
Estimated of the produce	30,000,000
Less probable over estimate	1,500,000
Net	28,500,000
Carry over from previous crop	5,000,000
Less domestic demand	2,000,000
Exportable balance	15,500,000
Exported upto Sept. 30	10,000,000

Available for exports 5,500,000 tons. The latest estimate of the European produce is 1470 million bushels while the latest years harvest amounted to 1572 million bushels and the average for the last five years average produce is 1540 million bushels. The estimates for the N. America including Canada and the United States are 528 million bushels as against 911 million bushels last year and the last five years average of 1092 million bushels. The current quotations in the market are—

London: Rosaf Parcel Jan. and Feb. 34.5d.

Buenos Aires Parcel Jan. and Feb. 34.10/12

S. Australian Parcel December 49.6d.

Chicago: Dec. 1.15 3/8, May 1.15 1/2

Jan. 0.50 1/2

Liverpool: Dec. 25 3/4, March 9 1/2, May 9 3/4

May 9 3/4

Karachi: Ready 25/11, Nov. 25/3, Dec. 25/3, Jan.

Silver Kartak was nominally quoted at Rs. 22.

W. J. H. and D. V. H. H. H.

makes that the whole city is being attempted to run at present.

and have appeared before Jaw
harlal Nehru to redress the gri
vance.

Sole Distributors:—
HERBERTSONS, LTD.

RD, Bombay and Calcutta.

If the soldier is not on the tin, it is not FLIT
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The Bombay Chronicle

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JUPITER

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Harijans Must Be Left Alone

M. C. RAJAH CRITICISES SATYAMURTI'S STATEMENT

CHIDAMBARAM, Nov. 13. Rao Bahadur M. C. Rajah, M.L.A., has issued the following statement:

"My attention has been drawn to the statement issued by Mr. S. Satyamurti, as President of the Tamilnad Congress Committee, in which he announces that the Congress has decided to contest the coming elections to the Madras Assembly all seats including the seats reserved for Scheduled Classes.

"I am surprised to read this statement so far as it concerns the Scheduled Classes. It is quite incompatible with the statements made by leaders of the Congress like Gandhiji and Vallabhbhai Patel.

"In March last I had an interview with Mahatmaji at the Harijan Colony at Delhi. The following is a portion of the report of the interview as it appeared at the time in the 'Harijan,' over the well-known initials 'M.D.':

GANDHIJI'S ADVICE

"Rao Bahadur M. C. Rajah wondered if, under the new Constitution the Harijans might identify themselves with any of the parties—the Congress Party, Justice Party, and so on. Gandhiji's advice on this question was emphatic. He said, 'you must not identify yourselves with any party. My views about the existing system of Government have not changed, but with the peculiar disabilities that you have suffered for ages, I would not expect you to identify yourselves even with the most forward party in India. You will accept whatever is given you by the Government, but you will not sacrifice your self-respect. You will similarly endorse whatever is good in the Congress programme, e.g., prohibition, abolition of the salt tax, and say to the world that you would not allow the Harijans to be in any way isolated from the poor of India, whose interests are identical with yours. Whilst you will join no party you will under no circumstances whatsoever sell the country. If you can do this Harijans will be the greatest factor in India. When these Harijans awake, they will become an invincible force."

"This makes it perfectly clear that the Scheduled classes should be left alone to organise themselves and to make their contribution without undue interference by any party to the welfare of the people and the progress of the country.

"If a further declaration of Congress policy towards the Scheduled classes is required, I may refer to the statement of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, made in Bombay as recently as July 8: SARDAR PATEL'S ASSURANCE.

"As regards the special seats for the Depressed Classes, Sardar Patel said that the Congress would not interfere with the preliminary panel election, but when once this was over, the

Congress would back up such candidates who are Congress-minded and are prepared to abide by the Congress policy and programme and sign the Congress election pledge. He had no doubt that there would be many such candidates who would be successful in the panel election."

"It should be remembered that under the Poona Pact, which was adopted by Government exactly as it was arrived at between Gandhiji and the leaders of Scheduled Classes, the panel election was devised in order to secure for the Depressed Classes freedom of choice of men who would voice the grievances and safeguard the interests of these classes primarily and then to pass on the men so chosen for a further selection by the General electorate.

"It is in this general election that the other parties have an opportunity of securing the final return of such of those thus chosen in the primary panel election as are most acceptable to them.

"It seems to me that Mr. Satyamurti's statement is based upon a misunderstanding of the Congress policy based as it is upon the Poona Pact. It is to be hoped that the error implied in Mr. Satyamurti's statement will soon be discovered and remedied."—United Press.

INDIA STANDS TO GAIN NOTHING

Non-Participation In Imperialist Wars Urged

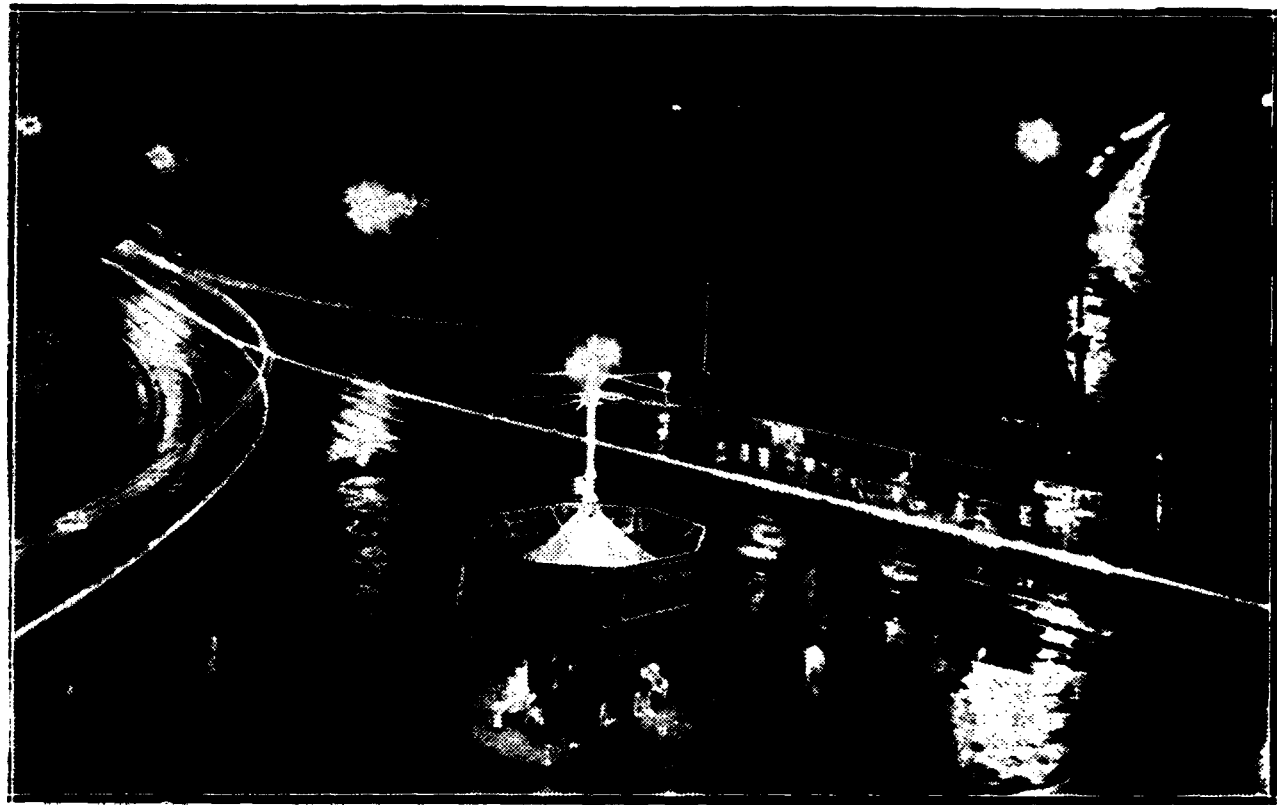
(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDNAGAR, (By Mail).

A meeting was held on Wednesday to observe the Anti-War Day. Mr. Chinchorkar was in the chair. Prominent among those present were Messrs. Shankarrao Deo, Achyut Patwardhan, D. B. Kulkarni, Patil and Bhalekar. Mr. Achyut Patwardhan said that on the 11th of November 1918, the Armistice was signed by the representatives of the civilized nations of Europe. Statesmen of different nations put their heads together to evolve an international scheme to end war. The right to self-determination of every nation under the sun came to the recognised. Democracy was extolled to the skies! The League of Nations saw the light of the day. Those who brought it into being prided themselves upon their achievement! It was decided to solve international problems not through recourse to war; but through the international Board of arbiters sitting at Geneva.

18 YEARS AFTER

But 18 years after that armistice, a mad race for rearmament was going on between nation and nation. Europe had become a powder-magazine which a slight spark would suffice to set ablaze! No one knew and whence the spark would come. If and when the war took place, Indians should make it a point not to



A Night View of Dhobi Talao, after a heavy shower. (Photo by R. F. Ferreira).

INSURANCE LEGISLATION

Advisory Committee Makes Unanimous Recommendations

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 13. The Advisory Committee on Insurance Legislation concluded its work to-day. Its recommendations are unanimous and the members dispersed after congratulations to Sir N. N. Sircar, Law Member, and Mr. Sushil C. Sen, Special Officer. It is understood that the Committee recommended licensing of Agents and prohibition of rebates beyond certain fixed date. The Government of India will examine the report and arrive at decisions which will be embodied in the Bill to be introduced in the Assembly during the first week of February.

SALE OF KHADI IN BIHAR

PATNA, (By Mail).

Khadi goods worth Rs. 36,545 were sold in different parts of the province during the last Gandhi Jayanti celebrations.

supply the sinews of war to Great Britain. India stood to gain nothing through an Imperialist war. Sri. Shankarrao Deo said that Indians should not participate in Imperialist wars which were fought for the satisfaction of the lust for powers of the rich. Indians should identify themselves with the cause of India's freedom.

Mr. Phatak also addressed the meeting. The President then made a brief speech, the meeting came to a close.

CONGRESS G. O. C. LAID UP. Sri. Rao Sahab Patwardhan G. O. C. of the Falspur Congress Volunteers, has been laid up with typhoid. He is under the medical treatment of Dr. Ranade. There is no cause for anxiety.

BIHAR ELECTIONS AND CANDIDATES

PATNA, Nov. 13.

The Working Committee of the Bihar Provincial Congress has released for publication with the sanction of the All-India Parliamentary Board, the following list of candidates of the various constituencies in Bihar to the Provincial Legislative Assembly. The list is not complete, other nominations awaiting the sanction of the All-India Board.

Patna District: Shyamandan Sinha and Indra Deon Sinha. Gaya District: Kumar Birendra Bahadur Sinha, Jamuna Prasad Sinha and Dr. Jugal Kishore Sinha.

Shahabad District: Harnandan Singh, Udhay Ray Varma, Harihar Prasad Sinha and Hargobind Misra.

Saran District: Birendra Dutta Sinha, Pt. Girish Tewari, Narain Prasad Sinha, Shivshwar Prasad Narain Sinha, Prabhunath Sinha and Jhulan Sinha.

Champan District: Ganesh Prasad Sahu, Gorakh Prasad Sinha, Harbans Sahay, Pt. Baldaya Nath Misra.

Monghyr District: Shrikishan Sinha, Ramcharitar Sinha, Kumar Kalika Prasad Sinha and Nirapada Mukerji.

Bhagalpur District: Pt. Mewalai Jha, Shubdhari Sinha, Harkishore Prasad, Pt. Rajendra Misra and Shobnandan Mandal.

Purnea District: Dharnarain Chandra, Dr. Kishorilal Kundu and Pt. Ramdanti Tewari.

Hazaribagh District: Krishnaballabh Sahay Sukhlal Sinha and Hopen Manhi.

Ranchi District: Deokinandan Prasad Shih, Narain Modi, Dr. Purna Chandra Mitra, Soma Bhagat and Madho Bhagat.

Palamau District: Rajkishore Prasad Sinha and Jadubash Sahay.

Manbhum District: Ambica Charan Mulkick, Girish Chandra Majumdar and Tikaram Manjhi.

SOCIAL WORKER DEFAMED

Hyderabad Editor Pays Fine Of Rs. 800 In Two Cases

HYDERABAD (Sind) Nov. 12.

Knubchand Shahani, Editor of the "Chand" was convicted by the trying Magistrate, Mirpurkhas, under Section 500 I.P.C. and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 500 in default six months' imprisonment. The accused pleaded for mercy.

The conviction is a sequel to some highly defamatory articles which the accused published in his paper against Mr. Dayaram P. Mirchandani, a social worker.

In another defamation case, accused was fined Rs. 300 or in default three months' imprisonment. —United Press.

Singhbhum District: P. Bhattacharya.

Women's Constituencies: Srimati Mamayya Devi, Srimati Sarda Devi and Srimati Saraswati Devi. Urban: Vindhayeshwari Prasad Varma and Saranghar Sinha. University Constituency: Ratin Brigrakrishna.

Harijan candidates: Ram Prasad Jagiwan Ram (elected uncontested), Jaglal Chaudhury, Dr. Raghu-nandan Ram (elected uncontested), Sheonandan Ram (elected uncontested), Kuru Ram (elected uncontested), Jitram Vishnu Chandra Das, Ramabharsh Das, Bal Govind Ram (elected uncontested), Sunder Ram (elected uncontested), Keshwar Ram (elected uncontested), Sukhari Ram (elected uncontested), Rambeswan Ram (elected uncontested) and Bundi Ram.

Out of the 15 Harijan candidates nine have already been elected uncontested. —A. P.

He Sees God Of Swaraj In Every Little Work Of His

MAHATMA NOT AN EXHAUSTED DYNAMO, SAYS KRIPALANI

CALCUTTA: Nov. 12.

"In every little work of his, he sees the God of Swaraj. Do not think for a moment that Gandhiji is an exhausted dynamo, that he is politically dead," declared Acharya Kripalani, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee, when addressing a students' meeting at Albert Hall last night.

The meeting was held under the auspices of the Radical Party of students. Mr. Rajani Mukherjee, a Congress Socialist, presided. The subject of the lecture was "Gandhism."

The speaker made it clear that there was nothing like "Gandhism" as yet. Gandhiji did not preach philosophy. He was eminently a man of action and, therefore, many people rightly called him a 'Karmayogi'. Philosophy was not the main function of his life.

For any of his followers to say, continued Acharya Kripalani, that Gandhiji had found out Truth, would be a very presumptuous proposition, because Gandhiji himself had always said that he had been experimenting with Truth. There were undoubtedly, many people who claimed that he had found Truth, but he himself was never claimed that.

NOT BORN POLITICIAN.

The speaker explained that Mahatmaji took to politics and social matters from a particular need, that he felt in the country. He was not a born politician, nor was he a social reformer. Like many others he went to England to qualify himself for the Bar. He was a married man and he wanted to earn his bread and in that connection he had an offer from South Africa and he went there. The conditions of Indians living there drew his sympathy. There was nobody to guide those people there because most of them were ignorant people. And he took up their cause accidentally.

Being an earnest man, he went deeply into the matter and he evolved what was called Satyagraha. He had his own way of fighting in order to right the wrong. This peculiar method he called Satyagraha.

Mahatma Gandhi found out the principle of non-violence. It was something new. The prophets and seers had already discovered it in the days of old. What Gandhiji discovered was that the very violence rested on non-violence, that non-violence did not stand in need of violence, but violence stood in need of non-violence. The principle was not known to them that at the base of every fight was non-violence. Gandhiji discovered that this must be the basic principle of every fight. And having discovered that he wanted to put it into practice. In his fight there was a measure of success. There was also a measure of failure, but that failure was due to the fact that the people were not well organised. They were not all united and they did not all co-operate.

But although these struggles had failed to achieve the ultimate object, they had succeeded in raising the morale of the people. Certainly, stressed Acharya Kripalani, Gandhiji raised morale of the people. And the raising of the morale of the people was the first thing they wanted, every other thing would follow in due course.

It was very fortunate, remarked the speaker, that those in India, who differed from Gandhiji, also admitted that there could be only a non-violent struggle here. This was a technique of fight which Gandhiji had created. His non-co-operation was progressive and it was only for the time being against Government. If it was meant against Government only, it did not mean that Gandhiji was oblivious of other things, class struggle and other problems.

Whenever any battle was fought, there were always two sides, one was of Peace. During this period of peace, Gandhiji did not want them to remain idle. He wanted to keep them engaged in work, busy, active and organised and that is why he provided for Charkha, work in connection with Village Industries Association, problems of untouchability and so on. He wanted to give them continuous work in peace time.

Unless they learnt a little of concentrated action, a little of steadiness, they could not do anything in a proper manner. All these qualities were being progressively cultivated and the speaker failed to understand that better programme of work they could place before the country at this time. Gandhiji is waiting in patience and in the meantime, he has given his political work to others. He is himself an active busy man. His ideal is far off but every day of his life he is doing material work. In every little work of his he sees the god of Swaraj. —United Press.

PANDIT'S APPEAL TO SAMAJISTS

MEERUT, Nov. 12.

"Congress is the only political organisation fighting for the salvation of the country. In India's salvation lies the prospect of the Aryan nation, culture and civilization."

"So every Arya Samajist should do his best and do his duty to make the Congress candidates successful in the forthcoming elections to the Provincial Legislatures."

These lines form the short appeal issued by Pandit Bharnu Dev Shastri, General Secretary, All-India Shradhdhanda Day, to the Arya Samajists in India. Pandit Shastri is now in Meerut. —United Press.

BIHAR UNITED MUSLIM PARTY

PATNA, (By Mail)

The Bihar United Muslim Party has further adopted the following candidates to contest the Provincial Legislative Assembly election from the constituencies noted against their names:

Mr. Syed Zaki Hasan Khan, Muzaffarpur-Hajipur (rural Mohamadan); Mr. Jawad Husain, Mottahari-South Champaran (Mohamadan rural); and Mr. Md. Nur Hasan, Chapra Sadr (Mohamadan rural). The names of candidates for other constituencies are under consideration. —A. P.

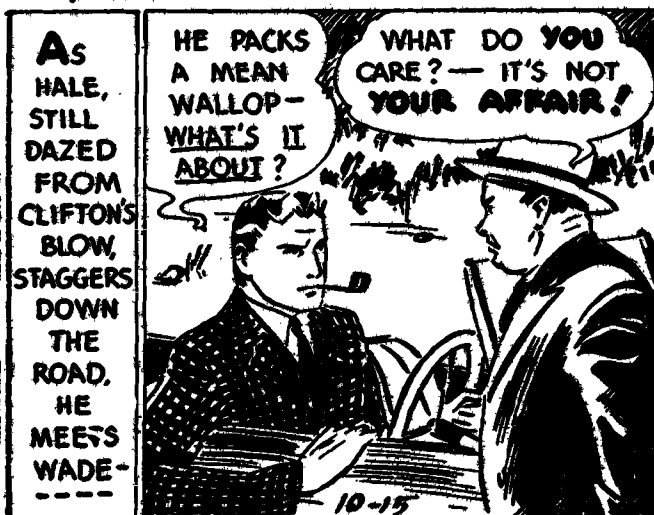
BIHAR BAN ON BOOK ON SOCIALISM

PATNA, Nov. 12.

The Government of Bihar have proscribed under section 153-A I.P.C. a book entitled, 'Samyavad Ki' (Towards Socialism), written and published by Bhupendra Nath Sen, Ex-President of the United Provinces Trade Union Congress, and printed by Chhedil Lal Jaiswal at the Sri Seva Press, Allahabad. —United Press.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade—



The Clever One